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THE CORNERSTONE LAID

Adoption of the Judiciary Article by a Vote of 67 to 6.

A VOTE AGAINST PROHIBITION

Towns, Cities and Counties—The Removal of County Seats—Fees and Salaries of Officers—A Long Session

OLYMPIA, W. T., July 4.—The convention met at 9 this morning pursuant to call. All present except Dillon and Williston (on leave.)

Prayer by Rev. W. H. Lee of Olympia.

The records were read and approved.

The president submitted a telegram from the American Sabbath Union asking for a provision in the constitution which shall prohibit Sunday labor etc. It was signed by Elliot F. Shepard, president and others referred to the committee on preamble and bill of rights.

Mr. Ashe submitted petitions from C. H. Shattuck and others, and J. T. R. Golden and others, asking for prohibitory clause. Committee on miscellaneous subjects.

Dunbar presented petitions from Sol. Smith and others protesting against the insertion in the constitution of any article empowering municipal indebtedness for public purposes, committee on state, county and municipal indebtedness.

THE CORNER-STONE LAID.

Adoption of the Judiciary Article by a Vote of 67 to 6.

The Judiciary article was taken up for its third reading. The president stated that the printed copies had only just been delivered, and that the clerk had not been able to compare and see if it was correctly printed.

But the convention preferred to take it up and follow the reading and make corrections as they went along.

Mr. Eldridge moved that the article lie on the table subject to the call of the convention. Lost.

The reading then proceeded and sundry corrections were made.

Mr. Power addressed the chair, holding a paper in his hand. The president suspected an amendment coming and, fortified Mr. Power that the article was beyond amendment except by unanimous consent or suspension of the rules.

Mr. Eldridge said he had supposed the article open to amendment. He wanted information. He lived in a district composed of three counties, with a district court in each. Were these courts to keep on or only hold one court in the whole district?

Mr. Turner said these courts would go on in all the counties.

Mr. Turner suggested an amendment in section 10 but met with the same suggestion from the chair as to unanimous consent or suspension.

Mr. Power said he should object unless his amendment could also be received.

The president said he must take his chances, as he could not make any larger.

Mr. Power objected, but the convention suspended the rules in their favor.

Mr. Turner moved to amend section 10 adding to the clause providing that such jurisdiction granted by the legislature (to justices of the peace and police judges) upon the jurisdiction of the superior court except to probate matters, except that justices of the peace may be made police justices as the legislature prescribes.

Mr. Power moved to recommit the article to the committee, with instructions to so report that the probate court system as may not be merged in the superior court.

This motion was in order, and Mr. Power suggested that by this way these probate courts would work great hardship especially in mining districts, and no more unpopular clause could be put in the constitution.

Mr. J. Moore asked if court commissioners could not do all the necessary work of a probate character.

Mr. Power thought them as the constitution now reads could only sit in the absence of the judge.

Mr. Goodman thought probate judges could sent out before a regular term of the circuit court and transact miscellaneous business, and that the motion to recommit was not out of order.

The president stated that it could not be entertained in that form but waiving technicality he would ask the convention if it was willing to take up this subject any further.

Mr. Griffith claimed that by adopting the majority report the special order of the day was disposed of and further consideration was in the nature of suspension of the rules.

The president declined to agree with him but still took pains to take the opinion of the convention.

The convention being asked voted decidedly that it did not wish to do anything more with the subject at this time.

The convention has therefore up to this date decided to have anything to do with prohibition in the constitution.

COUNTIES, CITIES, ETC.

A Majority Vote May Change the Location of County Seats

The report of the committee on counties, city and township organization was taken up. On motion of Mr. Stiles the chairman of that committee, the convention went into committee of the whole to consider the report.

The president said he had selected a chairman but believed that gentleman had suspected what was in store for him and had disappeared. So he asked Mr. Griffith to take the chair. But Mr. Griffith with his blandest and most expansive smile claimed exemption on the ground that he was a member of that committee. He was excused.

The president then called Mr. Dunbar to the chair and the committee of the whole proceeded to business.

The report was first read in full.

Section one was read and adopted. It recognizes the existing county boundaries.

Section 2, prohibiting the removal of county seats except upon a majority vote, such question to be submitted not oftener than once in four years was read.

Mr. Glascock moved to amend by substituting a two-thirds vote for the majority vote.

Mr. Power hoped not. The centers of population were shifting and a two-thirds vote was almost prohibitory.

Mr. J. Moore thought on the first reading that a majority vote of all the qualified electors of the counties was necessary, but upon suggestion of the chair he saw that only a majority of those voting on the question was necessary. But still he thought the section right as it stood, and that a majority vote was sufficient.

Mr. Lee never favored time amendment, and thought a two-thirds vote should be required.

Mr. Warner supported the amendment.

Mr. Comegys wished to know why majorities should not be allowed to rule, and by what right this convention was to take away the right of the majority to say where they wanted to have their county seat.

Mr. Stiles said that the committee had discussed all propositions of that kind fully. A majority report was filed, but it was filed on the ground that it was only a restriction on the legislature. The section only said that the legislature shall not change a county seat unless at least a majority vote of the electors agree to it. The legislature may require two-thirds or three-fourths of the electors to agree, if it chooses, but this convention is to merely say that unless at least one half the electors do agree the legislature has not power. If the majority has to submit every petition for a change it would be a burden.

Mr. Dibble said that was the case in Kansas. Petitions were constantly coming in which had not even been considered in the committee room.

Mr. Troy favored the majority report, but thought two years too soon to go over all the ground of the matter in the legislature.

Mr. Warner hoped the everybody would be satisfied if the committee have it again, and he so moved to refer.

Mr. Griffith said not just yet. All that was wanted now was to settle the question of whether the convention wanted to put such an article in the body of the constitution or not. That could be settled right in the hall and he pedi it would be.

Mr. Stiles thought it was simply common sense in the parents of the committee of the whole in this particular. If it were to report it entirely, but was willing to act as it was.

Mr. Dibble [illegible] merely this reference was one member of that committee [illegible] reference back, as saying after the majority of the committee had fully considered the matter [illegible] duties. He was willing to submit the article but wanted to vote as to whether the convention wanted an article in the constitution or not.

Mr. Browne favored the reference on the ground of new facts before the committee since [illegible] was made.

Mr. Comegys called up this motion as an attempt to put off the consideration of the matter [illegible] to [illegible]. He favored sending the [illegible] article [illegible] report on the whole [illegible] believed in submitting the question squarely to the people, let them say either for or against.

Mr. Reed favored taking both reports back. The majority report had much dignity connected with it, perhaps, but the signers of it were as much entitled to maintain their dignity as the majority.

Mr. Sturdevant was willing to go directly to the point by adopting the minority report and sending the subject to the people.

Mr. Goodman said he was tired of hearing motions to adjourn and recommit or something of that sort just as they reached a point where something definite could be done. These reports were not inconsistent. The majority report is not in favor of putting prohibition in the constitution neither is the minority. So they agree on that. But the minority go a little further and recommend substituting a separate article. We are told that the whole committee would do that if it was returned to them. So why not waive the latter before us.

Mr. J. J. Moore moved the previous question and it was ordered.

The motion of Mr. Warner to refer back was lost—yeas [illegible].

The motion of Mr. Sharpstein to adopt the majority report was carried.

Mr. Dibble moved that the minority report also be adopted and filed out of order.

Mr. J. M. Lee moved that the recommendation of the minority report be adopted.

Mr. Dibble asked for an appeal to the house on his motion.

The president stated that it could not be entertained in that form but waiving technicality he would ask the convention if it was willing to take up this subject any further.

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REPORTS ON PROHIBITION

The Convention Adopts the Majority Recommendation, After a Debate

The special order of the day, the reports on prohibition from the committee on miscellaneous subjects was taken up.

Mr. Dibble renewed his motion that the minority report, recommending the separate submission of an article providing for constitutional prohibition, be adopted.

Mr. Sharpstein said the petitions all asked for the placing of an article on prohibition in the body of the constitution. The majority of the committee was opposed to that and so reported but the minority [illegible] started out with a sort of a [illegible] show without authority the petitions so the most to amend by substituting majority report for minority report.

Mr. Comegys took the same view. The minority report was not responsible to the petitions. Many of the petitions did not want a separate article. He thought the committee would be willing to bring in such an article as [illegible] that [illegible] would not run against politics in the constitution.

Mr. Dibble said the committee represented the [illegible] and not a part of it. Before [illegible] they called people to give the petitioners all they asked. But to give the people a chance to say [illegible] they were willing to give them. He thought this was the shortest way to bring the matter up and settle it.

Mr. Sinclair was in favor of submitting a separate article [illegible] as much as any [illegible] but that was [illegible] and the committee [illegible] time proposed to act from anything they had to ask.

Mr. Ellis was in a similar state of mind and thought [illegible] to the committee to let on the report which proposed a separate article which had not even been considered in the committee room.

Mr. Troy favored the majority report but thought two years too soon to go over all the ground of the matter in the legislature.

Mr. Warner hoped the everybody would be satisfied if the committee have it again, and he so moved to refer.

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AFTERNOON SESSION

Adoption of Section Four on County and Township Organization

The convention reassembled at 1:30 P. M., the president in the chair.

The roll was called, all present save Messrs. Dallam, Allen and Turner.

On request of Mr. Dunbar Mr. Allen was excused for the remainder of the day.

On motion of Mr. Dunbar the convention went into committee of the whole for further consideration of the report of the committee on counties, etc., Dunbar in the chair.

Section 4, authorizing the legislature to establish a system of county and township organizations was read.

Mr. Sinclair asked the mean ng of the term "township government" as used in this section.

Mr. Stiles explained that it referred to a system of government and not to county lines.

Mr. Browne moved to amend so as to read all the section on township government, the section to read the legislature shall establish a system of county government which shall be uniform throughout the state, and to guard by law shall provide for township organization, etc. The object was to have all the provisions for the electors of any county having a voice in such [illegible] shipments. Mr. Browne explained that it referred to leave the matter wholly in the hands of the legislature instead of having the [illegible] saying and trying to say about it. He tried to have a uniform system throughout the [illegible] and placed the legislature to establish by law providing for the township system.

Mr. Reed of Olympia preferred the township system, which [illegible] thought it would [illegible] the [illegible] to [illegible] and [illegible].

Mr. Sinclair of Vancouver favored the amendment and [illegible] system as best suited to his district and [illegible] the [illegible] Mr. Sinclair of the [illegible] and [illegible] for the interest of the [illegible] were chiefly for the interests and he did not want to see a [illegible] legislature elected [illegible] interests.

Mr. Hill opposed the amendment and believed a majority of the people knew how to manage their own business. Two years was long enough to wait for [illegible] matter and on general principles he believed [illegible] that it was better to let the [illegible] and [illegible] matters [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] three [illegible] men.

Mr. Griffith favored the amendment and opposed the [illegible] Mr. Griffith [illegible] the power of the legislature [illegible] to prohibit it to the legislature, could be exercised by it and that this section provided [illegible] to restrict them to [illegible] of age that only such as a majority of the electors [illegible] should be entitled to vote. He was willing to go [illegible] as he was willing to go in restricting the legislature. The section does not say that when a majority of the electors so vote a county seat shall be changed but only that a majority shall have the legislature [illegible] change it. He favored majority rule in local communities and in the particular matter [illegible] thought ample safeguards were provided for over both.

Mr. Dyer thought one man—that is a majority of one—should not be allowed to [illegible] county seat and sacrifice property and inconvenience to a great many people. At least two-thirds should be required for such a purpose.

Mr. Turner did not think the question of one half or two-thirds was the [illegible] this project [illegible] was not a grant of power but merely a restriction upon the [illegible] future. As to proper limit for [illegible] he believed and going as far as the constitution ought to go in restricting the legislature.

Mr. Reed of Olympia joined with Messrs. Stiles and Turner in opposing the amendment.

The amendment was [illegible].

Mr. Warner moved to strike out the whole section. It was very decent [illegible].

Mr. Browne wished some [illegible] providing that no speculative [illegible] could be carried [illegible] but was informed that such could be provided for later on.

Mr. Dyer moved to strike out "majority" and insert "three fifths." But on this proposition there were ayes 12 noes 35, and it was lost.

Mr. Weisenburger moved to strike out "four years" and substitute "two years." Lost. The section was adopted with [illegible] amendment.

NEW COUNTIES

Adoption of Section Three, Relating to this Subject

Section three was next in order for the consideration of the convention.

Mr. Dibble moved to amend by [illegible] section 3 [illegible] and [illegible] to the effect that no county shall be reduced to less than 400 square miles in area, and that no county shall be created containing less than 4,000 inhabitants.

Mr. Griffith said that a population of this kind was not expected to be self-sustaining. It simply said that the legislature should not commence action in any such matter except upon the desire of a majority of the people to be affected. This commended the consent to most [illegible] and [illegible] it is highly proper that such a limitation should be made.

Mr. Turner asked how the signature was to find out whether a majority had voted for it.

Mr. Griffith said that was merely a question of mathematics.

Mr. Turner [illegible] not [illegible] yeas 20, nays not counted.

Mr. Warner moved to amend by requiring that $200 [illegible] should be [illegible] in each of counties in area of 4,000 [illegible] provided but committee and instructed [illegible] of possibilities that might happen that would be unjust.

Mr. Stiles said [illegible] certain things that those difficulties would [illegible] likely to happen. Some reasonable limitations were necessary but [illegible] many details.

The [illegible] was lost.

Mr. Dibble moved that [illegible] in the area of new counties to not less than 400 square miles as a proper restriction. Lost.

Section two adopted.

On motion of Mr. Weir the committee rose to report, progress and leave to sit again.

The president resumed the chair.

Mr. Dunbar reported that the committee of the whole had considered the article referred to them, had made progress and asked leave to sit again; granted.

Mr. Turner asked leave of absence for to-day and to-morrow; granted.

Mr. Dyer moved to adjourn at [illegible] o'clock.

Mr. Ady suggested 8:30, which suggestion was adopted, and the convention was declared adjourned to 8:30 A. M.

to hold his office for more than two terms in succession

Mr Sulsdorf moved to strike out the section lost

Mr Gower moved to amend by restricting this provision to sheriffs and treasurer lost, ayes 30, nays 38.

Mr Goodman renewed the question of whether a superior court judge was a county officer

Mr Stiles said no that his jurisdiction was co extensive with the state

Section 7 was adopted

SALARIES AND FEES.

The Section Adopted After a Debate, Principally About Sheriffs

Section 8 allows the legislature to fix the salaries of county officers, except that public administrators surveyors and coroners, may not be salaried officers

Mr Crowley proposed that sheriffs be added to the list of officers who may or may not be salaried and argued that salaried sheriffs would be the most efficient or prompt, and that it was almost impossible to establish a salary for such an officer so to anticipate the amount of work he would be called on to do By this amendment the legislature would be left in the hands of the people to whom it is responsible, and must be beyond reach by being in the constitution

Mr Cosgrove argued briefly in the same line, and favored the amendment

Mr Reed objected to this line of argument because it inferred that an officer would not do the duties of his office without a bonus Such an officer had no business in office, and would not be elected by an intelligent community As to a salaried sheriff not charging large fees he had been ten years auditing sheriff's accounts and if there were any bigger leaks in government finances or more improper charges and constructive fees than in the sheriff's offices, he was unaware what it was And if there was any officer who ought above all others to be a salaried officer it should be the sheriff

Mr Stiles said he had expected this argument because at first sight there seemed something in it but on the argument But the sheriff did not move quickly in any instance for his simple fee, but for his mileage, and that could be fixed by the legislature The committee simply propose to pay a salary to the sheriff for his personal services and to prevent constructive fees He had lived under a system where the sheriff had been salaried, and had seen the expense of the sheriff's office come down from $20,000 to $6000, without lack of efficiency in the office

Mr Goodman favored fees for sheriffs, and if the legislature was to provide on large, then that was a fee system over again in another form

Mr Stiles said this was for mileage actually paid out by the sheriff, and the fees went to the county treasury

Mr Cosgrove asked if horses were to be furnished to a salaried sheriff

Mr Stiles—No more than railroads are furnished to them

Mr Cosgrove—Does not the sheriff have to pay his own depot fees?

Mr Stiles—As I understand it, the practice now is for the sheriff to take the fee and the deputy the mileage.

Mr Turnbull didn't believe a court would construe this section so as to allow any mileage to the sheriff or his deputies

Mr Griffiths thought if the gentlemen really understood the position of the committee as explained by the chairman (Stiles) there would be no further disagreement. There was no question but that the fee system was a vicious one and ought to be done away with as far as possible Now the only question to decide here is whether the sheriff is to be exempted from this reform The speaker had lived and practiced law for years where a sheriff was a salaried official and he was satisfied with that system He had also practiced law here in Washington territory for five years, where the sheriff had fees and for a limitless ingenuity in the charging of enormous and constructive fees he believed that official to be easily ahead of anything he ever heard of He was the most mischievous officer of them all in this respect, and should be the first to come under the reform All that the chairman means by his statement relative to mileage is that the sheriff may receive re mbursement for actual outlay, but not receive mileage in any form to augment his income

Mr Sullivan of Whitman thought the difficulty would be obviated by allowing the legislature to fix mileage. It was very difficult to estimate in advance how far a sheriff was going to travel in any one year and his salary must either be fixed at an enormous figure or else provide for his actual outlay for travel being returned to him

Mr Sturdevant was decidedly opposed to any such amendment The ability to collect large fees was such a temptation to constructive mileage the effect of all this would be to have him his fees and give him a salary besides

Mr Lillis said he would oppose the idea of a salaried sheriff if he was to judge from mileage

The amendment failed yeas 30, nays 6, and section 8 was adopted

Section 9 prohibits the exemption of any county or its inhabitants or its property, from paying a fair share of taxes ad pted without debate

SECTION TEN.

Relating to the Government of Towns and Cities

Section 10 reads as follows 'Corporations for municipal purposes shall not be created by special laws, but the legislature by general laws shall provide for the incorporation, organization and classification, in proportion to population, of cities and towns which laws may be altered amended or repealed. Cities and towns heretofore organized or incorporated may become organized under such general laws whenever a majority of the electors voting at a general election shall so determine and shall organize in conformity therewith And cities or towns heretofore or hereafter organized, and all charters thereof framed or adopted by authority of this constitution, shall be subject to and controlled by general laws Any city containing a population of 10,000 inhabitants or more shall be permitted to frame a charter for its own government, consistent with and subject to the constitutional laws of this state, and for such purpose the legislative authority of such city may cause an election to be had at which election there shall be chosen by the qualified electors of said city fifteen freeholders thereof who shall have been residents of said city for a period of at least two years preceding their election and qualified electors, whose duty it shall be it convene within ten days after their election and prepare and propose a charter for such city Such proposed charter shall be submitted to the qualified electors of said city, and if a majority of such qualified electors voting thereon ratify the same, it shall become the charter of said city, and shall become the organic law thereof and supercede any existing charter, including amendments thereto and all special laws inconsistent with such charter Said proposed charter shall be published in two daily newspapers published in said city for at least thirty days prior to the day of submitting the same to the electors for their approval as above provided. All elections in this section authorized shall only be had upon notice, which notice shall specify the object of calling such election and shall be given for at least ten days before the day of election in all election districts of said city Said elections may be general or special elections and except as herein provided shall be governed by the laws regulating and controlling general or special elections in said city such charter may be amended by proposals therefor submitted by the legislative authority of such city to the electors thereof at any general election, due notice of said submission published as above specified, and ratified by two-thirds of the qualified electors voting thereon In submitting any such charter or amendment thereto, any alternative article or proposition may be presented for the choice of the voters and may be voted on separately without prejudice to the others

Mr Goodman moved to amend by changing 25 to "50 In the clause allowing cities to frame a charter lost on 11 a minute

Mr J F Moore at the request of Mr Turner who was absent moved to amend by inserting a clause authorizing the legislature by special act to extend the limits of cities by taking in compact and contiguous territory

Mr Sullivan, of Whitman opposed this, for it was simply a question of jobbery in all these matters of special laws. If cities close together want to come together there can be no provision allowing cities to obtain extra territory by force or assent either under the general law or under this general authority to frame a charter for their own government He declaimed with some warmth, against all special laws, and the special law under which the city of Colfax was existing to-day It was all jobbery and he wouldn't have it any where, at any price if he could help it

Mr Weisenburger favored the amendment because he thought it he knew certain towns that ought to be enabled to get the benefit of it

Mr Stiles said he knew the case the gentleman referred to, and that it could be managed perfectly well under general law

Mr Sturdevant was opposed to answering in part lest that would enable the log-rolling to follow all the little ones.

The amendment was lost

Mr Sullivan of Whitman moved to strike out the whole section after the first sentence the motion to strike out failed. It still left the amendment arising just as though it had been made before Mr Sullivan's motion was offered

The chair said he so understood it, and so intended to state

Mr Browne moved to amend by striking out only all the section after the second sentence, beginning with the words "any city containing a population, etc.

Mr J Z Moore acting under the ruling of the chair in Mr Boyle's case, submitted an independent proposition changing 25,000 to 15,000.

Mr Cosgrove asked if that was in order

The chair said he should rule that it was, and the gentleman could appeal if he desired

Mr Cosgrove—The gentleman does not so desire He only wants to know how to act in the future

Mr Moore said he doubted if there was a city in the territory that had 25,000 inhabitants, and so he wished to reduce the number, lost

Mr Sullivan, of Whitman, hoped the section would stand as it was.

A city of 25,000 people knew better what it wanted than any legislature could know. What does a legislator from Okanogan know of the needs of Seattle? he asked He would be willing to make the number of inhabitants 20,000 There was too much legislation anyhow and the grant would be of much benefit to the state of Washington would be to wipe out the legislature for ten years

Mr Browne a amendment was lost.

Mr Sullivan's amendment met the same fate a little more pronounced, for not a single aye was heard

Section ten was then adopted, with the single amendment offered by Mr Hoyt.

THE REMAINING SECTIONS

The Article as a Whole Adopted in Committee.

Section 11 (counties cities, towns or townships to make and enforce police and sanitary regulations), section 12 (the legislature to have power to impose and collect taxes on all public or municipal corporations but may vest that power in the corporations themselves) section 13 (private property not to be taken or sold for taxes except by ord nary process of law) section 14 (prohibiting the making of any profit out of the public moneys by officers having charge of them) were successively adopted without debate or amendment

Section 15 reads as follows "All moneys assessments and taxes belonging to or collected for the use of any county city, town or other public or municipal corporation coming into the hands of any officer thereof shall immediately be deposited with the treasurer or other legal depository to the credit of such city, town or other corporation respectively, for the benefit of the funds to which they belong

Mr Browne desired to know what would be understood by the word immediately Mr Stiles said it meant "at the earliest reasonable time"

The section was then adopted.

On motion of Mr Stiles the recommendation of the committee regarding the election, etc of county clerks was ordered reported to the convention to be referred to the committee on schedule

Mr Kinnear wished to offer an amendment to section 8

The chair thought reconsideration would be necessary

Mr Cosgrove said that had not been the course pursued by the previous committee.

The chair thought the circumstances were not similar

Mr Mires moved that the article as a whole be adopted as voted

Mr Griffiths asked if everybody was through, and Mr Reed called attention to certain typographical errors, which were corrected

Mr Griffiths then moved that the committee rise and recommend the adoption of the article so voted, and the committee rose.

CHANGES BY THE CONVENTION.

A Three fifths Vote Necessary to Change a County Seat.

The president resumed the chair.

Mr Dunbar reported, recommending concurrence in the amendments adopted by the committee of the whole, and the adoption of the report as a whole.

The first portion of the report relative to the amendments, was adopted, and the amendments were concurred in

Mr Crowley moved to amend section 8, repealing his amendment offered in committee of the whole regarding sheriff's fees, and asked to have the yeas and nays taken

Mr Dunbar briefly argued in favor of the amendment.

Mr Kinnear was in favor of the present officers finishing out their terms of office and taking their fees, but afterward the salary system should go into effect.

Mr Reed took the same view, and reiterated in the most positive terms his views and experience in the matter of illegal sheriffs' fees, and the extreme necessity of making the sheriff a salaried officer to prevent such illegal fees and such an unlawful drain on the public purse As territorial auditor he had seen so much of this thing that he felt sure he was right in urging the abolishing of fees to the sheriffs

Messrs Warner, Crowley, Power, Cosgrove, Buchanan, Sturdevant Godman and Dunbar favored the amendment, and Messrs Griffiths Stiles and Dyer opposed it in a further debate on the subject lasting forty minutes more

The amendment failed by the following vote

NOES.

Blalock	Hungate	Reed J M
Bowen	Joy	Shoudy
Browne	Kellogg	Stiles
Casey	Kinnear	Sulsdorf
Cathey	Ellis	Sullivan E H
Dimick	Lindsley	Travis
Dyer	McCroskey	Van Name
Ellerman	McKay	Warner
Fay	Moore R S	Weisenburger
Griffiths	Neace	West
Hicks	Newton	Willison
	Reed T M	Winsor—36

AYES.

Berry	Gowey	Prosser
Buchanan	Gray	Schooley
Burk	Hall	Sohns
Chandler	Kellogg	Stevenson
Comegys	McKenzy	Sturdevant
Cosgrove	Miner	Sullivan P C
Crowley	Mires	Tibbetts
Dunbar	Moore J Z	Weir
Eldridge	Morgans	Mr President—29
Godman	Power	

ABSENT AND NOT VOTING

Allen	Henry	Sharpstein
Balham	Jones	Turner—5
Fairweather	Manly	
Hayton	Watson	

Mr Comegys moved to amend section 2 by requiring a two thirds vote of the qualified electors to remove or relocate a county seat

Mr Dyer moved to further amend by making the figures two fifths instead of two-thirds adopted by the following vote

AYES.

Berry	Gowey	Reed T M
Blalock	Gray	Reed J M
Browne	Hicks	Shoudy
Buchanan	Jamison	Sohns
Cathey	Kinnear	Sulsdorf
Clothier	McCroskey	Sullivan P C
Casey	McDonald	Sullivan E H
Cosgrove	McKay	Tibbetts
Crowley	Miner	Warner
Dunbar	Moore R S	Weisenburger
Dyer	Morgans	Willison
Ellerman	Neace	Mr President—38
Glascock	Newton	

NOES.

Bowen,	Joy	Schooley
Burk	Kellogg	Stevenson,
Comegys,	Lillis	Sturdevant,
Dickey	Lindsley	Stiles,
Eldridge,	McKenzy,	Travis
Fay	Mires,	Van Name
Griffitts,	Moore, J Z	Weir,
Hungate	Powers	West,
Jeffs,	Prosser,	Winsor—27

ABSENT AND NOT VOTING

Allen,	Henry,	Sharpstein,
Fairweather,	Jones	Turner,
Hayton	Manly,	

Mr McKenzy moved a call of the house

The chair decided the motion lost, and on several members calling "division" ruled that the demand was not made quick enough, though it was about an even question whether the call did not come a little too late with the chair's announcement of the vote

Mr J Z Moore moved to amend lost

Mr Griffiths moved a call of the house lost on a rising vote, 17 announced from the chair

Mr Bohna moved the previous question on Mr Glascock's motion as amended to three fifths by Mr Dyer and the motion prevailed

Mr Mires moved to adjourn lost

Mr J Z Moore moved to lay on the table, lost.

Mr Mires—I move we adjourn

The chair—The motion is out of order only one motion to adjourn is allowable after the previous question is ordered, and that has already been had

Mr Griffiths moved a call of the house, lost.

Mr. Griffiths—We are not voting Rule 46

provides that the clerk call the names of members

The Chair—That is after a call has been ordered, but on a motion to order a call [Laughter on Mr Griffiths]

The roll was called on Mr Glascock's motion, as amended to read "three fifths" by Mr Dyer's motion resulting in the adoption of the amendment by the following vote

AYES.

Blalock	Gowey	Morgans
Bowen	Gray	Neace
Browne	Griffiths	Newton
Clothier	Hays	Reed T M
Casey	Hicks	Shoudy
Cosgrove	Jamison	Sohns
Crowley	Kellogg	Sulsdorf
Dimick	Kinnear	Sullivan P C
Dunbar	McCroskey	Sullivan E H
Dyer	McDonald	Travis
Eldridge	McKay	Van Name
Ellerman	McKenzy	Warner
Fay	McKinney	Weisenburger
Glascock	Miner	West
Godman	Moore R S	Willison—41

NOES.

Berry	J Ellis	Sturdevant
Bowen	Lindsley	Stiles
Burk	McKenzy	Tibbetts
Chandler	Power	Weir
Dickey	Prosser	West
Fay	Reed J M	Mr President—25
Hungate	Shoudy	
Jeffs	Schooley	
Joy	Stevenson	

ABSENT AND NOT VOTING

Allen	Henry	Sharpstein
Balham	Jones	Turner—5
Fairweather	Manly	

Before the announcement of the vote MacRenny asked to change his vote no to aye and leave was granted

Mr Kinnear arose to propose an amendment.

MacRenny wanted to say something about being put the chair said he couldn't have two of them talk up at once and recognized Mr Kinnear who sent up an amendment to the desk

Mr Comegys moved to adjourn carried, yeas 38, nays 5 and at 5 30 the convention stood adjourned to Thursday at 9 A M

THE MONTANA CONVENTION.

There Will Be Three Supreme Court and Eight District Judges.

HELENA, July 24—The committee of the whole convicted the proposition relating to the judiciary system during the entire day, except an hour for the introduction of routine matter A goodly portion of it was not important, however

Collins's resolution introduced yesterday, that each county have a judge on the California plan argued an animated discussion, in which one third of the members participated. Four additional judges would be necessary, making a total of sixteen This would make nineteen judges, adding the three supreme court judges. The expense of this section would be $76 000 Other members favored the attachment of certain counties, and seven eight or nine judges

Richards said he was opposed to creating offices for office-seekers which would, as had been asserted give them time to hunt and fish Another member said he was not in favor of a scheme that would increase the number of loafing lawyers, as there are too many of them in Montana, and it gives them opportunity, as one judge had done, to play seven-up behind a haystack

President Clark affirmed that the best method to pursue was to limit the number of judges to seven and pay better salaries so as to get competent men of ability He did not believe that sixteen competent men could be selected who would consent to serve at the present compensation allowed

Three amendments were offered relating to the divisions of the districts Finally it was decided that there should be eight judges, and in the eight districts several counties should be attached, the important centers constituting each.

A resolution, relating to the establishment of a bureau and office of commissioner of mines was introduced

Joy's resolution in relation to Chinese labor was reported from the committee adversely

Maginnis offered a resolution providing that the constitution should contain nothing which would prevent municipalities from incurring indebtedness for a water supply, provided the main capability of such city should be the works.

Joy offered a resolution prohibiting any officer of the United States from holding state office during his term of office

THE IDAHO CONVENTION.

A Number of Important Questions Considered During the Day

BOISE CITY Idaho July 24—Reports from the committees on revenue and finance, also on counties and county organization, in the Idaho constitutional convention, were read and ordered printed

The convention then resumed consideration of the educational bill On yesterday it was agreed that one half the common school lands should be sold To day the question at issue was the method of investing the permanent school fund After a long discussion it was determined that investments should be exclusively in state bonds or first mortgages on improved farm property, not exceeding one third the value of such property

The report of the committee on public and private corporations was next taken up Existing charters are confirmed New charters except for corporations under control of the state, can only be granted by general law, subject always to repeal or alteration In the election of directors of corporations cumulative voting is provided for the protection of minority rights All railways are declared public highways and common carriers subject to legislative control as to freight and passenger rates.

Without concluding the article the convention took a recess

At the afternoon session the educational paper was taken from the president's table and considered in detail So many changes were made that the convention ordered the same reprinted before concluding the consideration.

The report of the committee on corporations was again taken up The section forbidding consolidation or pooling by competing lines was stricken out, but notice was given that it would be offered again in the convention, and the ayes and noes called.

THE TWO DAKOTAS.

The Reports of Both Judiciary Committees Submitted.

SIOUX FALLS Dak, July 24—Consideration of the reports of the judiciary committee was the main feature of to day's session The report provides for eight judicial districts.

The committee on legislative apportionment has completed its work and will submit its report to-morrow. The South Dakota legislature will consist of forty five senators and 125 representatives.

There is a feeling among many members that a mistake has been made in providing for so cumbersome a legislative body.

THE BISMARCK CONVENTION

BISMARCK, Dak, July 24—The judiciary committee has at last reported to the convention. The committee recommends a supreme court of three judges and six judicial districts, with as many judges, and that the present system of justices of the peace be retained, the terms of the judges of the supreme court to be six years.

The Scandinavian Temperance Society of North Dakota has petitioned the convention on behalf of the Scandinavian inhabitants to prohibit the manufacture or sale of intoxicating liquors in the state

THE MANITOBA & NORTHWESTERN.

The Northern Pacific About to Secure Control of the Road

WINNIPEG Manitoba, July 24—It has become known here, but as a result of Villard's recent visit here the Northern Pacific officials are about to secure control of the Manitoba & Northwestern railway

It is road is 105 miles long and has twenty six miles of branches It extends in a northwesterly direction from Portage la Prairie, sixty miles west of Winnipeg, and is a most successful agricultural country The objective point is Prince Albert, at the forks of the two Saskatchewan rivers It is the most important key to the Saskatchewan country, and will prove an important feeder to the Northern Pacific

AN AGED CRANK.

A Hoosier Who Has Fasted for Forty Days and Is Yet Alive.

INDIANAPOLIS July 24—Robert Marvel aged 85 years of Pike township, has completed his fortieth day of his self imposed fast from food and drink Hundreds of curious people from all parts of the country have visited his house, and the medical fraternity have thoroughly awakened to the marvellous nature of the case

Dr Hasby says that this marvellous fast is even more wonderful than that of Dr Tanner's Marvel is growing quite weak and owing to his age the probability is that he can not survive much longer

THE SAMOAN TREATY

The New York "Herald" Intimates That the Senate May Reject It.

NEW YORK July 24—The *Herald* prints a special from Washington this morning to the effect that the Samoan treaty may be rejected by the senate, on the ground that Phelps and Kasson sacrificed their country's interests to their personal interests, both wishing to get a foreign mission and desiring to accomplish something definite The *Herald* declares that the United States commissioners were outwitted by Bismarck, but does not point out any specific instances

FOR AB TTING THE PRIZE FIGHT.

Two Railroad Officials Arrested in Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, July 24.—A special agent for the state of Mississippi came here this morning from Baton Rouge, having an order from Governor Nichols in response to the requisition from Governor Lowrey, of Mississippi, for the arrest and delivery of R Carroll and Edward L Tyler railroad officers. They will be arraigned at Purvis on the charge of aiding and abetting the recent prize fight.

THE GUTHRIE CHARTER ELECTION.

No Interference on the Part of the Municipal Authorities.

GUTHRIE, I T, July 24.—The much talked of charter election, which was prevented a week ago by the mayor, was held to-day, no opposition being offered by the city administration. The charter was carried

The proposition to issue $50 000 worth of bonds received the majority of the votes.

Take Simmons' Liver Regulator. One dose is worth 100 dollars.

THE BLYTHE CONTEST

An Important Letter Admitted in Evidence.

WRITTEN BY THE MILLIONAIRE.

A Statement From London That Discredits the Claim of Mrs Ashcroft and Little Florence.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24—After a protracted argument by the attorneys in the Blythe will case as to the admissibility in evidence of a letter written by Blythe to James Ross grandfather of Florence Blythe, wherein there was a hint at adultery and the statement that Florence had been provided for in his will, Ex Chief Justice Crosby overruled the objections and admitted the letter in evidence.

In admitting the letter, however Judge Crosby said He understood that Cosgrove no opinion in the matter I simply allow the paper in evidence

Mrs Ashcroft was recalled and identified a number of letters as some that had been written by Thomas H Blythe

LIGHT FROM LONDON.

An Ex-Member of Parliament Gives Some Facts About the Blythe Case.

LONDON, July 24—H Gobbett late member of parliament for Dover who has been connected with the famous Blythe case now before the courts in San Francisco tells a somewhat remark able story

He says that while acting for some of the claimants to Blythe's millions he learned some very remarkable and trustworthy info mation in reference to the child who is now claiming the estate About twelve or thirteen years ago Thomas H Blythe, who was frequently in the habit of coming to London while walking on Oxford street late one evening, spoke to a girl who was looking into a shop window and whose name turned out to be Perry She kept company with a young man named Ashcroft The girl on several occasions visited Blythe at his apartments. She married Ashcroft, but previous to this a child was born and placed under the roof of Ashcroft's mother, old Mrs Ashcroft, where she resided for several years Mrs. Ashcroft, Jr was clever and gave vent in to her mother in law and other members of her husband's family that Ashcroft was the father of this child The child was at last taken, under very peculiar circumstances, away from the grandmother by young Mrs Ashcroft About the time Ashcroft died, and the death of Blythe occurred a few months later

Mrs Ashcroft then left England for America, accompanied by her father Then it was that for the first time Mrs Ashcroft made the statement that the child was Blythe's She gave the child while in England two different names—Florence and Flora but she omitted on both occasions to give the name of the father as Thomas H Blythe who never under any circumstances lived in England with Mrs Ashcroft nee Perry

THE REGIMENTAL BANDS.

The Court-Martial Closes Its Labors in the Test Case

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24—The court martial in the case of Isaac C Coggin, a member of the Second regiment band N G C, who has been on trial for disobeying orders in refusing to report for duty on July 4, has concluded its labors and the sentence in the case is that Coggin pay a fine of $50 and be dishonorably discharged from the service

In the Fourth of July celebration only nine union bands were employed, the celebration committee claiming that this was necessary to save expense. The Musical Union of the city then ordered all its members not to participate in the parade

Coggin is a member of the union and also the leader of the Second regiment band and he elected to obey the union instead of the regiment which ordered by the latter to parade. This is regarded as a test case for the other members who disobeyed orders.

THE TRIASALIC OF THE GRANADA.

It Has Been Secured by Mexican Divers and Will Be Sent to England.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24—When the Pacific Mail Company's steamer Granada was wrecked at Point Tejupan, about sixty miles south of Manzanillo, Mexico, last month, she had in her specie locker in the stern about $200,000 in treasure, which was destined for England.

As soon as news of the steamer's loss was cabled to London, and the underwriters there sent out an expedition, consisting of five divers with a full outfit of diving apparatus for the purpose of saving the treasure if possible A dispatch now received in this state that the expedition got as far as Acapulco, Mexico and there received a telegram from Manzanillo stating that native divers had recovered all the treasure on the Granada, and that it was useless for them to proceed further. They, therefore, returned

The money will all be sent on to England.

THE SAN FRANCISCO GRAIN FLEET.

A Large Increase in the Number of Vessels Clearing From That Port.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24—For the cereal year ending June 30 1889, there were loaded and cleared from San Francisco 281 sailing vessels with flour and grain This is nearly three more than for the previous year Most of these vessels were loaded with wheat, and cleared for Europe There were three full cargoes of barley to New York, four full cargoes of wheat to Rio de Janeiro, three to Callao, and one to Valparaiso and six full cargoes of wheat one of barley and one of barley, wheat and oats to Australia and one cargo of flour to Hong Kong The other 260 vessels took flour and grain to Europe These 281 vessels went out under charters varying from 19s to 42s 6d.

THE TERRY CRIMINAL CASE.

A Rumor That Judge Beady, of Portland, Will Try Them

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24—Yesterday in the United States circuit court the five criminal cases against David S Terry and two against Sarah Althea Terry were set for trial August 15. The demurrers will be heard August 26, and the trial depends on the overthrow of the demurrers

Judge Beady, of Portland has been mentioned in connection with the cases and rumor has it that he will probably try them

ENGLISH WOOL.

It Is To Be Admitted at Pittsburg Practically Duty Free.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24—A special from Pittsburg says At the suggestion of the surveyor of the port of Philadelphia the Pittsburg appraisers have decided to admit English wool at 10 cents per pound, instead of 30 or 60 cents according to classification, as heretofore. This will make English wool cheaper than American, and raises fears that the local wool industry will be ruined

GRAIN FIELDS BURNED.

Much Excitement at Merced, the Town Being Threatened.

MERCED, Cala July 24—A fire started in the grain fields of Charles H Huffman this afternoon, and at out 200 acres of grain were burned before the flames could be subdued Men were taken to the grounds from Merced in every available vehicle, and succeeded after a hard fight in getting the fire under control Much excitement prevailed in the town as many feared that the flames would sweep the town The loss is estimated at $ 000 or $8000 The insurance is not known

GIVEN UP FOR LOST

Three Whaling Vessels That Carried Sixty Men

SAN FRANCISCO July 24—News from Ounalaska by the steamer Bertha, confirms the recent reports of the loss of three whaling schooners James A Hamilton Otho and Annie No trace of them has been seen in the Arctic, and it is generally believed they are lost. The vessels carried about sixty officers and men.

CALIFORNIA NEWS ITEMS.

Personal and General Notes

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24—W H Meade general agent of the Chicago & Northwestern at Portland, who has been in the city since Saturday last, expects to leave for the north to-morrow

Mr and Mrs Phinney, of Seattle, are at the Russ for a few days. Phinney is said to be the man who, after the great Seattle fire, had his men clearing debris from his burnt building while a man was kept playing hose on their boots to keep their feet from burning

The present value of the city property of San Francisco is estimated at $30 000 000

Theodore M L Hallman, a wealthy man of Seattle, who sustained serious losses by the recent fire, is in the city, accompanied by a party of friends.

Bishop Warren widely known in Portland passed through the city Monday, on his way to Denver to lay the corner stone of Christ church

Rev A M Hough and wife of Los Angeles who have been visiting in this city, left to-day on a trip to Oregon, Puget sound and Alaska.

Steamer Notes.

SAN FRANCISCO July 24—The steamer Umatilla sailed to day for Victoria and Puget sound ports on her first trip since her return from Honolulu

The Mexico will be due from the above ports Friday and will then probably be laid up, her place being taken by the Walla Walla.

The latter steamer went on the dry dock to day and will leave for the North Monday next, connecting at Port Townsend with the Corona for Sitka Fort Wrangle and Juneau

The steamer Dacota arrived from Coos bay this morning with passengers and a cargo of coal Her captain reported having sighted a drifting buoy two miles west southwest of Humboldt bay on the 22d inst, ten miles off shore

The Pacific Mail steamship City of New York was towed to day from her moorings to the Union Iron Works, where she will shortly be lifted onto the great drydock and the work of renovating her be begun A new set of boilers, together with electric lights and other improvements, will be putin at an outlay of $120,000. The work will be completed in the course of three or four months.

The new steamer China, which has been building at the Fairfield works on the Clyde, in Scotland, for the Pacific Mail Company at a cost of nearly $1 000 000, was launched on the 24th of last month and will make her first voyage to Hong Kong, November 14

Coast Survey Party s in Alaska

SAN FRANCISCO July 24—The two coast survey parties which left this state for the interior of Alaska two months ago, the first in charge of Lieutenant Thomas Lamb the other in charge of Lieutenant Commander Harrington, have returned from the field, the steamer Geo S Wright having transported the parties from the scene of operations to Ounalaska, whence they came to this city on the steamer Bertha The parties were well and in good spirits, having spent the entire summer in the field Lieutenant Lamb's party has been engaged in making a survey of the coast line from Cape Prince of Wales to Point Hope, a distance of about 150 miles, and Lieutenant Harrington's party has been engaged in making a survey of the coast line from Point Hope to Kotzebue Sound, a distance of about 100 miles Both parties have been very successful in their work, and have accomplished much more than was expected of them when they left this city Lieutenant Lamb will return to the field next year, and will complete the survey of the coast line from Cape Prince of Wales to Point Barrow, a distance of about 300 miles

In Favor of the Plaintiff

SAN DIEGO July 24—The case to try the validity of the will of Daniel Marks, deceased, in favor of Florence Marks, grandfather of Florence Blythe, wherein there was a hint at adultery and the statement that Florence had been provided for in his will, in which will Judge Crosby overruled the objections and admitted the letter in evidence.

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An ex-Member of Parliament Gives Some Facts About the Blythe Case.

LONDON, July 24—H Gobbett late member of parliament for Dover who has been connected with the famous Blythe case now before the courts in San Francisco tells a somewhat remarkable story

He says that while acting for some of the claimants to Blythe's millions he learned some very remarkable and trustworthy info mation in reference to the child who is now claiming the estate About twelve or thirteen years ago Thomas H Blythe, who was frequently in the habit of coming to London while walking on Oxford street late one evening, spoke to a girl who was looking into a shop window and whose name turned out to be Perry She kept company with a young man named Ashcroft The girl on several occasions visited Blythe at his apartments. She married Ashcroft, but previous to this a child was born and placed under the roof of Ashcroft's mother, old Mrs Ashcroft, where she resided for several years Mrs. Ashcroft, Jr was clever and gave vent in to her mother in law and other members of her husband's family that Ashcroft was the father of this child The child was at last taken, under very peculiar circumstances, away from the grandmother by young Mrs Ashcroft About the time Ashcroft died, and the death of Blythe occurred a few months later

Mrs Ashcroft then left England for America, accompanied by her father Then it was that for the first time Mrs Ashcroft made the statement that the child was Blythe's She gave the child while in England two different names—Florence and Flora but she omitted on both occasions to give the name of the father as Thomas H Blythe who never under any circumstances lived in England with Mrs Ashcroft nee Perry

THE REGIMENTAL BANDS.

The Court-Martial Closes Its Labors in the Test Case

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24—The court martial in the case of Isaac C Coggin, a member of the Second regiment band N G C, who has been on trial for disobeying orders in refusing to report for duty on July 4, has concluded its labors and the sentence in the case is that Coggin pay a fine of $50 and be dishonorably discharged from the service

In the Fourth of July celebration only nine union bands were employed, the celebration committee claiming that this was necessary to save expense. The Musical Union of the city then ordered all its members not to participate in the parade

Coggin is a member of the union and also the leader of the Second regiment band and he elected to obey the union instead of the regiment which ordered by the latter to parade. This is regarded as a test case for the other members who disobeyed orders.

THE TRIASALIC OF THE GRANADA.

It Has Been Secured by Mexican Divers and Will Be Sent to England.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24—When the Pacific Mail Company's steamer Granada was wrecked at Point Tejupan, about sixty miles south of Manzanillo, Mexico, last month, she had in her specie locker in the stern about $200,000 in treasure, which was destined for England.

As soon as news of the steamer's loss was cabled to London, and the underwriters there sent out an expedition, consisting of five divers with a full outfit of diving apparatus for the purpose of saving the treasure if possible A dispatch now received in this state that the expedition got as far as Acapulco, Mexico and there received a telegram from Manzanillo stating that native divers had recovered all the treasure on the Granada, and that it was useless for them to proceed further. They, therefore, returned

The money will all be sent on to England.

THE SAN FRANCISCO GRAIN FLEET.

A Large Increase in the Number of Vessels Clearing From That Port.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24—For the cereal year ending June 30 1889, there were loaded and cleared from San Francisco 281 sailing vessels with flour and grain This is nearly three more than for the previous year Most of these vessels were loaded with wheat, and cleared for Europe There were three full cargoes of barley to New York, four full cargoes of wheat to Rio de Janeiro, three to Callao, and one to Valparaiso and six full cargoes of wheat one of barley and one of barley, wheat and oats to Australia and one cargo of flour to Hong Kong The other 260 vessels took flour and grain to Europe These 281 vessels went out under charters varying from 19s to 42s 6d.

THE TERRY CRIMINAL CASE.

A Rumor That Judge Beady, of Portland, Will Try Them

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24—Yesterday in the United States circuit court the five criminal cases against David S Terry and two against Sarah Althea Terry were set for trial August 15. The demurrers will be heard August 26, and the trial depends on the overthrow of the demurrers

Judge Beady, of Portland has been mentioned in connection with the cases and rumor has it that he will probably try them

ENGLISH WOOL.

It Is To Be Admitted at Pittsburg Practically Duty Free.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24—A special from Pittsburg says At the suggestion of the surveyor of the port of Philadelphia the Pittsburg appraisers have decided to admit English wool at 10 cents per pound, instead of 30 or 60 cents according to classification, as heretofore. This will make English wool cheaper than American, and raises fears that the local wool industry will be ruined

GRAIN FIELDS BURNED.

Much Excitement at Merced, the Town Being Threatened.

MERCED, Cala July 24—A fire started in the grain fields of Charles H Huffman this afternoon, and at out 200 acres of grain were burned before the flames could be subdued Men were taken to the grounds from Merced in every available vehicle, and succeeded after a hard fight in getting the fire under control Much excitement prevailed in the town as many feared that the flames would sweep the town The loss is estimated at $ 000 or $8000 The insurance is not known

GIVEN UP FOR LOST

Three Whaling Vessels That Carried Sixty Men

SAN FRANCISCO July 24—News from Ounalaska by the steamer Bertha, confirms the recent reports of the loss of three whaling schooners James A Hamilton Otho and Annie No trace of them has been seen in the Arctic, and it is generally believed they are lost. The vessels carried about sixty officers and men.

CALIFORNIA NEWS ITEMS.

Personal and General Notes

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24—W H Meade general agent of the Chicago & Northwestern at Portland, who has been in the city since Saturday last, expects to leave for the north to-morrow

Mr and Mrs Phinney, of Seattle, are at the Russ for a few days. Phinney is said to be the man who, after the great Seattle fire, had his men clearing debris from his burnt building while a man was kept playing hose on their boots to keep their feet from burning

The present value of the city property of San Francisco is estimated at $30 000 000

Theodore M L Hallman, a wealthy man of Seattle, who sustained serious losses by the recent fire, is in the city, accompanied by a party of friends.

Bishop Warren widely known in Portland passed through the city Monday, on his way to Denver to lay the corner stone of Christ church

Rev A M Hough and wife of Los Angeles who have been visiting in this city, left to-day on a trip to Oregon, Puget sound and Alaska.

Steamer Notes.

SAN FRANCISCO July 24—The steamer Umatilla sailed to day for Victoria and Puget sound ports on her first trip since her return from Honolulu

The Mexico will be due from the above ports Friday and will then probably be laid up, her place being taken by the Walla Walla.

The latter steamer went on the dry dock to day and will leave for the North Monday next, connecting at Port Townsend with the Corona for Sitka Fort Wrangle and Juneau

The steamer Dacota arrived from Coos bay this morning with passengers and a cargo of coal Her captain reported having sighted a drifting buoy two miles west southwest of Humboldt bay on the 22d inst, ten miles off shore

The Pacific Mail steamship City of New York was towed to day from her moorings to the Union Iron Works, where she will shortly be lifted onto the great drydock and the work of renovating her be begun A new set of boilers, together with electric lights and other improvements, will be putin at an outlay of $120,000. The work will be completed in the course of three or four months.

The new steamer China, which has been building at the Fairfield works on the Clyde, in Scot-

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STATE AND TERRITORY

A Bark Ashore on the Beach Below Astoria.

A FISHING VESSEL WRECKED

Senator Stewart's Views on the Silver Question —A Fine Farm House Burned— The Sealing Fleet.

ASTORIA, Or., July 24.—A dispatch just received from the Cape says: A bark is on her beam ends off the weather beach, abreast of Easterbrook's. The crew, in a small boat, are display ing signals. They are supposed to want a tug. The vessel is supposed to be the bark Jeanette. Ferguson, from Victoria July 20. The tug Escort No. 2 starts right away. No further particulars can be obtained to-night.

A FISHING SCHOONER WRECKED.

The Crew Reach Popoff Island in Safety —A Sailor Lost.

PORT TOWNSEND, July 24.—The fishing schooner Edward E. Webster, of Port Townsend, was totally wrecked June 28 on a sunken rock off the entrance of Cook bay, Unga Island, Alaska, and was a total loss, including a few seal skins and fish and the season's outfit. Loss about $1,500. A Sailor Lost.

The Webster was running into the harbor under full sail before a stiff breeze and a heavy sea, when she struck, and in her keel was immediately smashed, the force of the blow knocking a hole where they separated among several rocks.

The Webster's commander, Henry McClimond, has arrived here on the schooner Wanderer.

The vessel was valued at $3,500, and was insured in the Alaska Fund and other companies for $2,500, and was owned by Solomon Jacobs.

Captain McClamond reports that another sealing vessel from San Francisco, name and owner, had foundered near South Island, and all hands, excepting two seamen who reached shore safely.

VIEWS OF SENATOR STEWART.

In One Sense Our National Debt Has Not Been Decreased.

TACOMA, W. T., July 24.—Senator Stewart, of Nevada, who addressed the constitutional convention yesterday at Olympia, spent to-day in Tacoma. He leaves in the morning for San Francisco. In an interview upon the silver question, Senator Stewart said, among other things:

"It is difficult to condense in a few words the silver question, but the basis of it is simple. It should be termed the money question. When a failure of any particular crop, people say at once that the price of such article will go up. So of another article. When there is a prospect that it will be scarce, everybody looks for a rise. The same rule with regard to money, but it is less understood. If the money were doubled to-day, the price of commodities would go up, or, which would be the same thing, the value of money would go down.

"From 1850 to 1873 the annual product from the mines was nearly $200,000,000 of gold and silver. This furnished such a supply of money as to make property go up gradually during all that period. It was more than 25 per cent in twenty-three years. Everybody could get rich by industriously, and make money by doing so. There was a demand for property, because it was advancing. The world at that time was in debt about $100,000,000,000. The principal bondholders of the world received the idea of making money more valuable and property cheaper, for the purpose of enhancing the value of the bonds which they held. The plan was to make money scarce by demoting the silver dollar, material out of which it could be made. To accomplish this purpose, they rejected silver and excluded it from the mints of the civilized world, so that money could be made only of gold, and the latter having an annual supply of $250,000,000 out of which money could be manufactured, it was reduced by this manipulation to less than $100,000,000. The result has been just what ought to have been anticipated by the bondholders, but not by the people. The price of property has depreciated in the last six-teen years about 25 per cent., where there is no local cause for it, as has existed in regard to the development of new countries, to counteract it. The farms in Pennsylvania, Ohio, New York and other Eastern states have depreciated in value in eighteen years at least 25 per cent. This is the result of contraction produced by cutting off one-half of the supply of money metal. This contraction has also enhanced the value of bonds from 80 to 40 per cent., and added at least $8,000,000,000 to the indebtedness of the world. This enormous indebtedness is to be measured, as it will naturally must be, in days of toil, the national debt is to-day as large as at the close of the war. If it is to be measured by human exertion, by each individual himself, he must work, it will require as many days of toil, bushels of wheat or bales of cotton to pay the national debt to-day as it would have taken to pay the debt when the war closed."

BAKER COUNTY NEWS ITEMS.

A Fine Farm Residence Destroyed by Fire (Loss, $3,000).

SALEM, July 24.—The fine farm residence of Mrs. John Bowman, near Sumpter, Baker county, was destroyed by fire Tuesday morning, October 1. It was a total loss, with no insurance. The house and contents destroyed were valued at between $7000 and $8,000. It caught fire from a defective flue.

The Pacific Medical Company filed articles of incorporation to-day with the secretary of state. The object is to manufacture and sell medicines and appliances for the treatment of, relief and cure of diseases. Principal place of business, Albany; capital stock, $30000. W. H. Rowland, George W. Gray, J. R. Hughes and Peter Hume, stockholders and incorporators.

THE SEALING FLEET.

The Total Catches of the British and American Schooners To the Present Date.

VICTORIA, July 24.—The schooner Wanderer arrived from Behring sea on Saturday afternoon with the catches of several British sealing schooners, totaling 5620 skins. A syndicate of four sent the Wanderer to Sand point for the purpose of securing the catch of the schooners before entering Behring sea. The catch of the schooners in Behring sea and American schooners at Sand point were as follows:

The catch of the American schooners is as follows: Lilly L. 120, Fannie Fern or 220, Minnie Adams 60, San Diego 700, C. S. Farnham 340, Annie L. Alger 264, J. H. Lewis 242.

An American cutter was at Sand point on the 26th of June, and left orders from the owners of the American schooners that their vessels were not to enter Behring sea.

No things have been heard of the sealing schooners Amole, Otter and James Hamilton, and they are given up as lost.

FROM WALLA WALLA.

A Report That the Troops Are To Be Removed.

WALLA WALLA, July 24.—The people are much excited over a report that Fort Walla Walla will be abandoned, because there is not enough water for the horses and people. The water famine is caused by the farmers of Garrison creek, running through the military reserve, having taken for irrigation by parties not having riparian rights. A public meeting of citizens was held and a committee appointed to take action against the water stealers. It is believed the matter will be satisfactorily settled.

Early this morning Frank Dayling, a barber confined in the city jail, dropped dead. Excessive drinking was the cause.

R. Morrison was working in a stone quarry, when a mass of rock caved in on him this morning, and his left hip was broken.

The Progressive Club has taken up the matter of rates on transportation of fuel to Puget sound, and have combined the shipments, and will make but one or two carloads of fuel for Tacoma or Seattle at present every month, if the railroad company will make a rate of seventy-five dollars for carload lots. It is believed the rate will enable the dealers to make and make it possible to land Walla Walla fuel in Tacoma eighteen hours after picking.

A stranger named Sam Brown was held up this morning by two hard cases, who robbed him of money and valuables. The men were arrested, but when the time of examination came Evans could not be found. He had been frightened away by friends of the gamblers. A bench warrant was issued for Evans.

Coffman, a California cattle man, has offered to lease a hotel costing $1,000 and pay it $50 per cent. on the net proceeds yearly, if there is no well in the house. Coffman is to do the furnishing at a cost of $30,000.

Tersified Incorporation Specimens.

SPOKANE FALLS, W. T., June 24.—Articles of incorporation have been filed by A. M. Cannon, Paul F. Mohr and Carlos L. Smith, organizing the Union Depot Company of Spokane Falls, with a capital stock of $50,000. The purpose is to construct railway passenger depots, freight warehouses, round houses, machine shops, switch yards, and elevators, side tracks, storage structures necessary for railroad terminals, and to carry on the business of railway terminal companies; to provide railway terminal facilities at or near Spokane Falls for railroads; to maintain telegraph lines and to construct bridges. A. M. Cannon, John R. Allen, Charles J. Smith, and Edward Lyons are named the trustees to manage the business for the first year. The principal office is to be at Spokane Falls, but the articles provide that they may have an office also in New York city.

Town Notes.

TACOMA, July 24.—Simon Cox and wife arrived in Tacoma on the [illegible].

Mrs. Melissa Allen, the first child of Mr. and Mrs. Lucius Allen, is four years in the Walla Walla police court.

A Child Killed by Drinking Boiling Water.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 24.—Charlie, the two and a half year old son of Neil Ross, Saanich, drank a cup of boiling water yesterday, and died in great agony.

Death From Heart Disease.

ALBANY, Or., July 24.—Herman Dierckes, proprietor of a restaurant here, died suddenly this evening of heart disease.

Watterson at the Poker Table.

Washington Capital.

A number of gentlemen were gathered at Chamberlain's telling poker stories the other day, when one of them said: "One of the nerviest games of poker I ever saw in this city was played not long ago in a room at the Arlington Hotel, where several gentlemen, well-known in national politics, were in the party. All the hands had been dealt and about $500 were in the pot before the draw. Only two stayed in. They were General Mahone and Colonel Henry Watterson. General Mahone held two pairs and drew one card. Watterson stood pat. Mahone bet an even $100. Watterson saw the $100 and raised him $500. Mahone saw that amount and raised it another $100. Watterson saw that and raised it $1000. Mahone laid down and asked Watterson to let him see the cards, but Henry said 'no; if you want to see what I have you must pay for it,' and he raked in the pot. Afterward he told his friends just what he had. It was a cool bluff, and he hadn't a card in his hand higher than a queen, but it took several thousand dollars of the Virginia gentleman's money through using his nerve at the proper time.

NEW COAL DISCOVERIES.

Another Large Deposit Found on the Sanjam.

Albany Herald.

William McKinnon, who lives up the South Santiam about 15 miles south-west of Home, about 45 miles from Albany, is in the city. He has made what seems destined to prove a valuable coal discovery. The coal deposit, which has only been opened a few feet below the surface, is situated in Canyon creek, and gives evidence of being an enormous vein. Mr. McKinnon, who runs a blacksmith shop, and is familiar with coal, says it is better than the average blacksmith's coal now in the market, and he has recently been taking it out and using it in his forge. He has taken out bushels of it, and says it burns splendidly, makes a fine welding heat, and leaves very little cinders. He now uses no other coal in his forge.

The deposit is situated about 500 yards from the main wagon road, and Mr. McKinnon thinks is the most valuable coal discovery ever made in the Santiam region. Several coal deposits have been made in various places along the Sanjam, but nothing that equals this in quantity or can excel it in quality. Should a good working road mine be opened in that region it would be a mine of wonderment, and work failing to express their feelings.

The many steamers and fishing boats met on route were saluted with the fluttering of handkerchiefs. Even the mottled sky, with colored, heavy clouds floating leisurely about, and the cool, refreshing breeze, seemed to vie with each other in the happiness of the occasion and to the enjoyment of the excursionists.

The excursionists resolved themselves into a question box, as a committee of the editors, with the officers of the boat naturally were appointed to fill fountains of information. Not only questions were asked, but caricaturing, as difficult of solution as the riddle of the Egyptian sphynx, were propounded with a subtlety forgetful as to the fact that even officers of boats are not endowed with the special intuition to solve the unserious and the incomprehensible. What is the difference between a pig and a pin? were the questions asked, with looks of the most blank inquiry. But then, that is what the Nebraska editors were out for. They were seeing the country, and wanted information. The genial Captain Pope, and the last in charge, Captain Pope at the wheel, the mate, purser, and all the other officers of the boat treated the editors with the utmost courtesy, and made all to feel at home. All pieces of interest or information, and personal associations, were pointed out to those eager for information. Meals were served on the boat, and all spoke highly of the excellent cuisine.

A short stop was made at Astoria, the city of fish and ships, and another at Tansy point. Here the river broadening out into a great sheet of water, until it looks like an inland sea, gave the excursionists renewed incentive for expressing their surprise. They found much to interest them in the fishing industry in addition. Davis slough and throughout Baker's bay. The modus operandi of these contrivances was explained to them to their entire satisfaction and they only felt sorry for the hapless fish that encountered them.

BY THE DEEP, DEEP SEA.

The boat arrived at Ilwaco a little before 4 o'clock. The excursionists took the train for the beach, some stopping off at Stout's, and others at the East Portland camp, or Tinker's station. Here the grand old Pacific burst upon their vision, and the voiceless ocean's power was made manifest to their ears. The sea was a little rough, and the white caps breaking over each other in their tumultuous rush towards the land made a grand sight. The party broke ranks, and shown on the sand to listen to the music of the waves, others strolled along the beach in search of shells and "gems of purest ray serene," while the more daring ventured in the surf. Some had invitations for bathing in the surf. Some put their pants into the water and walked away with the verdict "Ugh! but it is cold!" Only half a dozen ventured to go in. They saw the campers at Long beach make their first plunge, and their reckless abandon and, remembering that they were Nebraska editors with a reputation to sustain, they decided to go in or bust. Nebraska editors are used to battling storms and blizzards, and had chased grasshoppers with good success, and why should they show the white feather when it comes to taking a cold plunge. They went in, regardless of the consequences. Shape, height or color were not given a thought, but closing their eyes and mouths with water flavored with chloride of sodium, and they were ready to retire. But they did not retire. A shrieking crowd on shore spurred them on still further to martyrdom. The water, however, felt warmer after they had been in a while, and they had an excellent bath.

The greater number of the party returned to the hotel to keep appointments, some, while a few, unable to get back, remained at the hotels for the night.

THE RETURN TRIP.

Yesterday morning at 8 o'clock the boat pulled out. Arriving at Astoria, the party were met by members of the Board of Trade, representatives of the press, and citizens in general, who took them through the city and up the mountain on the electric railway, after which the boat stopped at the dock for a short time. The boat stopped half an hour to give the excursionists to look over the large establishments and to see the entire process of canning salmon from the time the fish is taken from the water. Cleaned, cut, filled and wrapped is put on the cars ready for shipment. It was an interesting and novel sight. The manager of the canneries (the Astoria Packing Company) kindly gave each one of the party a can of salmon as souvenirs of their visit. Lowell Wessel, jr., the chairman of the excursion, received a box of salmon, containing four dozen cans, with the compliments of the firm, just as the last boat was ready to pull out.

VALE, EDITORS, VALE.

The excursion arrived in Portland at 5 o'clock, where it was taken. A few stayed to buy for a short time to send to their homes, while the others strolled about the city until 8 o'clock, when all again met at the O. R. & N. Co.'s depot. The train was to leave at 11:30 and the editors are now on their homeward journey.

The party left with a happy remembrances of Oregon and Oregonian hospitality. There were scores of pens at work and they had been written to their papers, and they feel grateful for the many courtesies they have received at the hands of the people.

Oregon needs to better advertisers than the excursion of editors. Let the people show to the country what we know whereof they speak.

RECOMMENDING APPROPRIATIONS.

The Work of Improving the Entrances to Coos and Yaquina Bays.

From Chief Clerk J. C. Shofner, of Captain Young's office, United States engineers, it is learned that the statement in yesterday's dispatches, that Captain Young had recommended an appropriation of $70,000 for this year's work on improving the entrance to Coos bay, and $50,000 for Yaquina bay, was correctly correct.

Going on to explain the project for the improvement of Coos bay, Mr. Shofner said it will not be nearly so much need of first entrance. Instead of extending the south jetty away out into deep water, it was deemed better to build another on the north side, partially parallel, leaving a comparatively narrow entrance. There is a reef of rocks a short distance out, and it was found that if the jetty were extended out behind this a bar sufficient to float ships would be formed there which would obstruct the currents.

At Coos bay a large expenditure will be required to make a straight channel. As regards the depth of water in the bar, Coos bay is nearing of the San Jacinto and Independence, having nearly four feet. The work of extending a $50,000 appropriation there was lately been commenced by Contractor P. O'Neil. When this is finished the $70,000 will be expended in extending the jetty and as far enough to give the current a course which will sweep out a straight channel, thus greatly improving the entrance.

REGIMENTAL NOTES.

"Shot back to this searching,
Peerless, piercing shrapnel eye."

Building and fitting military duty is a wearisome one of the companies of the First regiment of the National guard, in Fort Wadsworth, New York. It has been during much work since the 1st of July, and it is said that violent abuse will follow any dereliction in duty or company drills until the middle of September by which time the companies will be ready to enter on the winter campaign of exercise.

So far they want the excitement to go into camp in some shady sea-shore place for a week or so, to give them a taste of life in the field, others wish a regimental encampment to the north, to give them a taste of the rigors of winter, rather all say the latter. Whether either of these plans will be adopted is doubtful.

ROSEBURG NOTES.

A "citizen," writing from Monmouth, Polk county, says:

Threshing is now under way, and the yield of grain is good, especially wheat.

Active work on the new state Normal school building begins this week, and will be pushed rapidly to completion.

The surveyors on the Albany & Tillamook railroad reached here to-day. This line runs through the east part of the corporate limits of the town. Our citizens hail this proposed new line with delight. It will be a great benefit to this county when built.

If you want to enjoy your meals strengthen your digestion with Simmons Liver Regulator.

Take the Northern Pacific Railroad, the dining-car route for all points East. Office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

EDITORS HOMEWARD BOUND

The Nebraska Press Excursion on the Columbia and at the Beach.

They Found Much to Interest Them on the Trip —A Visit to a Salmon Cannery— Off for Their Homes.

A happier crowd of excursionists than those who boarded the elegant steamer T. J. Potter at the Ash street wharf, Tuesday morning, bound for Ilwaco and the beach, have not left Portland for a long time. The excursion was composed of about forty members of the Nebraska Press Excursion, the rest of the party and one Pullman coach remaining to leave for home Tuesday evening.

The party had just arrived from Tacoma in the morning, after "doing" the larger cities on the Sound. All were in the best of spirits and aglow with the happy anticipation of a ride on the lordly Columbia, the queen river of the Pacific coast. The trip was an enjoyable one, and the party found much to admire. The steamer glided along like a floating palace, while the excursionists, seated on the two decks, at the cabin windows, in the pilot house and on every other point of vantage, viewed the beautiful scenery passing like a panorama from either side of them.

Expressions of admiration and wonderment were heard from all. Some found much to admire in the vast forests extending from both banks of the rivers for as the eye could see, and were overheard asking questions of persons living up in the distance, until their logs were lost in the misty clouds, enclosing the valley like two huge walls.

All spoke in the most glowing terms of the river. "It is a grand river, a grand river," as it many others could only shake their heads in wonderment, words failing to express their feelings.

The many steamers and fishing boats met on route were saluted with the fluttering of handkerchiefs. Even the mottled sky, with colored, heavy clouds floating leisurely about, and the cool, refreshing breeze, seemed to vie with each other in the happiness of the occasion and to the enjoyment of the excursionists.

The excursionists resolved themselves into a question box, as a committee of the editors, with the officers of the boat naturally were appointed to fill fountains of information. Not only questions were asked, but caricaturing, as difficult of solution as the riddle of the Egyptian sphynx, were propounded with a subtlety forgetful as to the fact that even officers of boats are not endowed with the special intuition to solve the unserious and the incomprehensible. What is the difference between a pig and a pin? were the questions asked, with looks of the most blank inquiry. But then, that is what the Nebraska editors were out for. They were seeing the country, and wanted information. The genial Captain Pope, and the last in charge, Captain Pope at the wheel, the mate, purser, and all the other officers of the boat treated the editors with the utmost courtesy, and made all to feel at home. All pieces of interest or information, and personal associations, were pointed out to those eager for information. Meals were served on the boat, and all spoke highly of the excellent cuisine.

A short stop was made at Astoria, the city of fish and ships, and another at Tansy point. Here the river broadening out into a great sheet of water, until it looks like an inland sea, gave the excursionists renewed incentive for expressing their surprise. They found much to interest them in the fishing industry in addition. Davis slough and throughout Baker's bay. The modus operandi of these contrivances was explained to them to their entire satisfaction and they only felt sorry for the hapless fish that encountered them.

BY THE DEEP, DEEP SEA.

The boat arrived at Ilwaco a little before 4 o'clock. The excursionists took the train for the beach, some stopping off at Stout's, and others at the East Portland camp, or Tinker's station. Here the grand old Pacific burst upon their vision, and the voiceless ocean's power was made manifest to their ears. The sea was a little rough, and the white caps breaking over each other in their tumultuous rush towards the land made a grand sight. The party broke ranks, and shown on the sand to listen to the music of the waves, others strolled along the beach in search of shells and "gems of purest ray serene," while the more daring ventured in the surf. Some had invitations for bathing in the surf. Some put their pants into the water and walked away with the verdict "Ugh! but it is cold!" Only half a dozen ventured to go in. They saw the campers at Long beach make their first plunge, and their reckless abandon and, remembering that they were Nebraska editors with a reputation to sustain, they decided to go in or bust. Nebraska editors are used to battling storms and blizzards, and had chased grasshoppers with good success, and why should they show the white feather when it comes to taking a cold plunge. They went in, regardless of the consequences. Shape, height or color were not given a thought, but closing their eyes and mouths with water flavored with chloride of sodium, and they were ready to retire. But they did not retire. A shrieking crowd on shore spurred them on still further to martyrdom. The water, however, felt warmer after they had been in a while, and they had an excellent bath.

The greater number of the party returned to the hotel to keep appointments, some, while a few, unable to get back, remained at the hotels for the night.

THE RETURN TRIP.

Yesterday morning at 8 o'clock the boat pulled out. Arriving at Astoria, the party were met by members of the Board of Trade, representatives of the press, and citizens in general, who took them through the city and up the mountain on the electric railway, after which the boat stopped at the dock for a short time. The boat stopped half an hour to give the excursionists to look over the large establishments and to see the entire process of canning salmon from the time the fish is taken from the water. Cleaned, cut, filled and wrapped is put on the cars ready for shipment. It was an interesting and novel sight. The manager of the canneries (the Astoria Packing Company) kindly gave each one of the party a can of salmon as souvenirs of their visit. Lowell Wessel, jr., the chairman of the excursion, received a box of salmon, containing four dozen cans, with the compliments of the firm, just as the last boat was ready to pull out.

VALE, EDITORS, VALE.

The excursion arrived in Portland at 5 o'clock, where it was taken. A few stayed to buy for a short time to send to their homes, while the others strolled about the city until 8 o'clock, when all again met at the O. R. & N. Co.'s depot. The train was to leave at 11:30 and the editors are now on their homeward journey.

The party left with a happy remembrances of Oregon and Oregonian hospitality. There were scores of pens at work and they had been written to their papers, and they feel grateful for the many courtesies they have received at the hands of the people.

Oregon needs to better advertisers than the excursion of editors. Let the people show to the country what we know whereof they speak.

RECOMMENDING APPROPRIATIONS.

The Work of Improving the Entrances to Coos and Yaquina Bays.

From Chief Clerk J. C. Shofner, of Captain Young's office, United States engineers, it is learned that the statement in yesterday's dispatches, that Captain Young had recommended an appropriation of $70,000 for this year's work on improving the entrance to Coos bay, and $50,000 for Yaquina bay, was correctly correct.

Going on to explain the project for the improvement of Coos bay, Mr. Shofner said it will not be nearly so much need of first entrance. Instead of extending the south jetty away out into deep water, it was deemed better to build another on the north side, partially parallel, leaving a comparatively narrow entrance. There is a reef of rocks a short distance out, and it was found that if the jetty were extended out behind this a bar sufficient to float ships would be formed there which would obstruct the currents.

At Coos bay a large expenditure will be required to make a straight channel. As regards the depth of water in the bar, Coos bay is nearing of the San Jacinto and Independence, having nearly four feet. The work of extending a $50,000 appropriation there was lately been commenced by Contractor P. O'Neil. When this is finished the $70,000 will be expended in extending the jetty and as far enough to give the current a course which will sweep out a straight channel, thus greatly improving the entrance.

REGIMENTAL NOTES.

"Shot back to this searching,
Peerless, piercing shrapnel eye."

Building and fitting military duty is a wearisome one of the companies of the First regiment of the National guard, in Fort Wadsworth, New York. It has been during much work since the 1st of July, and it is said that violent abuse will follow any dereliction in duty or company drills until the middle of September by which time the companies will be ready to enter on the winter campaign of exercise.

So far they want the excitement to go into camp in some shady sea-shore place for a week or so, to give them a taste of life in the field, others wish a regimental encampment to the north, to give them a taste of the rigors of winter, rather all say the latter. Whether either of these plans will be adopted is doubtful.

ROSEBURG NOTES.

A "citizen," writing from Monmouth, Polk county, says:

Threshing is now under way, and the yield of grain is good, especially wheat.

Active work on the new state Normal school building begins this week, and will be pushed rapidly to completion.

The surveyors on the Albany & Tillamook railroad reached here to-day. This line runs through the east part of the corporate limits of the town. Our citizens hail this proposed new line with delight. It will be a great benefit to this county when built.

If you want to enjoy your meals strengthen your digestion with Simmons Liver Regulator.

Take the Northern Pacific Railroad, the dining-car route for all points East. Office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

TURF EVENTS.

Races at Monmouth Park, at St. Paul and Detroit.

DETROIT, July 24.—The attendance to-day was 5000, but the weather was unusually cool.

In the 2:24 pace, unfinished from yesterday, Chapman was first, Kelly C. second, Jessie H. third, Bawley fourth; best time, 2:17¾, 2:21.

Trot, unfinished from yesterday—Seymour Belle won, Lynn W. second, Delmont third, Almont fourth; best time, 2:19¾.

In the 2:27 class, purse of $2000, Gelding won, Sprague's Goldbust second, Jessie Fuller third, Shasta fourth; best time, 2:18—2:17.

Pace, purse $1500—Dexter M. won, Daisy C. second, Manhino Hannis third, Wilcox fourth; best time, 2 16¾.

Trot, all, purse $2000—Rosaline Wilkes won the second and third heats, General Smith the first heat. The fourth heat was begun in the dark, when it was decided to postpone it until to-morrow; best time, 2:18¾.

TWIN CITY JOCKEY CLUB RACES.

ST. PAUL, July 24.—The weather to-day was bright and cool, and the track in a fairly good condition.

Three year olds and upward, six furlongs—Argenta won, Charlotte J second, Bonair third; time, 1:18½.

Three-year-olds, seven-eighths of a mile—Solon won, Bonnie Ring second, The Elk third; time, 1:29½.

Four year-olds, five-eighths of a mile—Miss Belle won, Abem Bell second, Able third; time, 1:04½.

Three year-olds and upward, one mile—Catalpa won, Tolgerent second, Winning Ways third; time, 1:42½.

Two-year old fillies, five-eighths of a mile—Lillian Landay won, Spring Dance second, Sisable third; time, 1:02¾.

BRIGHTON BEACH RACES.

BRIGHTON BEACH, July 24.—Three-quarters of a mile—Gregory won in 1:17, King William second, Mamie B. third.

Seven-eighths of a mile—Newberg won in 1:29½, Pontiac second, Blanche third.

Seven-eighths of a mile—Spectator won in 1:29½, Jennie second, Kingfisher third.

Seven-eighths of a mile—Theora won in 1:31, Jennie S. second, Sahda third.

One and one-sixteenth miles—Keg note won in 1:50½, Bonbonniere second, Specialty third.

THE TRANSCONTINENTAL LINES.

No Agreement Yet Reached on Canadian Differentials.

CHICAGO, July 24.—The proposition of the Southern Pacific to guarantee the Canadian Pacific 6 per cent of the Pacific Mail traffic and abolish its differentials was considered to-day by the executive committee of the Transcontinental Association. The only agreement that could be reached was in announcement of the differentials and report. That, in effect, was submitted to the general meeting, but the members flatly refused to accept it. That the differentials will be restored to-morrow is certain, as the committee has been instructed to do so, or if with a cost of the new schedule. Which would involve radical changes.

The Denver & Rio Grande Western passed resolutions at a meeting to-day declaring that the Chicago, Santa Fe & California should not have any representation in the Transcontinental association in connection with regard to the latter under consideration was rescinded, and the meeting adjourned until to-morrow.

The passenger department adopted a resolution making a rate of one fare for the round trip for persons attending the G. A. R. encampment at Milwaukee.

AN EXCITING ESCAPE.

He Was Arrested for Theft, and Was En Route for New York.

NEW YORK, July 24.—A dispatch was received at the police headquarters to-night, as follows:

LIMA, July 24.

Inspector Byrnes, New York: Prisoner escaped at Ingomar Friday. Recovered possible. Jumped the train and was headed for Indiana. BRADLEY.

The prisoner is William A. Bushnell, alias Gerald E. Hanson, the absconding bookkeeper of Cutler, Saltman & Hubbard, who was arrested at Santiago, Chili, last December, by Detective Bailly, of Gazzolo, and who was on his way back here in Bailly's custody. Two years ago he hypothecated securities valued at $30,000 belonging to the above named law firm and fled. Then, under the name of Hanson, he was superintendent of the Wells Fargo Express Company in Chili, where he moved in the best society. He embezzled $5,000, but was so popular there that he could not convict him. It was then that Detective Bailly and Hanson were the same person, and Inspector Byrnes had him arrested on the first charge. It was with great difficulty that he was extradited.

MARTIN BURKE, THE SUSPECT.

A Possible Clue Found to the Source of the Money Furnished Him.

CHICAGO, July 24.—Ever since Martin Burke was arrested in Winnipeg and began his night with the authorities, the detectives have been trying the case with the question as to where he got the money necessary to conduct his case in the manner he was.

It was at one time said that it was learned by State's Attorney Longenecker that a man known to be a confidential employment clerk named [illegible] in Chicago, appeared in Winnipeg on Sunday. Gen. Martin Burke's lawyers learned [illegible] and Burke, which took place in executive session, and was owned by Solomon Jacobs.

Captain McClamond reports that another sealing vessel from San Francisco, name and owner, had foundered near South Island, and all hands, excepting two seamen who reached shore safely.

VIEWS OF SENATOR STEWART.

In One Sense Our National Debt Has Not Been Decreased.

TACOMA, W. T., July 24.—Senator Stewart, of Nevada, who addressed the constitutional convention yesterday at Olympia, spent to-day in Tacoma. He leaves in the morning for San Francisco. In an interview upon the silver question, Senator Stewart said, among other things:

"It is difficult to condense in a few words the silver question, but the basis of it is simple. It should be termed the money question. When a failure of any particular crop, people say at once that the price of such article will go up. So of another article. When there is a prospect that it will be scarce, everybody looks for a rise. The same rule with regard to money, but it is less understood. If the money were doubled to-day, the price of commodities would go up, or, which would be the same thing, the value of money would go down.

"From 1850 to 1873 the annual product from the mines was nearly $200,000,000 of gold and silver. This furnished such a supply of money as to make property go up gradually during all that period. It was more than 25 per cent in twenty-three years. Everybody could get rich by industriously, and make money by doing so. There was a demand for property, because it was advancing. The world at that time was in debt about $100,000,000,000. The principal bondholders of the world received the idea of making money more valuable and property cheaper, for the purpose of enhancing the value of the bonds which they held. The plan was to make money scarce by demoting the silver dollar, material out of which it could be made. To accomplish this purpose, they rejected silver and excluded it from the mints of the civilized world, so that money could be made only of gold, and the latter having an annual supply of $250,000,000 out of which money could be manufactured, it was reduced by this manipulation to less than $100,000,000. The result has been just what ought to have been anticipated by the bondholders, but not by the people. The price of property has depreciated in the last six-teen years about 25 per cent., where there is no local cause for it, as has existed in regard to the development of new countries, to counteract it. The farms in Pennsylvania, Ohio, New York and other Eastern states have depreciated in value in eighteen years at least 25 per cent. This is the result of contraction produced by cutting off one-half of the supply of money metal. This contraction has also enhanced the value of bonds from 80 to 40 per cent., and added at least $8,000,000,000 to the indebtedness of the world. This enormous indebtedness is to be measured, as it will naturally must be, in days of toil, the national debt is to-day as large as at the close of the war. If it is to be measured by human exertion, by each individual himself, he must work, it will require as many days of toil, bushels of wheat or bales of cotton to pay the national debt to-day as it would have taken to pay the debt when the war closed."

BAKER COUNTY NEWS ITEMS.

A Fine Farm Residence Destroyed by Fire (Loss, $3,000).

SALEM, July 24.—The fine farm residence of Mrs. John Bowman, near Sumpter, Baker county, was destroyed by fire Tuesday morning, October 1. It was a total loss, with no insurance. The house and contents destroyed were valued at between $7000 and $8,000. It caught fire from a defective flue.

The Pacific Medical Company filed articles of incorporation to-day with the secretary of state. The object is to manufacture and sell medicines and appliances for the treatment of, relief and cure of diseases. Principal place of business, Albany; capital stock, $30000. W. H. Rowland, George W. Gray, J. R. Hughes and Peter Hume, stockholders and incorporators.

THE SEALING FLEET.

The Total Catches of the British and American Schooners To the Present Date.

VICTORIA, July 24.—The schooner Wanderer arrived from Behring sea on Saturday afternoon with the catches of several British sealing schooners, totaling 5620 skins. A syndicate of four sent the Wanderer to Sand point for the purpose of securing the catch of the schooners before entering Behring sea. The catch of the schooners in Behring sea and American schooners at Sand point were as follows:

The catch of the American schooners is as follows: Lilly L. 120, Fannie Fern or 220, Minnie Adams 60, San Diego 700, C. S. Farnham 340, Annie L. Alger 264, J. H. Lewis 242.

An American cutter was at Sand point on the 26th of June, and left orders from the owners of the American schooners that their vessels were not to enter Behring sea.

No things have been heard of the sealing schooners Amole, Otter and James Hamilton, and they are given up as lost.

FROM WALLA WALLA.

A Report That the Troops Are To Be Removed.

WALLA WALLA, July 24.—The people are much excited over a report that Fort Walla Walla will be abandoned, because there is not enough water for the horses and people. The water famine is caused by the farmers of Garrison creek, running through the military reserve, having taken for irrigation by parties not having riparian rights. A public meeting of citizens was held and a committee appointed to take action against the water stealers. It is believed the matter will be satisfactorily settled.

Early this morning Frank Dayling, a barber confined in the city jail, dropped dead. Excessive drinking was the cause.

R. Morrison was working in a stone quarry, when a mass of rock caved in on him this morning, and his left hip was broken.

The Progressive Club has taken up the matter of rates on transportation of fuel to Puget sound, and have combined the shipments, and will make but one or two carloads of fuel for Tacoma or Seattle at present every month, if the railroad company will make a rate of seventy-five dollars for carload lots. It is believed the rate will enable the dealers to make and make it possible to land Walla Walla fuel in Tacoma eighteen hours after picking.

A stranger named Sam Brown was held up this morning by two hard cases, who robbed him of money and valuables. The men were arrested, but when the time of examination came Evans could not be found. He had been frightened away by friends of the gamblers. A bench warrant was issued for Evans.

Coffman, a California cattle man, has offered to lease a hotel costing $1,000 and pay it $50 per cent. on the net proceeds yearly, if there is no well in the house. Coffman is to do the furnishing at a cost of $30,000.

Tersified Incorporation Specimens.

SPOKANE FALLS, W. T., June 24.—Articles of incorporation have been filed by A. M. Cannon, Paul F. Mohr and Carlos L. Smith, organizing the Union Depot Company of Spokane Falls, with a capital stock of $50,000. The purpose is to construct railway passenger depots, freight warehouses, round houses, machine shops, switch yards, and elevators, side tracks, storage structures necessary for railroad terminals, and to carry on the business of railway terminal companies; to provide railway terminal facilities at or near Spokane Falls for railroads; to maintain telegraph lines and to construct bridges. A. M. Cannon, John R. Allen, Charles J. Smith, and Edward Lyons are named the trustees to manage the business for the first year. The principal office is to be at Spokane Falls, but the articles provide that they may have an office also in New York city.

Town Notes.

TACOMA, July 24.—Simon Cox and wife arrived in Tacoma on the [illegible].

Mrs. Melissa Allen, the first child of Mr. and Mrs. Lucius Allen, is four years in the Walla Walla police court.

A Child Killed by Drinking Boiling Water.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 24.—Charlie, the two and a half year old son of Neil Ross, Saanich, drank a cup of boiling water yesterday, and died in great agony.

Death From Heart Disease.

ALBANY, Or., July 24.—Herman Dierckes, proprietor of a restaurant here, died suddenly this evening of heart disease.

Watterson at the Poker Table.

Washington Capital.

A number of gentlemen were gathered at Chamberlain's telling poker stories the other day, when one of them said: "One of the nerviest games of poker I ever saw in this city was played not long ago in a room at the Arlington Hotel, where several gentlemen, well-known in national politics, were in the party. All the hands had been dealt and about $500 were in the pot before the draw. Only two stayed in. They were General Mahone and Colonel Henry Watterson. General Mahone held two pairs and drew one card. Watterson stood pat. Mahone bet an even $100. Watterson saw the $100 and raised him $500. Mahone saw that amount and raised it another $100.

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, THURSDAY, JULY 25.

THE CASE OF CHEE GONG.

A strong effort is being made to save Chee Gong, who is sentenced to be executed on August 9 for the murder of Lee Yick on the night of November 6, 1887. The case is a notable one as illustrating the difficulty of meting out justice, where the accused is a Chinaman and the only witnesses are his own countrymen. Chee Gong has been twice tried and twice convicted, and yet so little reliance is placed upon Chinese testimony that Judge Thayer of the state supreme court has more than once said from the bench that if he was a juryman he would be loth to convict a Chinaman of murder upon Chinese testimony alone, because per jury to "remove" an odious countryman is so common among the rival factions of the Chinese. Many a Chinaman who will deal honorably and truthfully in business matters with an American will not hesitate in a matter that involves a fellow countryman to resort to perjury to save a friend or destroy an enemy. This seems to be the Chinese code among themselves, while in dealing with Americans in practical affairs they respect the American code and stand by it. In these circumstances the trial of a Chinaman, accused of a capital crime on the testimony of Chinese witnesses always a present a case wherein it is difficult to be certain that justice has been done.

In every case where a Chinaman is tried for a capital crime the jury is confronted with a cloud of Chinese witnesses one half of whom will swear, without flinching, to an alibi for the accused, while the other half with equal earnestness and solemnity will swear to having seen the accused murder the victim. There have been cases even where the dying victim swore positively to the identity of his assassin, whose alibi was conclusively proved by the testimony of white witnesses of the highest character. The consequence is that the jury in such a case has a hard nut to crack. Few Chinamen high or low, are free from the suspicion of entire willingness to commit or procure perjury in any case in the decision of which they are materially or sentimentally interested. The jury of course, are the judges of the credibility of the testimony, but the universal Chinese practice of an immoral code of procedure in trials under our law creates that feeling of distrust and doubt as to where justice lies that prompted the utterance of Judge Thayer.

In the trial of Chee Gong while some of the witnesses against him probably swore to much that they did not know, and to some things that were probably false, nevertheless the same spectacle of tainted testimony is visible on the other side, for we find that the Chinese doctor who proposed to swear if summoned, that Chee Gong was in his (the doctor's) room dictating a letter was ready to perjure himself since the policeman who promptly arrested Chee Gong found him in hiding. This habit of perjury on both sides of a Chinese case clouds the situation so hopelessly that it is really difficult for a jury to settle from the testimony of both sides on which side lies the guilt. Of course such a situation is unfortunate and most unsatisfactory to those who do not believe in hanging a man on what may be and quite probably is perjured testimony, and yet to refuse to convict a Chinaman of murder upon Chinese testimony alone creates a situation equally unfortunate and unsatisfactory for, of course it is equivalent to telling Chinatown that no Chinese murderer will suffer death for his crime, if he only sees to it that there are none but Chinese witnesses to convict him.

It is natural that in these circumstances many citizens of worth and intelligence should ask for clemency to Chee Gong on the plea that in this situation of a possible and not improbable conviction through perjury, the principle should prevail, 'Better that a guilty man should escape than an innocent man should suffer." And yet on the whole it does not seem to us sound public policy after a jury has twice tried and convicted Chee Gong of murder, to ask for clemency upon the ground of possible, if not probable perjury, for this very question of possible, if not probable perjury, was presented fully to the jury by the counsel on both sides, and they were in at least as good a position with the witnesses of both Chinese factions before them, to settle fairly the question of credibility as the governor can, after hearing the case retried by Seid Back, as counsel for Chee Gong, and reading a bundle of affidavits. It is true that justice does not wear an unclouded aspect in this case, and yet is not the public safer to let the court and jury, after two trials decide this question of credible and incredible testimony, than to affirm that no Chinaman should be convicted of a capital crime upon Chinese testimony alone?

It is a difficult situation at best, but if we accept the plea of Seid Back concerning the intrinsic worthlessness of Chinese test mony in Chinese quarrels rather than the judgment of the court and jury in two trials do we not dodge a possible miscarriage of justice at the risk of a general delivery of all Chinese murderers from the shadow of the scaffold. Except in cases of murder in the first degree little effort is made to rescue a Chinaman under sentence of the law. They do not seem to dread going to prison for life for him exile but no stone is left unturned to save a convict from the gallows and yet nothing short of the gallows will deter the murderous highbinders from repeating murders like that of Lee Yick and those which were perpetrated in the fatal street shooting affray that occurred last spring.

PROHIBITION NOT TEMPERANCE.

There are persons who make temperance as a hobby and endeavor to maintain prohibition as temperance with intemperate speech. Such an one in Garfield county, Washington, has written a letter to a delegate to the constitutional convention at Olympia, denouncing him as a traitor to the cause of temperance, because he has not insisted on putting prohibition into the constitution.

There are a good many of these hobbyists who think prohibition is temperance, use "temperance" and prohibition as synonymous terms, and can't imagine how a man can be a temperance man unless he is a prohibitionist. If he professes to be a temperance man and in fact, is a rigorous one both in precept and practice yet does not approve of prohibition as a principle and has sense enough to see that prohibition isn't effective and never can be, he is denounced by these self styled temperance people of intemperate speech, as a hypocrite and a traitor.

These superficial and shallow people are just now worrying a great deal about prohibition, in the name of temperance is not to be ordained by the constitution of Washington. But it is too late in the day to claim for this effort of moral sciolism in the name of temperance any real consideration. The subject has been discussed from every possible standpoint during the last five years. In philosophy prohibition has been shown to be fatuous and false, experience has proven it a failure, and intelligent people generally have pronounced against it.

The threat that the constitution of Washington will be opposed and rejected because it does not ordain prohibition, is silly and impotent. If the people of Washington want prohibition they can have their legislature enact a law to that effect.

Constitution makers at Olympia are not disposed to be niggardly in the matter of salaries. Four thousand dollars a year to begin with, and a possibility of $6000 in the future is very fair remuneration for the governor of the state of Washington. This is one of the details of outliving the pioneer era and feeling able to meet accruing expenses in a liberal spirit before the added responsibilities of statehood are assumed. Oregon went to housekeeping for herself so to speak, when the appointments of her homes were primitive, and $1500 a year was a sum sufficient to meet the expenses of any family in the state. Washington on the contrary, has passed the period of tin cups bare floors and white muslin curtains and understands that it will be necessary for its executive to have a salary that will enable him to keep up with the times. Hence the liberality of the convention in fixing the salary limit.

THE WASHINGTON CONVENTION.

The committee on executive department in the convention at Olympia proposes a very full roster of state officials for Washington. The article as submitted creates a governor, lieutenant governor secretary of state, auditor, attorney general, superintendent of public instruction and commissioner of public lands all of whom are to be elected by popular suffrage. Washington will need all these officials and it is just as well to name them in the constitution and define their duties and powers.

Liberal but not excessive salaries are proposed. The pay of each officer in a state ought to be sufficient to enable men of ability to accept official position without too great sacrifice of personal interests. Responsible service can be expected only in connection with honorable independence.

Section 17 of the article on the executive department is a sort of curiosity. It declares in substance that any governor who shall attempt to use his official power to influence the action of any member of the legislature, or who shall ask, receive or agree to receive any bribe shall be punished in the manner now or that may hereafter be provided by law etc. Why a section like this should be inserted in a constitution is not clear. It can be made effective only by legislation, and a law would answer the purpose without the constitutional enactment.

The convention is making rapid progress, and the reports of committees so far indicate that the constitution will be, in the main an excellent one.

Every day furnishes evidence of the truth of the assertion that men are only children of larger growth. This, of course, is more particularly true of some men than of others, and one of its most common indications is seen in the fact that those of this class when in office will do what is expect of them when they are compelled to but not other wise. The average boy, whose daily task is to split the kindling for the morning fire will shirk the job if he is allowed to do so but perform it with reasonable cheerfulness and alacrity when expressly called upon to do it. So with our chief of police in the matter of death certificates, but it permits and other details with which he is charged in connection with his position. He is prompt in seeing to such things when he is reminded of his duty. Perhaps after all the public, knowing this peculiarity of office holders and children is to blame for not speaking up more promptly. Not to be remiss and when upon the subject The Oregonian begs to make its annual statement to the effect that the thistle seed come to perfection rapidly in hot weather in serene defiance of the immemorial law that ordains otherwise.

There will be a lively political contest under fire and inspiration in Ohio this fall. Bierce, the pyrotechnic chairman of the democratic national committee is going to try to carry the legislature so as to get for himself the seat in the United States senate that was bought last time with Standard Oil money for old man Payne. Bierce himself is a multi millionaire, and the Standard Oil Company will help him. Thus do we find the leaders up of the democratic party combatting the plutocratic tendencies of the age.

Lives were lost in ten counties in Pennsylvania by the early summer floods. Of all the devastated towns Williamsport presents the most distressing problem for solution. The main industry of its 40 000 inhabitants is lumber. Every log has been swept away, the mills are idle and there can be but little work in them for a year. In the meantime a Pennsylvania winter must be met, and the people, though willing are powerless to provide themselves against its rigors.

Uncharitable people hint that the governor of Mississippi would have accomplished more in suppressing prize fighting or punishing pugilists within his borders if he had sandwiched a little action between his ante and post pugilistic proclamations, and not cut off his slices of talk so thick. In consideration of the fact that this is the prize season such unmanly actions are allowed though strictly speaking they are not in good taste.

A great celebration of the fourth centenary of the discovery of America by Columbus is proposed in New York. The Sun takes the lead in urging the preparation, and offers $10 000 as a starter for a subscription. Though the time is yet three years distant the Sun urges that there is not more than time enough to make the preparations what they should be.

In telegraphing names strange results are sometimes produced. For example, the name of Colonel N. H. Owings of Olympia got into print in THE OREGONIAN recently as "Colonel U. Howings."

One county alone in Georgia will ship to the North 1 500 000 watermelons. Our countrymen in that state want to show the North that they do not forget Sherman's march to the sea.

BORN.

In Gibson, July 23, 1889, to the wife of Charles H. Bell, a boy.

DIED.

In East Portland, July 23d, Elizabeth Fowler, aged 4 years 2 months 8 days. Funeral will take place 2 o'clock P. M. from M. E. Church, corner 9th and I streets. Church papers please copy.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

Willamette Lodge No. 2 A. F. & A. M.—A special communication of this lodge will be held in Masonic Hall this (Thursday) at 2 P. M. for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, Joseph B. Burn. Also all other masons invited. H. CRAWFORD, W. M. W. S. CHARLESTON, Secretary.

Cor. H. River, Undertaker and Embalmer. Cor. 4th and Yamhill. Telephone 507.

Schwab Bros. Printing & Litho. Co., removed to 112 and 114 Front st.

NEW TO-DAY.

H. H. HILDEBRAND.

Prescription Druggist, 61 and Morrison. Telephone 499. Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

$120 WEST PORTLAND LOTS

Select advances Aug. 1; $1 to $150 and $300 each. Address T. A. WOOD, 21yr 100 F Temple.

Single Tax Club

Meets at Grand Army Hall to-night. Everybody welcome.

FOUND—LADIES' STYLISH ready made suits for sale, at D. PORTER & CO.'S, 147 Third Street.

100,000

Italian and Petite Prune trees for sale in lots to suit; for prices call or address MARK LEVY, Portland, Or. 149jy*

NEW TO-DAY.

BEAUTIFUL LOCATIONS.

$3000—100 feet square N. E. cor. 22d and I.
$1000—100 feet square N. E. cor. 20th and E.
$250—A block S. E. cor. 22d and H.

TERMS.

No cash required of parties who will build.

$50,000 Buys

A well located and slightly tract that will advance rapidly.

LINNTON LOTS

Are selling very fast. Boat leaves foot of Washington st., 10 10 A. M. Train leaves N. P. depot 11 45 A. M. Both daily. Get free transportation of

EORTWICK & BATTY,
No. 2 Washington St.

Read in
SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE
for August.

* "Form in Lawn Tennis,"
By Dr. James Dwight.
* Tarpon Fishing,
By Robert Grant.
* The Electric Light Article,
By Prof. Henry Morton.
* The Tennyson Papers,
By Prof. F. L. Lounsbury and Dr. Henry Van Dyke.
The Railway Article,
By Benjamin Norton.
* R. L. Stevenson's Serial;
Four Good Short Stories,
By H. H. Boureen, Frances Wallbridge, Grace Far ame Lathrop, J. C. Martin.

25 Cents.
Published to-day.
* Illustrated.

GRAND EXCURSION!

—TO—

Astoria and Return by Moonlight

—ON—

SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1889

On the Fast and Elegant Steamer Undine.

Boat leaves Alder street dock at 8 30 A. M. arriving at Astoria at 1 P. M. Excellent music going and returning furnished by the FIRST REGIMENT BAND OF O. Fare round trip only $1 50. The picnic ground at Astoria will be open to everyone on arrival and all can go to the Fair Grounds in a body. Those desiring to go to Fair Grounds can transfer at Astoria to steamer Cauby.

Tickets on sale at Hoyt's music store, Fisher's music store, Wiard, Clarke & Co.'s drug store, Smith's cigar store, Eurlig & Lamb's drug store, Stuart & Wagner's cigar store, Wiley B. Allen's music store, and the O. N. G. Armory.

Excursion tickets on board. Tickets limited.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE

We will sell at our sales room, No. 43 First st.,

—ON—

Friday, July 26, at 10 O'clock A. M.,

For account of whom it may concern.

Two trunks, one safe consisting of one large elegant (sealskin) watch pocket with gold mounted leather; two gold watches, one gold and one silver; bracelets, pearl cases; pearl buttons, jewelry, pearl handled knives, pearl handled forks, one pair large bronze vases, elegant lot on dressing case of silk portfolios, a dear little lady's undervest, the usual assortment of items, such as linens, shirts, towels, sheets, bedspreads, etc., etc., also 3 gilt and 1 butterflies.

GILMAN & CO., - - AUCTIONEERS.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD + FURNITURE.

We will sell at residence No. 264 Second street between Madison and Jefferson on Saturday, July 27th at 10 o'clock A. M. Household furniture, consisting of Black Walnut Parlor set, Hair Cloth Lounge, Marble Top Center Table, Carpets, Wardrobe, also 2 Antique Oak sets, 1 Ash set, 2 Red Wood and Wire spring mattresses, Antique Oak Extension Table, Cook and Heating Stoves, and Kitchen Furniture, etc.

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

ON AND AFTER AUGUST 1st, 1889, the Northwestern Mail and Transportation Co.'s stages will make daily trips between Davenport and Wilbur connecting with the Company's stages at Wilbur for Ruby City and Coeconnully, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, carrying the U. S. mails, and the Northern Pacific Express, leaving Davenport upon the arrival of the Northern Pacific train daily.

C. C. McCOY, Gen'l Manager.
CHAS. MERRIMEN, Div. Supt.

PLATO'S AGENCY, 9 SAMUEL COR. FIRST.

SITUATION WANTED FOR EXPERIENCED saleswoman in general merchandise; also first class man to take charge of farm; good reference and security required; for any whole position from porter up. PLATO'S AGENCY.

HELP WANTED—4 WAITERS (GOOD), 2 CHILD'S cook, 3 dining girls. PLATO'S AGENCY.

RESTAURANT, BEST HERE, $1 50; LUNCH 50c; 5 to 8 P. M., 50c; Dinner, 75c; small room for ladies; private rooms for parties, $1 00; will sell cheap; other business. CLIFFORD, 211 1st.

FOR SALE.

The scow P. W. W. now lying at the O. & C. dock, East Side. Apply to TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO., 34 Front st.

LOTS $100 TO $200 EACH.

On street car line. In Vancouver, Washington. High, sightly, cleared and level. The best buy in the Northwest.

STEARNS & HITCHCOCK,
Vancouver, Washington.

ONLY TWO YESTERDAY.

But those were 66 an old resident, who knows money can be made on lots in River side addition to Albina, JUST THINK 4 miles east of 4 mill, 88 mills, lots are $5600 each, $200 down, interest on balance, while 2½ miles north better lots are only $300 each, $10 down and no interest on balance. Call or send for an elegant map of Riverside addition and the whole city.

RIGGEN & HOLBROOK,
48 Stark Street.

Referee's Sale of Valuable Real Estate

The Enders tract of five acres in Gideon Tibbetts' claim, East Portland, will be sold at auction, Thursday, August 8, 10 o'clock A. M., at the County Courthouse in Portland. F. D. CHAMBERLAIN, Referee.

BUYS A LOT IN PLEASANT LITTLE Homes No. 3 for a short time; $5 down, $2 50 a month. Advance liable to be made any day. Motor running in September.

EMPIRE LAND CO.,
Dly tr 74 Morrison St.

AT A BARGAIN.

30 SHARES OF STOCK IN A LOCAL CORPORATION paying 6 dividends quarterly at rate of 10 per cent per annum; or par value for sale at $75 per share, for few days only. JOHN D. WILCOX, Real Estate and Stock Broker, 264 Morrison.

NEW TO-DAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN PURSUANCE of an order of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Multnomah county, made on the 20th day of July, 1889, in the foreclosure suit of Herbert Bradley vs. Harry F. McKay (he as the duly appointed receiver of the partnership property of the firm of Bradley & McKay), I will, on and after the 1st day of August, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M. at the store of said firm, No. 1-7 First st., in the city of Portland, Or., sell the entire stock of merchandise of said firm, and the fixtures, tools and implements of the same.

M. BLEMINGHAM, Receiver.

Dated July 24, 1889. 29j7

SOUTHERN PORTLAND—HOMESTEAD LOTS $5 cash, securing lots in this delightful suburb before all are sold in the 6 cent fare tract, recently platted with full grading to suit; these lots are 60 feet all cleared and staked; 10 minutes' walk to the car; no hills or gulches; this is now building three and five room houses; mechanics and speculators will find this the very best investment of the market; lots sold on easy terms by A. M. ELKINS, 24 Washington street.

Oregon Railway & Navigation Co.

Steamer Idaho will sail from Portland 10 A. M., July 27th for Port Angeles, Port Townsend, Seattle, Tacoma, Whatcom, Fairhaven and Bellingham. Through connections at Port Angeles with ocean steamer for Victoria and Alaska. Freight will not be received after 12 o'clock noon Saturday. Steamer Wilgan will sail for Astoria and all points on the Columbia river, Monday, August 5th. For above trips and rates apply to CAMPBELL & CO.'s, 3 SMITH, Gen. Mgr. 29j7

BARGAINS.

78 acres, 34 in cultivation, 40 in pasture and orchard, $125 per acre; 160 acres, better, $125 per acre; 80 acres, 30 in cultivation, house, barn and orchard, $120 per acre; 40 acres, all level, on the Canal road, 4 miles from Portland, $100 per acre; $750 per acre.

L. A. LAITERSON & CO.,
2495* 115 Fourth st., East Portland.

THE HARDMAN PIANO

is king. It is the only piano with metallic key section and metallic action brackets. Warerooms, 127 Fifth; sole agents for the Pacific coast. J. SHANAHAN, Agent, 127 Fifth st., Allen & Lewis building.

WILHOIT SPRINGS.

Health and pleasure resort. Hot and cold baths; daily stage to and from the springs. Apply at office of Portland Hotel, 2 to 5 P. M. Address McKenzie Bro., Portland, Or. W. McLEAN, Will Prop.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE South Pacific Industrial Association will be ready to receive bids for the exclusive privilege of the Midway Plaisance and Streets at the Fair to be held in Portland, Oregon, commencing September 9, 1889. Bids to be addressed to the undersigned at Portland, Oregon. By order of the Executive Committee.

H. W. CORBETT, President.
C. E. COE, Secretary.

WANTED—MAN WITH GOOD BUSINESS ability as partner in the city will buy $1,000 to $2,000 interest in well established business; work light; business must bear strictest investigation. Address, with name, P. O. box 1, Portland, Or.

SUMMIT! 10 ACRES FOR SALE; 1 mile from Lents; 1 mile from Mt. Scott; 1 house; 50 fruit and bearing trees; only $400; 1 mile from Fortieth St. and Powell Valley road. Apply to owner, 20 Front st.

ELK CREEK.

Healthful and pleasant. Hot and cold baths; daily stage to and from the springs. Address Wilhoit Springs P. O., Clackamas county, Or.

GRIMES HOUSE. FRANCE BRADLEY, proprietor. Rates $2 per day. Special rates by week. First class family hotel on the South Jetty. Rates $2 per day. M. GRIMES.

TO PIONEERS OF OREGON.—I WANT TO know the number of persons who crossed the Plains in 1844. Address, with stamp, J. W. CRAIG, Portland, Or.

A LADY IN BOONVILLE DESIRES A FIRST class situation; is a first class cook; will go to the country; has lived in Portland; can furnish the best of reference. Address A. B., Oregonian office.

TO LEASE—A TWO STORY BRICK BUILDing with cellar, situated on the corner of Front and Pine streets. Inquire of Holbrook, Wentworth & Co., 124 Front st.

WANTED—TENANTS TO PURCHASE CHOICE lots in Brooklyn; prices reasonable; terms easy; call and see us. SMITH & DAVIS, 1 Sherlock building.

WANTED—BY A GOOD BAKER, A SITUAtion; can furnish the best of reference; will go anywhere. Address A. B., Oregonian office.

WANTED—A GOOD MAN TO WASH AND trim windows; must be sober and reliable. Apply at 1 Ash st., between Front and Taylor

...NOTICES.
...S. W. MINER, NO. 22[illegible]
...a liquor habit positively ...olden specific. Druggist.
...PEWRITER AGENCY ...10 and 11.
...U BEDS GEORGE M. ... Trade supplied. [illegible]
...COUNTANT—CUSTOM ...er 48 First st.
...L—UMBRELLAS MADE ...repaired. 213 Third st.
...RY ACADEMY, CORN ... J. Wright, B. S., A. M. ...of Cadiz.
...S AT THIS PORTLAND ...and for Jos. Schlitz's Mil... bottle beer
...INDEPENDENT CHAIR ... daily on all matters, and ...ion
...VH BORROWED A ... Engineer Pocket Book ...Savings Bank about two ...nt it.
...D SOLD BY S. TOMLIN ...oon Bros.' stables, corner ...rd, Or.
...ENRY MILLER ESQ. ... cases of confinement. No ...d Oak. Salem
...METAPHYSICIAN AND ...Science 293 Ninth st., cor. ...Consultation free (1[illegible]
...S KNOWN AS GRAND- ...ned to the city and may be ...r clairvoyant sittings also
...H OF WOOD WILL BE ...st Portland or at the factory, ...Bottom and Shaw Sts.
...RE A PERMANENT, TELLS ...ure in question on all af... Ladies, $1, gentlemen, ...d Fourth.
...VE A REWARD OF TEN ... conviction of any person ...or Sunday Oregonian South ...J. MOORE, Route Agent.
...UP WITH REABOUTS OF ... boys seven a native of San ...about 14½ years since ...thankfully received by D. ...San Francisco Cal.
...D SHOP MAKERS—A Li... ...those who want employ... ...factory, call or address ...Mfg Co., 78 Front st., Po... ...before July 25
...CO. HAVE BEEN AP... ...verage of rag stock for the ...e and are prepared to pur... ...Manila rope and all ...k Old Iron and Metal of all ...ortland Oregon
...PACIFIC CO. LINES IN ...ght Department Portland, ...On and after August ...any will discontinue the ...e to make free deliv... ...ght coming or going over ...the places of the consignees ...RR. Asst. G. F. & P. Agt.
...TOGLIFF HERETOFORE ...as A. Brown of East Port... ...dissolved the business will ...the firm name of Oatiz & ...n by an equal partner in ...ing all accounts owing by ...audited by W. P. Oatiz. ...2d, 1881
...NOTICE IS HEREBY ...d of County Commissioners ...1 will sell at their attorney ...at 15) tace defeasible action ...(A court house and jail for ...ions specifications and esti... ...them at that time. Estim... ...$3 000. By order of the ...sioners of Snohomish Coun... ...ONS Auditor and Ex-officio ...1484m 14dw

...TORIES—DECK OF CARDS ...ed to I. O. Friday July 19, ...addressed to D. T. Hears, ...Board of Trustees for ...ty and indorsed on the ...Proposals for the Construc... ...will be received up to 12 M., ...st for the furnishing and in... ...ation of a system of water ...having of about 4750 feet of ...Iron pipe together with the ...and a pump having two ...meter and ten inches stroke; ...all their construction of a ...it unless so of about 20,000 ...Plans and specifications can ...at the The Town Board of ...reserves the right to reject any and all bids. ...Town Board of Trustees for ...Oregon the day and date ...D. T. Shafer, ...Town Recorder.

...SCRIPTIONS — SEALED PRO... ...to the undersigned com... ...ing and construction of the ...d commencing at the 44th ...in Umatilla county Oregon, ...or location to the 75th mile ...on, in ...ived until Saturday, August ...A. M. at which time they ...accompanied by a check or ...sufficient guarantee in the ...and dollars) that the bidder ...be being notified of the ac... ...center it to contract with ...ure, the wagon road with ...ours then for the faithful per... ...n of the work embraced in his ...

...d divisions and will be let in ...subdivision not less than two ...embraces that part of the ...between the 44th and 49th ...that portion between the 54th ...that portion between the ...the portion between the 71st ...that portion between the 71st ...name of the division desired ...er rule for grading and con... ...r plans and specifications on ...s office, in Umatilla county, ...can be obtained by calling on ...or an entlemen room 33, ...on Cr gon. ...by or by bids is reserved by the ...J. R. KEENEY, ...H. R. DAVIS, ...ROBT SARGENT, ...Commissioners. 222w

...AND FINDINGS. ...OLERY HARNESS, HARD... ...Portland Or

...PY & CO 78 FRONT ST., ...Manufacturers' Goods, Spon... ...ics Dressings, Etc.

...S CAMP, POULTRY, ...(SUCCESSORS TO C. A. MA... ...ouse N. W. cor. Fourth and ...ments and orders solicited.

...LE DRUGGISTS. ...WOODARD BST & ROBINSON

...MANUFACTURERS, ...& CO., 108 AND 110 FRONT ...

...CAPS

...VN DRESSES ...S.

...such low figures ...rial, perfection in

...Lehman ...& Co.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF.

Gathered by Reporters in Their Daily Round-up.

An Accident at Ilwaco—Scarcity of Workmen—Alaska Trade—A Lost Girl—Work on the Johnson Creek Sewer.

THE ALASKA TRADE.—The trade with Alaska is beginning to attract the serious attention of Portland business men. Two steamers are now running regularly on the Portland Alaska route and at the present writing all the freight is offered that they can conveniently carry. The development of the timber and mining interests of the latter is a field which the Portland merchants are not slow in entering, and as this city is unquestionably the natural trade center of this great country it is a field that Portland will most probably be able to hold for all time. A promising trade has been established with Sitka, which is probably the largest that has been done in Alaska during the present year. Rev. C. W. Hibbard, who is a resident of Sitka and was a passenger on the Portland, reports that trade in his section is fairly good at the present time. While here he purchased a complete sawmill outfit from the well-known firm of Russell & Co., one of the largest machinery houses on the coast. This outfit, which is probably the largest that has been shipped out of Portland during the present year, was shipped to Sitka and was on the Portland last night. From Mr. E. Hughes the Pacific Coast manager of the Russell Co., it is learned that with headquarters at Portland, it is learned that with headquarters at Portland, it is learned that this house is this year shipping out more machinery than ever before, and that is his earnestly expressed opinion that Portland at the present time is the best point for manufacturers offered to choose from, should not neglect the opportunity offered of obtaining a firm foothold in the new field of Alaska, which, if once firmly established, this city can never be dislodged.

A KICK IN THE PROCEEDINGS.—There is some kick in the proceedings for the transfer of the Oregonian railway lines to the Southern Pacific Company. In the agreement in regard to the transfer it was specified that the stockholders of the latter company should give quit-claim deeds to the Oregonian Company should give quit-claim deeds to the Southern Pacific. They thought they could induce C. P. Huntington to give them $100 each if they refused to do this, and Mr. Edmund Robertson the gentleman, and Mr. Edmund Robertson on business for the company, went to New York to endeavor to effect such an arrangement. In the mean time the indebtedness was paid off, which the Southern Pacific claimed was bought up at a discount by Mr. Huntington said this was a violation of the agreement, and refused to pay anything for the stock. It was agreed, and it now is understood that the sale of the road to the Southern Pacific will be completed on the —— inst.

ACCIDENT AT ILWACO.—Tuesday evening, a 7 or 8-year-old son of Mr. Hilgard, head sawyer at Trask, met with a serious accident while out playing with his companions. The boys were playing on the turntable, when, in some manner, young Hilgard's legs were caught in the gearing. The table was turning and the legs were forced under the spoke not over three inches across. As soon as the accident happened the injured boy was relieved from pain and the other boys stopped the table. He was carried into a house near by and Dr. Parks, the resident physician, was summoned. A special train was also sent for Dr. Hoxie at the beach. It was found that all the flesh on the back of both legs was torn away nearly to the bone. No bones were broken. The physicians put back the flesh as best they could, and sewed up the large gashes. They give it as their opinion that the boy owing to his youth, will recover.

STILL ANOTHER COMPLIMENT.—Mr. Francis A. Palmer, a prominent New York lawyer arrived in the city on Tuesday on his way home from a trip through Northern California. He is a man of means and is looking for good investments. Since his arrival he has been driving around the city and has been very favorably impressed. He says: "What struck my fancy more than anything else particularly, was the large number of beautiful residences in the city. I do not think I ever saw in the size of this size that gave more convincing evidences of thrift and excellent taste. I had no idea Oregon was such a magnificent state. The Willamette valley with its broad fields of golden grain seemed like a vast panorama, and the air was so fresh and invigorating that I felt as if I could stay there forever."

WORKINGMEN IN DEMAND.—Workingmen are in demand, and there is no need of any one who is able to work being idle. The Metropolitan Railway Company, who are building an electric motor line to Fulton park can not get as many men as they want. They tried Chinese but they would not work satisfactorily and were discharged. All available men are furnished with employment at the grain elevator and it is impossible to get as many as are wanted. The work of building the cribs or bins is being pushed as rapidly as possible. As the work consists mainly of laying planks and spiking them down it does not require full fledged carpenters. The walls of the elevator are beginning to loom up and an increase amount of lumber is being used in constructing them.

CONGRESSMAN MAKING HIS POUNDS.—Congressman Hermann is home from his first trip in history of the state to learn the needs of the people in the matter of national legislation. He left Monday at the Cascade locks, and found fault with the unexpended $80 000 of last year's appropriation a good showing can be made since it will place much of the stone we set hand in the walls. Tuesday a committee of the Dalles Board of Trade took charge of him and an examination was made of the portage railway location. Congressman Hermann will try to cover as much territory as possible in the brief time he has at his disposal.

THE FOUNDATION FOR THE THEATER.—Work on the eight story Marquam theater and office build ing is being pushed. The foundation for the Alderstreet frontage is well under way, and work on the foundation for the Morrison street front will begin in a few days. The stone comes from Fisher & Landing. W. T. Mr. Marquam is burning the brick for the building at his yard on the Taylor's ferry road. He is burning 1,500 000 brick. Mr. P. A. Marquam, jr., said yesterday that it was his father's intention to finish the theater by Christmas.

WANTON CRUELTY.—Yesterday Tov Suah, a Chinese lad employed at the Esmond, while carrying a bucket of coal up from the incline at the foot of Morrison street, was struck by a piece of glass thrown from the upper story of a building near. The glass cut through the boy's blouse and made a deep gash in his shoulder. There is no excuse for such an act of wanton cruelty, and the very contemptible fellow would be guilty of it. The fellow who threw the glass probably despises a Chinaman but it is a very poor specimen of a Chinaman who would be guilty of such an act of wanton meanness.

THE JOHN DILLARD LETTER.—Judge Deady was asked by a reporter yesterday what he thought of John Dillard's letter published in THE OREGONIAN a day or two since in regard to the case of Gold vs. Holmes et al. He said: I do not suppose that John Dillard did or could write the letter. But if he read it before signing it, and recognizes of the palpable and malicious falsehoods it contains, I am sorry for the old man. For whatever enmity he may have had for Holmes, this mass of maliciously strongly suggests, that he might deny his signature under oath for $10,000 or even a very small part of it."

NOT SERIOUSLY INJURED.—Mrs. J. P. Howe who was reported to have been hurt at Ilwaco several days since is not as badly injured as first supposed. Mrs. Howe was stepping from a car when her dress caught on the step and he trunk acted as a curse. She was thrown on her right shoulder and side and though considerably bruised no bones were broken. The shoulder swelled from the fall and it was thought that the shoulder blade was broken. The swelling has subsided and beyond feeling a little sore she is again around.

A LOST GIRL.—Any one knowing the whereabouts of Annie Magee, 14 years of age who left her home, at Oregon City a week ago, will please inform the chief of police, or Mr. Jno. F. Bowers, where she may be found. When last seen she was in a rig from East Portland to Albina, on the railroad track. She wore a blue striped gingham dress, green straw hat trimmed with green ribbon, has brown hair worn in a braid and brown eyes, and is of slender build. Her parents are anxious to learn her whereabouts and if she is in any respectable place are willing for her to remain there.

JOHNSON CREEK SEWER.—Mr. John Bays returned yesterday from a week's visit to San Francisco. He states that 460 feet of the excavation on the Johnson creek sewer has been completed, and that he is delaying on the work will be begun to-day. The direction of the sewer is the vicinity of L. street down to low watermark the whole force will be put to work at that point and the sewer completed before the rise in the river can interfere with the work.

NEARLY DRIED UP.—Persons who have recently visited Wasco county report that Fifteen mile creek, beyond The Dalles, is nearly dried up. The water left stands in pools which are constantly stinking, and the numerous trout collected in these pools are dying. The people chickens have to resort to these pools for water and large numbers can easily be killed there. Many persons are already hauling water long distances, and if rain does not fall soon there will be dry times in that section.

THE MATCHLESS HARDMAN PIANOS.—Mr. W. T. Markham says that these instruments now on exhibition at his warerooms in the Abington building, are attracting the attention of professors of music, and the more intelligent class of people in an unusual degree. He further says that the pure harp stop and metallic key action are the advantages indispensable in the construction of a perfect instrument. The Hardman Co., established in 1814, are the inventors and sole proprietors of this wonderful appliance.

SHOT BY A TRAMP.—A gentleman who arrived on the express from San Francisco yesterday states that during the night the train was coming up the Sacramento valley, a brakeman who drove the tramps off the train was shot by one of them, the bullet glancing on his skull inflicting a severe wound and stunning him to fall from the train. He was not wounded. The tramps, of which there were quite a number, escaped.

BEAUTIFUL WORK.—E. W. Moore the photographer, has purchased the exclusive right to use Snell's patent water color for coloring photographs. A fine exhibit of this work can be seen in the doorway at 21 Washington street. It is among the most beautiful work of the kind that has ever been seen. In order to well advertise the work, Mr. Moore will be initiate each one photograph to every dozen that is made, in his gallery.

MOUNT TABOR CONCERTS.—The Saturday evening concerts at Mount Tabor have proved the most pleasant and successful features of suburban amusement yet attempted. The programme for next Saturday has been carefully selected and will be the best yet rendered. The grounds will be much better lighted than heretofore, and no effort spared to make the affair enjoyable.

MASONIC FUNERAL.—The remains of Joseph B. Hammsted father of Mrs. C. L. Fay, will be buried by the Masonic fraternity under the auspices of Willamette lodge No. 2 A. F. & A. M. this afternoon. All Master Masons are invited to join with the lodge, which met at in Masonic hall at 1:30 P. M.

THE SINGLE TAX THEORY.—The Portland Ballot Reform and Single Tax club will hold a regular meeting at Grand Army hall to night. All are welcome. Those desiring information concerning the new movement will do well to attend as the theory will be fully explained and questions answered.

A FINE BUCK.—A fine buck was displayed in a Morrison street market yesterday. He first brought in this season. It was shot a few miles west of town. Its horns were in the velvet. There is something loose with the game law in regard to deer, owing to the tinkering of the last legislature.

PUT 'EM DOWN.—There is a very general and laudable activity displayed in the matter of putting down new sidewalks. The city surveyor and his assistants are kept busy setting stakes for these much needed improvements. The sooner there are new sidewalks all over town the better.

BOYS ATTENTION.—We are showing to day clothing suits for $1.25, sizes 6 to 11. Better goods for $2.50 and $4. Anyhow, come and look at the prices in our clothing window. They'll teach you how to purchase style with economy. J. Solinsky & Co., First and Taylor.

TAKING A LOOK AT THE COUNTRY.—Messrs. S. C. Regen, C. C. Reynolds, John Bell, O. S. Reburn, H. H. Mulholland and Mr. Bowman, of Vicksburg, Miss., are at the Gilman. They are taking a look over the country with a view to investment.

VISITING PORTLAND.—Mr. William H. Kinne and wife, of Redwood City, Cal., are visiting friends in this city. Mr. Kinne is sheriff of San Mateo county, Cal., having lately been elected for a second term.

BRIDGE DESTROYED.—A small bridge above Oswego across a deep gulch on the new county road to Oregon City, which was destroyed by fire a week ago, is being rebuilt and will be completed Saturday.

CARP BROUGHT IN.—Some one brought 10 pounds of carp to town yesterday, the largest weighing four pounds. They sold ready to people who have not tried them yet.

A NEW CLUB HOUSE.—The Arlington club have bonded half a block on Fourth street and contemplate putting up a club house which will be a credit to the city.

THE SUIT brought by us against Charles Kerpele as a guarantor has been dismissed a mutual understanding being reached. Foard & Stokes.

ONLY CREEK PURSUE.—The alarm from fire box 43 at 1:15 P. M. yesterday was for a fire in a lot of grass in South Portland.

NEW catch mess mackerel, kippered herrings and '86 Matjes herring at L. B. Mayer & Morrison.

BUT IT WAS LIVELY OLD SPORT

Mr. L. L. Hawkins Gives His Experience in Harpooning Porpoises.

Mr. L. L. Hawkins has just returned from a twenty days trip through California. He visited the Lake Tahoe region, but then went to Los Angeles from whence he went to Rodondo beach, eighteen miles distant, where Messrs. Ainsworth and Thompson have a tract of land of several thousand acres, and where they are building a fine hotel, bath houses, etc.

While at Rodondo Mr. Hawkins enjoyed the sport of harpooning porpoises which he says far excels buffalo hunting, and which he considers the most exciting sport in the world. A party consisting of the board of supervisors of Los Angeles and several other gentlemen were invited by Captain George J. Ainsworth to take a short excursion on a steam launch. They took along a harpoon and several hundred feet of line, and when about four miles out ran into a school of porpoises. These were thousands of them scattered over an area of two miles square, and feeding on schools of small fish. They would average six feet in length and about 200 pounds in weight.

When the launch got among them they kept jumping around it on all sides, some coming up within a few feet of the boat. Mr. Hawkins took his station on the bow, and had himself hoisted to a stay and with harpoon in hand prepared to capture a porpoise. The sleek active animals would leap out of the water by the score all around him, give a grunt of surprise, wink one of their huge pig-like eyes at him, and follow their polished bodies under the water before he could get the harpoon into them.

After many trials he at last got the hang of the thing and set this harpoon up to the handle in one, and then the circus began. No trout ever made a gamer fight than this porpoise. He ran out about 300 feet of line, and leaped and kicked and splurged, and it took three men to play him, and he made it lively for them also it half an hour. As he was being hauled in he made a flurry and tore off the harpoon. Six in all were harpooned and each made a most desperate fight, and all succeeded in getting away except the last one, which was hauled on board and taken ashore.

When the salmon are exterminated and the carp and catfish have rowed all the other fish out of the streams of Oregon, fishermen will have to fall back on porpoises for fun. There are millions of them in the Pacific, and it will take a long time to exterminate them.

CHIEF MORGAN COMPLAINS

That People Pile Wood Around Fire Hydrants—It Should Be Removed.

Many people are now laying in their winter's supply of wood and the numerous piles of this necessary article around the streets surprise strangers from cities where there are back alleys. In this happy go-lucky city people imagine they can pile their wood anywhere, and leave it as long as they please.

Chief Engineer Morgan of the fire department complains that a number of persons have piled cordwood about fire hydrants in various parts of the city which it would take some time to remove in case of fire. Every one knows that a few minutes in the locating of a fire are worth a great many after it has got under way, and every one should know better than to thus obstruct access to a hydrant.

The time lost in removing a pile of wood might cost a loss of thousands of dollars, and the insurance companies in the Northwest should be sufficient warning to all to be more careful about such matters. Chief Morgan will examine the rest of any one guilty of this offense hereafter, and all who have piled off and left the hydrant to have the wood removed before the fire is alleged to.

PERSONAL.

Mr. C. I. Knight of Hillsboro is in the city.

C. J. B. Myers has just returned from a short sojourn at Ostrander.

Mr. George H. Durham and family and Dr. J. W. Hill and family returned from Wilhoit Springs yesterday.

Hon. John B. Allen, Washington territory's delegate in congress, was in the city yesterday. He left during the day for Vancouver.

T. G. Murphy, one of the projectors and late secretary and superintendent of the Portland cable road, leaves to-day for his home in Philadelphia.

$100 ICE CREAM

Now serve Tim Wisdom's famous ice cream soda. We have obtained the formula used by the most celebrated ice cream in the United States and our ice cream soda is now pronounced by tourists to be equal to, if not better than the best served in New York or elsewhere. Our syrups are all made from fruit flavors. No artificial essences used by us which are made from berries and other delicious fruits. Come and try it. Our soda is ready to be served from the fountain. Our flavors and fine artificial which are so generally used. Try Wisdom's famous ice cream soda.

BRIEF MENTION.

Oregon peach baskets $1 per dozen in large lots. Liberal discount. Address Zan Ross.

What might have saved Seattle? One of A. T. Wright & Hodgren Fire Engines. They can be seen at the foot of Morrison street. Every family should have one.

TRY IT.

Freimann's lunch two kinds of soup two kinds of fish, four entrees, two roasts, chicken and beef, and dessert. All at Freimann's Annex daily from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M. Corner First and Oak. Popular prices.

CHEAP LOTS.—The coming city of Southern Oregon. For bargains in town lots and acre tracts apply to Chas. K. Chandler, Grants Pass Or. Lots and prices furnished on application.

FIRST-CLASS tickets and reserve your sleeping car accommodation at No. 121 First st., the corner Washington, office Northern Pacific railroad.

For all kinds of refreshing dishes the hot weather do not under any circumstances fail to try the New York the boston restaurant.

For Trunks and Satchels, Go to S. Harris & Co., First st., near Pine.

Oregon Electric Relief for any derangement of the stomach or bowels, this hot weather.

EVENTS ON THE EAST SIDE.

Work on the Adams Street M. E. Church Temporarily Delayed.

Two Fastidious Tramps—The Fall of a Scaffold—Houses for Rent—Omission Supplied—Odd Fellows' Building.

Some delay in commencing work on the Adams street M. E. church has been caused by a change in the plans that has been made, but it is expected that the contract will be awarded and work commenced within two weeks. The building now occupied will be moved to the rear of the grounds and will be used as a Sunday school and class room. There is every reason to think that the edifice will be ready for dedication in the fall. It will be remembered that some time ago it was announced that $5,000 had been contributed to the building fund. This insures the erection of the church beyond a peradventure. The building will cost about $9,000.

IN THE CITY JAIL.

The city jail now contains two common every day tramps and they are enjoying the cool apartments and the bread and coffee. They even complained that the bread had no butter on it, showing they were of epicurean tastes. Both were in for begging. Dillon. The other day a tramp went to Mr. Mc Ilhaney's residence on E. street, and demanded something to eat. He was told that if he would rake the back yard clean he would be given a square meal. He consented but as he claimed he was very hungry he was given the meal before he commenced on the job. After eating he was told where the rake was, but he walked directly by that implement and disdained to soil his hands by such a menial task. Any out of charity for a tramp is wasted.

OMISSION SUPPLIED.

All the announcements for the funeral of the late D. L. Leathers which took place last Sunday were made in full but by an oversight a notice of the funeral services were not published. In response to inquiries from Columbia Lodge No. 7 where he had many friends it will be stated the funeral took place Sunday under the auspices of the Knights of Pythias and the Grand Army. It was very large, attended and the remains were buried in Lone Fir. Mrs. Leathers is slowly recovering from the great shock occasioned her by her husband's death.

THE ODD FELLOWS BUILDING.

Walter Jones, the contractor, yesterday succeeded in placing the Odd Fellows building on its new foundation corner of Fifth and Ash streets. It was landed in good shape and was not rocked in any respect. It is quite an improvement on the old barn that stood there for so many years.

OFF FOR WILHOIT.

E. M. Sargent, of the real estate firm of Lambert & Sargent, left yesterday for Wilhoit Springs for a few days outing with his rod and gun. He has not been well for some time and he hopes that the pure mountain air will prove beneficial.

SCAFFOLDING GAVE WAY.

Yesterday forenoon a loud crash was heard in Logus's new building on Third and Ash streets. It was supposed that some one in the building was hurt, but such was not the case as there was no one on the scaffolding, but it collapsed.

AN ADVANCE.

H. D. McCarver has purchased from I. P. Chemin the latter's interest in a twenty acre tract near Irvington for $8000. Mr. McGuire was offered the tract two months ago for $7000 but did not take it then and now pays $8000.

WILL BUILD TENEMENT HOUSES.

W. T. Burney has purchased two lots on the southwest corner of Sixth and G streets, for which he paid the sum of $1000. He will cover this ground with several cottages for renting purposes.

TEMPERANCE.

Rev. D. O. Gormley left Clatsop Beach.

Mrs. W. B. Hill has returned from her three months trip East.

Mr. John Taylor is here from the Clatskanie, on a visit with his old friends.

Mr. George Johnson left for Long Beach last night. He will be away about six weeks.

CARD OF THANKS.

Mrs. J. M. Jones desires to express their heartfelt thanks to all those who worked so nobly in saving the furniture during the fire and saving property on the night of July 20, at their mill south of the city on the Macadam road.

C. H. WILCOX, 150 FIRST STREET,

Has received *Puck*, *Judge*, *Texas Siftings* and *Harper's Weekly*, *New York Clipper*, *Dramatic News* and *Mirror*, H. Rider Haggard's new novel "Cleopatra."

"CLEOPATRA."—Haggard's new novel price 25c, at Fulton's 49 Washington street.

A. FELDENHEIMER, Leading Jeweler.

LARGEST STOCK OF

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry

IN THE NORTHWEST.

Jewelry of All Descriptions Manufactured to Order.

COUNTRY TRADE SOLICITED.

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THE RELIABLE JEWELER,

—THE—

63 First st., bet. Oak and Pine.

Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, etc.

POSITIVELY

—No Goods Misrepresented.—

WHOLESALE JOBS

—BY THE—

New York Jewelry Co.,

107 First Street, Portland.

50c, 75c and $1.00 a Week.

Gentlemen and Ladies' Watches, Diamonds, Silverware, Clocks, Etc. Country subscriptions solicited. Save twenty-five per cent. by joining these clubs.

BECK, THE JEWELER,

Front and Morrison,

Opposite Esmond and St. Charles Hotels.

Headquarters for All American Watches.

UNCLE MYERS,

The Well Known Pawnbroker, Has Removed Temporarily to

209 First St.

Watches, Jewelry and Diamonds

Sold at Great Reductions.

Money Loaned at the Same Rates.

NEW DEPOT SALOON

Uncle Sol has Opened at 3 First Street--Opposite the Public Fountain.

BIG LOANS ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, BUGGIES, GUNS, PISTOLS, ETC.

U. S. SIGNAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORT.

PORTLAND, OR., July 24, 1889.

Place of Observation.	Height of Bar	Change last 12 hours	Temp.	Direction of Wind	Amount of rainfall in inches	State of Weather
Portland	29.90	—.08	84	NW	.00	Cloudless
Olympia	29.94	—.06	76	N	.00	Cloudless
Roseburg	29.92	—.08	90	NW	.00	Cloudless
Red Bluff	29.88	—.08	90	NE	.00	Cloudless
Sacramento	29.92	—.02	78	SW	.00	Cloudless
Eureka	30.04	.04	58	SW	.00	Cloudy
Spokane	29.86		88	W	.00	Cloudless
Walla Walla	29.84		92	W	.00	Cloudless
Canby	30.00	.02	78	W	.00	Cloudy

PASSENGER LISTS.

OVERLAND.

Oregon Short Line—Passed Glenn's Ferry July 24—M. B. Hoxie, W. H. Price, J. J. Cunningham, Lang King, C. R. Shaw, W. H. Carter, J. Low, J. G. Lewis, Charles Butler, W. C. Glemming and seventy five second class.

Northern Pacific—Passed Elliston July 23—N. B. Strong, J. E. Craven and wife, John Mitchell, E. E. Fleming, A. Clement, C. R. Cooper, S. R. Bond and wife, Mrs. A. L. Thomas, Miss K. E. Hunt, Mrs. M. Cramer and child, Mrs. M. Kline, Miss Mary Meyers, N. J. Rhoads, Mason Smith, N. H. Henry, K. F. Harlocker, A. W. Marlon, F. W. Clapp, T. W. Bronson, N. S. Soule, C. N. Portman, C. F. Bought, Fred Ackerman, W. Parker, John Heron, O. W. Willoughby, A. G. Harper, and fifty second class passengers.

Passed Medford to arrive over the Oregon & California: H. Donley, M. D. Rankin, J. D. Fielding, Miss Powers, R. Maverick and wife, E. E. Donavan and wife, Mrs. Silon and son, C. H. Morse and wife, F. Fairbanks, Miss Fairbanks and wife, F. Fairbanks, Miss Morse, Robert Morse, Charles Morse, F. S. Porter, W. C. Merrill, Mrs. Welch, Miss Murphy, H. Taubenheimer, I. Archibald, D. A. King, J. King, I. Cahnin, J. Maddocks, L. Gerlinger, wife and son, F. J. Jones, C. B. Richfield and wife, T. W. Robb, Mr. Sherman, J. Leslie and five children, M. F. Sullivan, A. M. Huff and wife, I. Myer, L. W. Blum, J. D. Weaver, A. I. Bloomer, J. H. Breeden, H. Gerlinger, I. Gerlinger, I. James, F. W. Laing, J. I. Chilling, H. W. Prank and wife, J. W. Idel, I. Nicol, D. Edwards, W. L. Wilder, Mrs. Cassy, Mrs. Jongeman, Miss Wells, Mr. King and wife, A. C. Smith and wife, F. Smith, C. A. Forsyth, I. Reed, Miss Powne and forty eight second class.

The finest lunches in the city at Freimann's Annex, corner First and Oak.

PUBBER HOSE

ROT AND MILDEW PROOF.

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Folding Hose Reels, California Lawn Sprinklers.

W. F. BOWERS & CO.

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Moore.

CRAYON ARTIST AND PHOTOGRAPHER.

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CLARENDON : HOTEL

J. F. Henderson, Prop.

Cor. Second and Ash.

BEST $1 A DAY HOUSE IN THE CITY.

(No Chinese Employed.)

All New Furniture. Location Most Central.

SPECIAL SALE.

Barbiggan Underwear

We have a large stock of summer weight French Balbriggan undershirts and drawers, which we sell at the price of domestic goods, namely $1 50, $2 00 and $2 50 per suit. Also lines of summer Merino and All Wool in summer weight. Prices $2 00, $3 00, $3.50 and $4 00 per suit.

In French Flannels, Fancy Silk Stripes and Pure Silk. Prices $1 50, $2 00, $2 50, $3 00 and $4 00. These goods are first-class in quality and stylish in pattern. We think it the prettiest line shown in the city.

SEAMLESS.

Call and see our line and if we don't sell you we will have nothing to say.

The Leading Clothier, Merchant Tailor and Hatter of the Northwest.

ATTRACTIONS

LADIES' GLOVES.

We own by accident a lot of choice Milan Thread Silk Gloves, which we offer at 25c a pair, worth three times the price.

SATINES.

We are having a closing sale of Fancy Satines. Note the reduction in prices.

15c grade for 10c. 25c grade for 16 2 3c. 35c grade for 25c.

Don't put off coming until too late.

GINGHAMS.

A large lot of 10c Plaid Styles, now 16 yards for $1.

Our usual line of 12½c Standard Dress Plaids, now 12 yards for $1.

ROYAL WORCESTER CORSETS

A NEW ASSORTMENT

JUST RECEIVED.

[illegible] & [illegible]

FIRST AND TAYLOR STS.

TACOMA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

A boarding and day school for girls.

Sixth year begins on Thursday, September 12, '89. The best instruction is given in English, German, French, Latin, Music, Drawing, and Painting.

The design of the school is to furnish a pleasant Christian home where girls can receive thorough and systematic instruction combined with culture and refinement.

For catalogue and particulars address

MRS. LEMUEL H. WELLS,

103 3aw1m Tacoma, Wash. Ter.

WHITMAN : COLLEGE

Will begin its eighth year Sept. 2, 1889, better equipped than ever before to do thorough work in all departments.

Collegiate, Normal, Business College, Preparatory, Music and Art.

Ladies in Boarding Hall will be in charge of a new lady principal with Mrs. H. J. Coyne as matron. For catalogue address A. J. ANDERSON, President, Walla Walla, W. T.

ST. JAMES' COLLEGE

Formerly Holy Angels College.

VANCOUVER, WASH.

BOARDING AND DAY COLLEGE FOR BOYS AND YOUNG MEN.

For terms and particulars address REV. F. A. BECKER, Director.

P. S.—Descriptive catalogue and circulars sent on application. 103y2m

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NEAR OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA.

An institution of high grade for young ladies, chartered by the state with power to confer degrees. Full college, preparatory and seminary courses of study and graduating classes in each department. Best advantages in vocal and instrumental music, Art and modern languages. Special attention given to physical and moral welfare of students. Fall term opens Aug. 8. For further information address

C. T. HATHON, President.

KIDNEY and all urinary troubles easily, quickly and safely cured by DOCUPA Capsules. Never yet cases cured in seven days. Sold 01 01 per box, all druggists or by mail from Docupa Mfg Co., 112 White street, N. Y. Full Directions.

Dr. E. C. Brown, Diseases of the Eye and Ear, No. 169 First St.

PORTLAND MILL AND FIXTURE CO.,

Seventh and N streets, East Portland.

Sketches Furnished on Demand

Free of Charge.

Having completed our factory with a full line of new and improved machinery, we are prepared to give estimates and execute all kinds of mouldings, brackets, turnings and interior trimmings, bank, office, store and saloon fittings and make a specialty of beer and butter coolers, made from strictly Eastern designs.

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General Detective Business Transacted for Corporations and Individuals.

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Vitalized air a specialty. Cocaine and Electricity for painless extracting. Fine gold work a specialty. Room 7 Union Block. First-street entrance.

F. W. PREHN, Dentist, 54 Union Block, Entrance Stark Street.

DYE TO DYE—PORTLAND STEAM DYE WORKS. W. PINSAPFEL & CO., proprietors, 209 Third st. All kinds of dyeing and cleaning done in first class style. Cleaning repairing and dyeing gents clothing a specialty. DYE AND LIVE TO DIE. 143m

C. E. Geiger, M. D., Homeopathist and Surgeon, corner Third and Morrison. Telephone 581.

CORNS AND BUNIONS SKILLFULLY treated by DR. A. B. BERNSTEIN, Room 13, 185 First street, corner of Morrison. Consultation free. 181m

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ONE PRICE TO ALL

SOLE AGENCY MME. DEMOREST'S RELIABLE PATTERNS

OUR SEMI-ANNUAL

CLEARANCE SALE

THIRD WEEK.

FANCY GOODS : DEPARTMENT

SELECTED.

Price for Lace Flouncings and Drapery Nets.

75c Cream Lace Flouncing for	40c.
$1.00 Cream Lace Flouncing for	55c.
$1 25 Cream Lace Flouncing for	60c.
$2 00 Cream Lace Flouncing for	$1.00.
$2 00 Black Lace Flouncing for	$1.05.
$2.25 Black Lace Flouncing for	$1.10.
$2.35 Black Lace Flouncing for	$1.15.
$2.50 Black Lace Flouncing for	$1.20.
$2.75 Black Lace Flouncing for	$1.35.

Drapery Nets and Narrow Laces to match above, all at half price. We clear Goods in Dead Earnest. No sham sale.

Ladies' Fancy Striped Hose	5c per pair.
Children's Fancy Striped Hose	5c per pair.
Roman Pearl Ball Buttons	5c per dozen.
Hair Pins	5c per box.
Ornamental Hair Pins	10c each.
Safety Pins	3c per dozen.
Children's Round Combs	4c each.
Fine Scissors (3 sizes).	33c per pair.

DOMESTIC : DEPARTMENT

QUEENS

Our Imperial French Sateens, Our Royal Imprime Sateens,

21c per yard.

We Expect to Clear Out Every Yard at This Price.

SHOE DEPARTMENT

GREAT CLEAN-UP

—OF—

ODDS AND ENDS

Ladies,' Misses' and Children's Shoes at your own prices to close.

This will be a great week of Bargains for intending purchasers of Shoes.

Departments are neglected in Our Clearance Sale.

THE FARMERS' & MECHANICS' STORE

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NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, THURSDAY, JULY 25.

WHAT BIBLE?

The Idaho constitutional convention on Tuesday discussed the section of the educational article forbidding the use of sectarian books We are glad to note that the convention refused a passage to the following amendment

Provided, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to forbid the reading of the Bible in the public schools, nor to enjoin its use.

There was a good deal of demagogue talk in favor of this amendment. To acknowledge the influence of the moral teachings of the Bible is one thing while to make it reading part of the religious exercises in the public schools is quite another thing If the Bible is to be read what bible? the Protestant version or the Catholic or both? the Old Testament which the Jew accepts or the New Testament which he rejects? Would it do to teach her children hostility to Mormonism by reading the Old Testament redolent of polygamy and concubinage or the monogamic teachings of the New Testament? How could any state expect logicality to refuse to support the Roman Catholic parochial schools if it includes among the religious exercises of the common schools the reading of the Bible that to the Catholic is not simply the 'foundation of all morality and truth' but is a sectarian book'

Mr Poe of Nez Perces declared that all our laws are founded upon the Bible Does Mr Poe think that the divorce laws which rule in nine-tenths of the Union and in England are founded upon the Bible? Does he find the faintest trace of any hostility to polygamy expressed in the Old Testament even in the Ten Commandments on which we base our laws which make bigamy polygamy and concubinage crimes? Does Mr Clagett really believe that the Bible is 'the foundation of all morality and truth?" Does he really believe that the morality and truth for which integrity, truthfulness, justice mercy temperance, humanity, forgiveness of injuries self sacrifice and obedience to conscience stand, had no evangelists before Christ or no evangelists after Christ that never had a chance to know Christ?

The Bible has more than once been used to fortify human slavery and all the immorality and inhumanity that it implies, it has been used as the pedestal of the cruel theocracy of Puritan New England, it is used to day to justify polygamy by the Mormon, it is used to justify the sentimental destructive doctrine of Christian socialism preached by Victor Hugo So far from being the foundation of all morality and truth, it is a mixture of truth and error, and its ethics are in many places so execrable that they are not only not practiced but are under the ban of both the law and the church in all Christian countries The Bible is no more 'the foundation of all morality and truth" than Plato and Aristotle are the foundation of all morality and truth—whether spiritual or scientific The evolution of all morality and all truth did not begin with the Bible nor end with it and to pretend that it did is as historically untrue as it would be to say that all we know of applied natural philosophy began and ended with Archimedes, or all speculative science began and ended with Aristotle

CIVILIZATION AND LIBERTY

It has always been a favorite idea with thinkers of the superficial order that man in society is deprived of his natural liberties and that society as it is constituted is an unwarrantable restraint on the individual They who hold this idea always have a theory of a social state in which the laws shall not press on any one. What they call natural society is the object of their dreams Close observers and sound thinkers in every age have seen and exposed the fallacy of these visions, but they reappear continually under only slightly changing forms At the root of these theories anarchism always exists Of course no men ever have had liberty in the sense of entire freedom of action but civilization and society make man far more free than he ever was or ever can be in a state of nature

Professor Sumner in a recent article in the *Independent* makes this plain The savage man the primitive man or the man in the state of nature was not a free man The exigencies of subsistence held him tight and when he united with his fellows he was subjected to discipline to traditions and customs Among the nomadic hordes of Central Asia or among the men of the Bedouin type Professor Sumner finds the wildest and most untamed form of personal liberty But it was accompanied by slavery and this leads to Professor Sumner's conclusion that the notion of wild, unrestrained personal liberty found as approximate realization only when society was so differentiated that some could get this freedom because others had been reduced to servitude The primitive man began life a dumpy hided Hewissa hammered out of state had everything to conquer and only in his achievements could he emancipate himself from the surrounding difficulties So civilization instead of robbing us of our birthright of freedom has given us a measure of emancipation from the unlimited restraint and oppression under which our kind began

HOT WEATHER BEHAVIOR

Midsummer by the almanac midsummer by the calendar midsummer by the sixty days suns fervidly rays upon the sidewalks and sends the air in through the open casements a furnace blast The fact is undeniable We are not here to complain about the unreasonable condition of affairs but to mention the effect upon perspiring humanity as much as possible The few complaining specimens who can escape to the seaside and mountain shore of course but the great majority have to remain and those who intelligently make the best of the situation are wise It is perfectly possible to keep cool in hot weather if one can devote his time and attention to this single object and has saved enough by close economy during the rest of the year to pay the bills incident to idleness and recreation Most of us are not thus situated The summer is here it is and here with it and here to stay It is sensible thing for the daily toiler to be to lightly clad and lightly fed to walk on the shady side of the street avoid hurry and worry be frequently in water not too cool and let cooling drinks and intoxicating beverages severely alone The free use of ice in the form of cooling tonics is another matter of doubt but if you must, you must generally speaking at least

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Congress in the last session—but one of its short sessions—passed a bill to construct a railroad from Bates Pioneer Thirty years ago the West of Missouri the Rocky Mountains now this state has in all the years here has been a large number of saloons in operation in proportion to that of the city under the rule of the saloon During the strike of the lumbermen the mayor ordered the saloons to close which they did until the strike passed and then they reopened again or in the words of the *Whig and Courier* the rum shops of this city resumed their devastating work in our midst or again, the drunkard mills of the city are again running on full time and grinding out their sickening grist of inebriates' In a later issue the paper announces that 'the tide of intoxication is again flowing unchecked through our streets." So prohibition is not temperance a statute is not temperance; a constitutional amendment is not temperance But if the people of Maine would cease to depend on constitution and laws and push temperance work with its only effective forces—moral social, religious and educational endeavor—the tide of intoxication wouldn't flow so disgracefully through the streets of their cities It would be held in check as it is in places like Portland Or

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Concerning execution of the death penalty by electricity Edison has testified that it can be applied without difficulty so as to instantaneously and painlessly kill a man sitting to the electrical chair Of course no intelligent man expected any less positive testimony from Edison who always knows what he is talking about but it has always seemed to us an exhibition of mistaken misplaced humanity to devise a painless death for a murderer A murderer inflicts a great deal of pain generally upon his victim and if he does not it is not due to any design on his part and therefore we believe that in justice and equity he is not entitled to a painless execution The murderer ought to be made to taste some of the agony he has cruelly and recklessly inflicted upon his victim If death by electricity could be shown to be painful to a considerable degree we should feel less regret at the abandonment of death by the hangman's cord but Edison's testimony leaves no doubt that the humanitarian cranks of the Empire state have succeeded too well in providing a perfect euthanasia or happy dispatch for her cutthroats hereafter

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The finals of the Sullivan-Kilrain prize fight has been reached The champion has drawn the money from the stake holder made the rounds of the sports' saloons of New York filled his friends with champagne and himself with whisky becoming proudly boastful of his rare qualities as a brave and powerful fighter and expressing himself as eager for another encounter with a gentleman in the prize ring Governor Lowry seems to have abandoned his effort to vindicate the name of Mississippi by punishing the fighters and all now bids fair to remain quiet until the champion succeeds in imbibing enough whisky to become riotously drunk—an undertaking of some magnitude but one which he will doubtless accomplish before he gets through with the first half of the $10 000 'earned' in whipping Kilrain In the meantime the dog days approach and the people having had a surfeit of recreation long for rest

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An advance statement showing the principal exports from the United States during the fiscal year ended June 30 1889 has just been issued by the bureau of statistics at Washington The report shows a considerable gain over the exports of the preceding year The following are comparative figures showing exports of leading articles

	1889	1888
Breadstuffs	$120 000 000	$124 700 000
Cotton	278 8 000	202 900 000
Provisions	99 400 000	5 600 000
Cattle and hogs	16 300 000	17 400,000
Petroleum	43 400 000	46 600,000
	$522,100 000	$494 100,000

Envious cities of limited area but large expectations are talking sarcastically of Chicago's hay crop' since that enterprising city reached out and took in the northwest corner of the state of Illinois down to the Indiana line It is even said that the oat crop of the big city promises well that its corn crop is average that it has something of a wool crop and a noble dairy product So far as has yet developed its police crop has not made a remarkable showing though at last accounts there was a reasonable certainty that the murder of Cronin was compassed through a conspiracy

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More petroleum was exported from the United States last year than ever before Although the production in other countries was enormous we shipped 612 000 000 gallons valued at $49 420 817 Competition has however reduced the price for in 1878 the export was about one half the number of gallons exported in 1888 yet the value of the same was estimated at $61 000 000

During last year the output of anthracite coal was 38 145 718 tons Of this amount a little over two thirds was consumed in Pennsylvania New York and New Jersey The Pacific coast only took about 700 000 tons but the consumption of coal in the West is rapidly increasing Over 2 000 000 tons was shipped out of the country

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BASIL ALI

Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago and Indianapolis the Winners

CLEVELAND July 24—Pittsburg won in the ninth inning up to date by a burst of good hitting, and a display of fish and chicory Score—Cleveland 4 Pittsburg 5 Base hits—Cleveland 12 Pittsburg 12 Errors—Cleveland 3 Batteries—Cleveland Beckley and Zimmer Pittsburg Galvin and Miller Umpire—Curry

PHILADELPHIA July 4—The Phillies won a third straight game from New York this afternoon by batting all around playing The game was called at the end of the sixth inning on account of darkness Score—Philadelphia 7 New York 2 Batteries—Philadelphia Gleason and Clements New York Errors—Philadelphia 1 New York 6 Batteries—Philadelphia Buffinton and Clements New York Crane Keefe and Ewing Umpire—Lynch

BOSTON July 24—The Washingtons were not in it yesterday Daily fell behind in the third inning and were defeated Score—Boston 11 Washington 2 Batteries—Boston Madden and Kelly Washington O'Day Sullivan and Clarke Umpire—Lynch

CHICAGO July 24—Chicago and Indianapolis played two games this afternoon Both were won in the last inning of the first game Hutchinson getting a trifle the best of Mullane Duffy won the second game in the eighth inning by batting but running Both games were very close and exciting Score—Chicago 6 Indianapolis 5 Batteries—Hutchinson and Daily Mullane and Boyle Second game—Chicago 7 Indianapolis 5 Batteries—Chicago Flynn and Farrell Indianapolis Healy and Moore Umpire—McQuaide Second game—Chicago 8 Indianapolis 6 Batteries—Chicago Ryan and Daily Indianapolis Boyle and Buckley Umpire—McQuaid

ASSOCIATION GAMES

BALTIMORE July 24—Baltimore 6 Louisville 2
PHILADELPHIA July 24—Athletics 9 Cincinnati 8

BOSTON July 24—Boston Chicago Brooklyn Columbus July 24—Columbus 5 Toledo 0

THE ROYAL GRANTS

Gladstone, Harcourt and Parnell Will Support the Grants

LONDON July 24—It is declared in addition to the full support of the ministry that Gladstone Harcourt Parnell Dillon and Sexton will vote in favor of the queen's allowance to the duke of Connaught and that Labouchere will not vote against it Further although he will not vote for the grant he will not speak against it Mr Labouchere's attitude is due to the fact that he is a friend of Prince Albert William Patterson Richard and Rudolph Labouchere's brother

JOHN MORLEY within a few days will give notice of a motion to reduce the grant to the duke of Connaught to £10 000 a year

The Irish members will support the motion of Mr Morley

AT HOME AND ABROAD.

An Oregon Boy Crushed Beneath a Water Tank.

FORTY CHINA HOUSES BURNED

A Negro Child Sacrificed to a False Messiah—A Swiss Count Kills His Mistress and Commits Suicide

GERVAIS Or July 24—A terrible accident occurred near Fairfield last evening about 7 o clock Reginald the 9 year old son of D Hess was instantly killed by the upsetting of a water tank and was literally crushed to pieces The boy in company with Mr S J Kerr went down to the river to fill up the water tank to supply the threshing machine which was at work on the Milsap place one mile north of Fairfield and while coming up the hill they ran against a stump which upset the wagon and the tank fell with full force on the boy breaking his neck limbs and body No bones attached to anyone Mr Kerr was considerably bruised also

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A CHINATOWN BURNED.

Forty Buildings and Their Contents in Sacramento Destroyed

SACRAMENTO Cal July —The entire Chinatown district in this city consisting of forty wooden buildings mainly occupied by the Chinese was burned at 4 o clock this morning Owing to the location of the buildings in proximity to the switching yards of the Southern Pacific railroad which were filled with loaded cars the fire department was unable to do any effective work and all the buildings and their contents were destroyed It is believed that no lives were lost though many Chinese had narrow escapes The loss on the buildings will not exceed $10 000 no insurance

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SHOCKING DEPRAVITY

A Negro Child Sacrificed to an Alleged Messiah

SAVANNAH July 24—A child sacrificed to a pseudo Messiah who has been working among the negroes of Liberty county, has just been discovered in a remote part of the county The child is black Its throat is cut and its ears missing The negroes are possessed of a religious craze created by Orth Orr Bell's preaching and will not talk of the murder but it is believed that the parents did the killing They are disciples of the false Christ who preached frequently of human sacrifice The coroner is investigating and the negroes are in a lamentable state of religious frenzy Edward James who is acting as leader of the congregation since Orth was sent to the asylum ten days ago appears before an audience almost perfectly nude when he preaches

---

A TRAGEDY IN HIGH LIFE.

A Swiss Count Kills His Mistress and Then Commits Suicide

COPENHAGEN July 24—A great sensation has been caused in the highest circles by the suicide of Count Sparre, a member of a prominent Swiss family After he had killed his mistress Count Sparre had been carrying on a liason with Livia Medegan a circus performer on the island of Tansigne and becoming involved in a quarrel with his mistress drew a pistol, shot her and then shot himself Count Sparre was married and his wife moved in the most aristocratic circles in Copenhagen

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THE PARNELL COMMISSION

Testimony by Maloney Concerning the Documents of the Land League

LONDON July 24—At to day's session of the Parnell commission Maloney an ex clerk of the land league was examined He denied all knowledge of any documents concerning the league except those in the hands of Parnell's solicitor He also said that Parnell was in error when he said that he (Maloney) upon leaving the country ordered the documents in his possession to be destroyed

A number of documents belonging to the land league were removed from the house in Blessington street Dublin where Sexton lived in 1882 His (Maloney's) wife was empowered to draw league checks Maloney could not say why she was thus empowered except that the land league of which she was treasurer was assisting in carrying on the work of the league

Millar of the national bank testified that Parnell never suggested to him that the checks and bank books of the league should be destroyed

Turell cashier of the bank stated that he had received in order to destroy the waste box last February He did not examine the books to see if they contained documents material to the inquiry

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THE STORK DISBURSED

No Credence Given the Report that Mrs Herron Is in Danger in Corea

WASHINGTON July 24—Mr Allen secretary of the Corean embassy called at the state department this morning and had with Acting Secretary Wharton out the case of Dr Allen Herron the missionary reported to be under sentence of death for preaching the doctrines of Christianity in Corea Dr Allen stated to Wharton his entire confidence in the truth of the story Even if the lady had been charged with the offense she would be under the jurisdiction of the consular courts and the emperor except by the exercise of arbitrary power could not order her execution

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PERILS OF PRISON LIFE

NEW YORK July 4—It is reported that Mrs Heron a Presbyterian missionary in Corea had been sentenced to death for teaching Christianity is not credited by the officials and they consider that such action by the Corean authorities is entirely improbable

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THE CHICAGO & ALTON.

Jay Gould Says He Has Made no Offer for the Purchase

NEW YORK July 24—Jay Gould in an interview in regard to the rumor that he was negotiating for the purchase of the Chicago & Alton said I have all the railroads I need at present I have made no offer for the Alton

Regarding the withdrawal of the Alton and the rumored withdrawal of the Southern Pacific from the Interstate Association he said he thought the association would continue to maintain quite of the Alton It is a dividend paying road It must maintain rates Crops in the southwest except cotton are all out of danger and there would be business enough for all the rest of the year

---

A BOULANGIST ASSAULTED.

A Member of the Chamber of Deputies Prevented from Making a Speech

PARIS July 24—Dupont a Boulangist member of the chamber of deputies, last night attempted to make a speech at Port Louis but was hustled and mobbed and stoned A number of Dupont's teeth were knocked out and he was rendered unconscious He was removed from the platform

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Workingmen on a Trip

NEW YORK July 24—A party of forty two representative workingmen sailed for England on the Inman steamship City of Richmond to visit the principal cities of England Scotland France Germany and Belgium and the Paris exposition Saturday

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Suicide of a Wife Murderer

LAKE MAHOPAC N Y July 24—Chauncey Kitchell years old who killed his wife last Sunday after firing three shots at his wife and neighbors The young woman will die

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Foreign Laborers Sent Back

NEW YORK July 24—Two families who arrived here last week from Germany under contract to the Milwaukee Delaware Coal company were sent back today

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Is Insolvency Feared

WASHINGTON July 24—Matt Parker at noon today filed this morning for a writ of habeas corpus for the release of all the Sioux prisoners Judge Bradley refused the writ and the courts will consider the matter to morrow

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Visible in Australia

SYDNEY N S W July 24—The comet recently discovered at the Lick observatory in California is visible here

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An Advance in Gold

BUENOS AYRES July 24—The premium on gold has advanced to 75 per cent

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Kidney affection of years standing cured by Simmons Liver Regulator—J W Boyle.

A SENSATIONAL CASE.

The Mysterious Story of a Woman Who Wanted a Fortune

CHICAGO July 24—A suit at law with many peculiar features, was decided here today by Judge Kinkerbocker Colonel Walter Babcock a supposed bachelor, died in August 1887 at Gardiner Ill from the effects of a pistol shot received under mysterious circumstances which have never been cleared up He was on a visit to Miss Sarah Dodge a spinster

He left an estate valued at $60 000 and his sister Mrs Hattie A Martin secured a decree of administration thereon, pending the settlement of the estate

Mrs Naomi Fairchild aged 60 years and broken in health began a suit to secure a share of the estate, claiming to be Colonel Babcock's fellow cohabitant that she was once considered a very beautiful woman in fact that she was the belle of the whole country side in Wisconsin Colonel Babcock says she fell in love with her as a widow and on October 7 two days before the great fire in 1871 married her Their reminiscences of the intervening years related them were very familiar He took her to several places in Wabash as one in this city the location of which she cannot describe at present but which they were Finally after the ceremony he took her back to her home and after finding nothing upon her to keep the matter secret literally ran away from town Mrs Fairchild made all efforts to conceal the circumstances described but was unsuccessful Finally however she learned that Colonel Babcock had married a woman in Chicago and that he was living with her

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HOGAN, THE AERONAUT.

He is Reported to be Alive, One Man Claiming to Have Talked With Him

DETROIT July 24 The *Journal* has a dispatch from Jackson regarding Hogan the aeronaut Hogan from both the states that Hogan made Jackson he talked to him Hogan requested him to keep it secret from the public as he was informed in his descent that there were detectives on the train and that Hogan is hiding till the coast is clear

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CABLE NOTES

The Recent Secret Conference

LONDON July 25—The Standard's correspondent says I am informed to state that the report current on the continent that at the recent conference between the Prince of Wales and the Emperor of Russia the latter offered him an alliance against France is entirely without foundation

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The English Hop Crop

LONDON July 24—Advices from hop districts say that the crop will be a full one and considerably better than the one of 1888 In Hadleigh only a light crop is expected In Tenterden it is said that the samples were already destroyed and great expense to the growers caused thereby The locations at Staten Island Harlem or Long Island are unfavorable for a good crop Much complaint is heard from Wisconsin Those who have had a hand in the matter in the states are most enthusiastic They say that the exhibition will be a great deal better than at present in Paris that it will last longer and will be more central and that the exhibits will be more typical It has been urged secretly that the foreign nations largely American in showing the growth of the two American continents in their four centuries of history

The Eagle adds that it may pose before Congress for support suggested the correspondent

Yes indeed replied Mayor Grant great things will be expected from them That new and rich country of yours will rank as a great power from it and will no doubt contribute the most interesting features.

HIS SCHEME WAS DISCOVERED.

A Confidence Man Finds Chicago Too Warm for Him and Departs

CHICAGO July 23—Joseph Herzog an alleged sinecure owner from California who turned an old confidence game at the Grand Pacific hotel yesterday evening was held prisoner in his room last night

After his scheme had been discovered along with a satchel full of tricks Herzog still burned turned at 10 o clock last evening and attempted to sneak up to his room by the back way A detective recognized him and locked him in the room this morning Herzog accompanied by the detective went to the Grand Pacific where Herzog secured $5 from a friend and with the money paid his bill took up his carpet baggage and left

Herzog is the man who advertised in a German paper for a German to work 6 hours in vineyards in Napa Cal for three years at good wages and other inducements were offered for what Herzog was to have all the money in advance as a guarantee of good faith The hotel was full of men yesterday anxious to accept his terms but his game was discovered and he fled

---

A TRIP TO THE TROPICAL SANDWICH ISLANDS

Can be made via San Francisco within four weeks Steamers of the Oceanic Steamship Company monthly Models of marine architecture a specialty with us

Special Excursion Tickets good for three months at reduced rates

Apply to G S TAYLOR Ticket Agent 142 Ticket Office First and Oak streets 2101

SEASIDE HOUSE

Clatsop Beach

Is now open for the reception of guests Rates $5 per day $30 per week Half price Special rates to families

CARL PFEIFFER Manager

Excursion for Vacuina Bay.

Excursion rate over the Oregon Railway & Navigation Co from Portland to Vancouver and return Tickets will be on sale at 10 a m Pacific Railroad from Portland to Vancouver Vancouver Bay $0 00 Round Trip

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GENERAL HARDWARE Write For Prices.

ELECTRICAL GOODS. FISHING TACKLE.

PEACH AND PLUM

Garden Hose and Sprinklers.

HARDWOOD LUMBER, SHIP TIMBER, TREENAILS, FANCY WOODS, VENEERS.

129 to 147 Spear st and 26 and 28 Howard st, San Francisco, Cal

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SIGHT IS PRICELESS.

If You Have Defective Eyes and Value Them, Go to

REED & MALCOLM

For your Spectacles and Eyeglasses It is the only establishment in Portland where they are prepared on thoroughly scientific principles Be sure to call If necessary to correct each patient case Now is the select where glasses are required to be applied Strengths Weguarantee our fitting to be absolutely perfect Our new optometer and test chart to measure the strength of the eye with is complete the result is sudden it has proved of all tests the most reliable and that will give the exact amount of improvement in one sitting.

REED & MALCOLM Scientific Opticians 24 Morrison street Portland Or

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COUGHS, SORE THROAT, WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, INFLUENZA, ASTHMA and BRONCHITIS, AFFECTIONS of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, including CONSUMPTION, especially and permanently cured by the use of

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

which does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind but loosens the disease, allays irritation, and relieves the lungs of all obstructions. Be sure to get the genuine

SETH W FOWLE & SON, Proprietors BOSTON, MASS.

For Sale by Druggists generally

MILLINERY STORE FOR SALE.

An established and paying millinery business for sale The only millinery store in business part of city Address MRS. N. G. EGBERT, Walla Walla, Washington.

EPPS'S COCOA for breakfast grateful comforting made simply with boiling water or milk 1y1y

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TITLE ABSOLUTELY PERFECT

STRICTLY "INSIDE" PROPERTY

Looking for Investments

ADVANTAGES ELEVATED, SIGHTLY, ACCESSIBLE.

REACHED BY HORSE CARS, MOTOR LINE AND FERRY.

Seeking Residence Property

PRICES AND TERMS EASY.

SHOULD SEE

LOTS FROM $700 UPWARD

HOLLADAY'S ADDITION

TEE VIEW (EASILY REACHED) **UNSURPASSED**

TO EAST PORTLAND

This magnificent property comprises 1400 lots and lies immediately between the city of Portland and the south and the city of Albina (population 4000) on the north Between these two populous centers with a combined population of nearly 30 000 is high commanding ground in view of the entire city of Portland, Mount Hood, the Willamette river and valley for many miles and the Cascade mountains in the distance

East Portland is now building rapidly and is now operating two lines of street cars, one running to Sellwood and the other to Mount Scott Fare 5 cents

The Willamette river bridge both lines terminating in Portland, is free to pedestrians and persons riding in vehicles, and is easily reached from the "West Side" by cable cars running from Portland to the bridge The finest residences on the "East Side" are located in this addition, Address or call on

OREGON REAL ESTATE CO., 3 Morrison St., Portland, Or.

SUNNYSIDE ADDITION

Large shoe factory now building will employ 300 operatives and add 1500 population to this immediate vicinity within 90 days—Here you have an absolute necessity of a rapid advance in value If you are wise you will buy Now, Before Prices Advanced Sold on easier terms than any property on the market with privilege of paying small amounts at any time And No Forfeiture of Interest Size of lots from 44 to 60 feet frontage by from 100 to 137 feet deep. Prices from $90 to $250 Why fool away your money on "wild cat lots" when you can secure what is almost inside property with two street car lines already built right at your door at such prices and on such terms? If you want a home and will take advantage of this property you will buy no other

H D McGUIRE & CO., 1230 Fourth St., East Portland, Or.

SEALAND

The terminus of the Ilwaco and Shoalwater Bay Railroad. THE GREAT SUMMER RESORT ON THE NORTHWEST COAST Lies at the head of Shoalwater bay, at deep water, and only twelve miles from the bar. The coming commercial metropolis of Pacific county. Now land out. Lots on the market and upwards

For particulars and full information call on or address

B. A. SEABORG, ILWACO, W. T.

SUNNYSIDE

1500 inhabitants to be added within six months, by reason of the shoe factory located there Now is the time to buy as every building put up in the tract increases values If you want a home or desire to make money, call and see

FRED CLARK & SON

13 Stark Street.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

IN THE SUPREME COURT

Of British Columbia.

CAMERON vs HARPER

Sale of Defendant's Estate

TENDERS

Are invited for the purchase of the whole of the Estate of the Defendant in British Columbia, consisting of about

40,000 ACRES OF FREEHOLD LAND,

With Cattle Horses Agricultural Implements etc, either en bloc as a going concern or in parcels

Tenders to be Delivered (Sealed)

To the undersigned on or before

The 1st Day of August, 1889.

Indorsed "Tenders for the Purchase of the Estate of Thaddeus Harper.

FOR FULL DETAILS

Of lands, chattels and Terms of Sale, etc.,

SEE CATALOGUES.

With particulars and conditions of sale, which can be obtained from Mr Charles Wilson, Solicitor for Plaintiff from Messrs Drake Jackson & Helmcken, Solicitors for the Defendant and from the offices of "The Times and "Colonist" Victoria The "World" Vancouver The Inland Sentinel' Kamloops, The Oregonian' Portland, Or, The 'Bulletin" San Francisco, Cal, and the British Columbia Land Investment Agency (Limited) 15 Serjeants Inn Fleet street London E C England, and from the undersigned.

H S. MASON,
J C PREVOST,
Receivers.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE—Continued

Are located on the top of Mount Tabor at the end of the motor line. These comprise some of the grandest building on the mountain, having a fine view of surrounding country. If you are contemplating the purchase of a home site on Mount Heights before making your selection Terms are reasonable. For full particulars call on

J FRED CLARK & SON, No. 13 Stark St.

NEW SHOE FACTORY.

The reason that Glencoe Park is becoming so much attention now is that it is owned by the shoe factory and before the motor lines, fine water; largest and most select lots in the market; sold on the most liberal payment plan, without interest, For full price-list apply of

W. P. CAMERON, S W Cor Fourth and J Sts, East Portland

A BARGAIN.

Gray's Harbor, terminus of the Chehalis Valley Railroad, on north side of Chehalis river in section 6, near townsite. 9 acres for $600 $500 down, balance in 90 days.

FENNER & SILSBY, Real Estate Brokers, Montesano, W. T.

DRY GOODS BUSINESS FOR SALE

In a prosperous valley town, doing a cash business of $30,000 per year; stock on hand about $15,000; in good condition; satisfactory reasons for selling. Address D. G., care Oregonian.

OREGON STATE FAIR

NEW PURSES.

OFFICE OF THE STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE, SALEM, Or., July 25, 1889.

In lieu of the two trotting races to be given on the first day of July, 1889, the Board will on the first of July, 1889, the following

Race No 5—Free for all; purse, $300; best three in five.

Race No 6—2.35 class; purse, $300; best three in five.

Entries to close with the secretary at Salem, Or., 10 per cent entry fee on or before July 1st, 1889 with the above purses and guarantees entries for the above conditions as these purses are given by the same conditions as the original purses governing the entries for the 2:20 and 2:25 classes offered for the 2:20 and 2:25 classes.

By order of the executive committee,

J. T. GREGG, Secretary.

COMMERCIAL

[Illegible]

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

STRICTLY "INSIDE" PROPERTY

vestments

REACHED BY HORSE CARS, MOTOR LINE AND FERRY.

e Property

LOTS FROM $700 UPWARD.

DDITION

UNSURPASSED.

RTLAND

[illegible] the city of East Portland, [illegible] (population 4000), on the north, being the [illegible] combined population of SIXTEEN [illegible] of Portland. East Portland has already [illegible] e Railway Co. from either Portland or [illegible] Morrison street bridge, and the electric [illegible] ating in Portland, and the other through Holladay's Addition from [illegible] Side by either the Stephens-Irvington [illegible] ing. From Portland to Albina, [illegible] on. Address or call on

rrison St., Portland, Or.

DDITION

0 operatives and add 1500 popula- [illegible] re you have an absolute certainty [illegible] ll buy now, Before Prices are [illegible] y on the market with privilege [illegible] Forfeiture of Amount Paid. [illegible] to 137 feet deep. Prices from [illegible] cat lots when you can purchase [illegible] already built right up to your [illegible] nt a home and will take a look

ourth St., East Portland, Sale Agent.

N

ay Railroad. THE GREATEST [illegible] ST Lies at the head of the [illegible] bar. The coming county seat and [illegible] out. Lots on the market from [illegible]

ress

EABORG, WACO, W. T.

SE

eason of the shoe factory being lo- [illegible] g put up in the tract increases the [illegible], call and see

K & SON

LE—REAL ESTATE—Continued.

ted on the top of Mount Tabor and [illegible] end of the motor line. They com- [illegible] mo of the grandest building sites [illegible] mountain having a fine view of the [illegible] ding country. If you are contem- [illegible] the purchase of a home see Tabor [illegible] before making your selection. For full particulars [illegible] are reasonable. For full particulars [illegible] on

J. FRED CLARK & SONS, No. 13 Stark St.

EW SHOE FACTORY.

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W. P. CAMERON, or Fourth and J Sts., East Port

A BARGAIN.

Harbor, terminus of the Centralia & Chehalis [illegible] ey Railroad, on north side of Gray's Harbor [illegible] ection 6 near townsite. 5 acres for $100 [illegible] n, balance in 90 days.

FENNEE & SILSBY, Real Estate Brokers, Montesano, W. T.

GOODS BUSINESS FOR SALE.

prosperous valley town, doing a [illegible] usiness of $30,000 per year; [illegible] on hand about $15,000, in good [illegible] lon, satisfactory reason for selling. [illegible] Address D. G., care Oregonian.

GON STATE FAIR

NEW PURSES

OFFICE OF THE STATE [illegible] BOARD OF AGRICULTURE, SALEM, OR., July 21 [illegible]

[illegible] of the two following races, to-wit: [illegible] 2:11 [illegible] classes which did not [illegible] the first of July, 1889, the Oregon [illegible] point of Agriculture has offered the [illegible]

[illegible] No 5—Free for all, purse, $100; [illegible]

[illegible] ree in five

[illegible] No 6—2 30 class, purse, $[illegible]; [illegible] ree in five

[illegible] ies to close with the payment of [illegible] cent entry fee on or before Sept 1 [illegible] th the secretary at Salem, Or. The [illegible] for the above purses are governed [illegible] same conditions as those published [illegible] ing the entries for the original purses [illegible] for the 2 20 and 2 25 classes.

By order of the executive committee. J. T. GREGG, Secretary.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

COMMERCIAL

WEDNESDAY, July 24

Merchandise received or soon to arrive by rail 1 car hay presses, 1 car grindstones 20 top buggies 1 car carts and fixtures 1 car machinery 42 pkgs machinery, 13 pkgs castings 1 car provisions 350 pkgs canned meats, 46 cs hats and caps, 21 cs cloth 20 pkgs dry goods, 28 cs boots and shoes

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—Past twenty four hours FLOUR, 265 bbls flour 2442 ctls oats 200 ctls barley, 45,119 lbs wool, 5225 lbs hides 12 pkgs potatoes, 45,119 lbs wool, 5225 lbs hides 12 pkgs butter, 100 lbs eggs 3 cars and 148 bxs green fruit.

WHEAT—The market is dull and displays absolutely no activity. We quote nominal prices nominally. For Eastern Washington and Oregon Bluestem 85c for valley $1 20@1 22½. Receipts for the past six days have been 2,3[illegible] ctls against 2[illegible] ctls for the week previous. The market is steadily improving and good milling wheat readily brings 40c and have for a week or more.

OATS—Old oats are about out of the market. The market is at present supplied principally with California new crop but Oregon prospects will soon be in. We quote $1 10 to 1 15 per ctl for new.

VEGETABLES—The market is in fine condition with trading in all kinds active. Oregon produce fills the demand except in the matter of tomatoes. Oregon string beans peas and cabbage are plentiful. We quote California green tomatoes 6c per 20 pound box cucumbers 6c per dozen, beets, carrots, turnips and beans are peddled. Oregon cabbage 2c per pound peas 3c per pound.

POTATOES—Receipts have dwindled away to nil. Old potatoes are also out of the market. We quote for new crop $1 10 sweets 5c per pound.

GREEN FRUITS—Receipts for the past six days have been 8 car loads and 966 boxes. The market continues active and very firm. California peaches are coming in in quantity and apricots are plentiful. Some new California apples have also come up, and pineapples are plentiful. We quote Bananas, $3 75@4 per bunch lemons, $7 50@8 per box California peaches, 75c@$1 per box apricots, 75c@$1 apples $1 50 per box black berries 6c per pound watermelons $8 50, and canteloupes, $4 50 per crate.

BUTTER—Receipts for the past week have been 131 pkgs. The market is firm and advancing. We quote choice dairy and gilt edged creamery 20c per pound 50c a roll, good to fair, [illegible]½c, common 15@20c.

EGGS—The receipts for the past six days have been 813 cases. The market is weak and demand active. We quote 20c.

POULTRY—The market is easy. We quote Chickens old $5 50@6, broilers plenty $3@3 50.

HAY—Receipts for the past week have been [illegible]. Old hay is getting pretty well cleaned up and the new crop just being harvested has begun to come in. We quote for old hay $18@14.

WOOL—Receipts for the past week have been 6,5[illegible] pounds. The market is weak and heavily stocked and gives every indication of increased stocks and decidedly lower prices. We quote Dry Hides, selected prime, 9@10c green selected, over 45 pounds, 4c, under 55 pounds 8c sheep pelts, short wool, 20@50c medium, 60@80c long, 90@[illegible]½, shearlings, 10@20c tallow, good to choice, 4@5c.

WOOL—Receipts for the past six days have been [illegible],800 pounds. The market is dull and weak. We quote Eastern Oregon 12@18c according to shrinkage, valley 18@20c. An Eastern trade circular says: Oregon wools are again active and some good sized amounts have been taken by the consumers mills at 20@22½c, costing scoured from 45 to 50c. At Hartford Ct. and Troy N. Y. large amounts of scoured Oregon is being received. There is a considerable amount of Washington territory held here, but it is not selling freely these wools are held at 18@21c for fine and 20@23c for fine medium, they appear longer and better bred than Eastern Oregon wools. Utah wools are quiet and are not attracting much attention.

PROVISIONS—The market holds firm but slow. Eastern meats run remarkably fine and bring a fair cost as much as Oregon. We quote Oregon hams, hams 13@14c, breakfast bacon 12@13½c, sides 11½@12c, shoulders 9@9½c, lard 10½c. Eastern hams 13@14c, breakfast bacon 14@15c, sides 9½c lard 9½@10½c.

DRIED FRUITS—Receipts for the past week have been 164 pkgs. The market is fairly active with prices for new goods but little removed from last as yet. We have to report another slump in prices, however all along the line. We quote sun dried apples quarters 4½@5c sliced 5@6c bleached Plummer dried 6½@6½c, unbleached Plummer dried 4@5c. Oregon prunes Italians 7c silver prunes 7c, petite 6@6½c German 5½@6c. Pears Plummer dried 8@8c sun dried and factory plums 6@7c peaches, 6@7c evaporated 10@11½c. Raisins $1 75@2 25 a box. Smyrna figs 14@16c California figs 3c per pound.

LONDON GRAIN LETTER.

The London correspondent of the *Northwestern Miller* writing under date of July 1 has the following:

Finer weather and weather more propitious for the growing crops in this country and in France could not be desired than that we have experienced during the past week. As a consequence of this hot, forcing weather the wheat plant is rapidly maturing the blooming period has been passed through under the most favorable conditions so that in less than a month harvest will be general in the south of England unless July proves very unfavorable. An early harvest in France and England is a very important matter especially this season, with one of the smallest quantities about on record and with the prospect of small foreign supplies until the new crop is available, and buyers under the circumstances may well hold aloof. The trade never believe, has this week been very firm about 1s per qr advance being generally obtained. The main cause of this firmness, of course, has been the Russian crop scare, reliable advices stating that the winter wheat is an absolute failure to the extent of 40 to 50 per cent on last year's crop (winter wheat is of about 95 000 000 bushels. The spring wheat crop had also suffered seriously, but the recent rains have partly remedied the injury. On Thursday we received a telegram from St. Petersburg through Reuter's agency, which is evidently inspired by some stock exchange speculators to the effect that the reports for the success of the crops in the south of Russia had been d spelled by the recent rainfall. As a matter of fact, the winter wheat crop was beyond relief, a fact confirmed by what we have in private information. The probability now is that the winter wheat crop in Russia will not exceed 60,000,000 bushels, against 94,000 000 bushels last year, and the spring crop 125 000 000 bushels against 152,000,000 bushels. The total crop is therefore likely to be 175 000 000 bushels, against 246,000,000 bushels last year the shortage thus being about 70,000 000 bushels. As a partial set off to this the stocks of old wheat in the country at harvest time will as the statement in last week's letter shows, likely amount to about 150,000 000 bushels so that if stocks are run down to a low point of 1887, there will be as much to spare for export as has been actually exported in the past season, viz, about 100,000 000 bushels. Under these circumstances the failure of the Russian crop is not so serious as it appears prima facie. It may be mentioned in this connection that the crops of 1888 and 1885 averaging about 175,000,000 bushels crop in Russia is not much larger than the crops of 1889 and 1885 averaging about 125,000,000 bushels. The crop which was harvested in March, shows early gains were lost. The final changes are somewhat irregular but are generally in the direction of lower figures and for fractional amounts only.

Government bonds have been dull.

MONEY, BONDS AND STOCKS

NEW YORK, July 24—Money on call easy at @1 Prime mercantile paper 4½@5. Sterling exchange quiet and steady demand $4 87½.

BONDS.

U S 6s (registered)	128	U S 4½s (coupon)	109
U S 4s (coupon)	123½	Tennessees	118
U S 4s (reg)	125½		

STOCKS.

American Ex	119	Northwestern	104
Canadian Pacific	53½	New York Central	109
Canada Southern	[illegible]	Ore Improvement	8
Central Pacific	34	O R & N	64
Burlington	80	Pacific Mail	34
Del & Lackawanna	144	Pullman Palace	144
Denver & Rio Grande	16	Rio Grande	14
Erie	24½	Rock Island	114
Kansas & Texas	14	St Paul	68½
Lake Shore	101	Union Pacific	51
Louisville & Nashville	68¾	Wabash	7⅞
Michigan Central	86	Wells, Fargo & Express	110
Missouri Pacific	93	Western Union	78
Northern Pacific	26½	Wheeling & Lake Erie	24
New Jersey Central	93	Cotton Seed oil certificates	33

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

BOSTON, July 24—Closing prices: Atchison & Topeka 31½ Boston & Albany 201 Boston & Lowell 200 Burlington 100 Mexican Central common 14 do first mortgage bonds 68 San Diego 3

MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, July 24—Consols 95 5-16. Silver bullion per fine ounce 5 16. Bank of England rate of discount 4 per cent.

NEW YORK, July 24—Sterling exchange long 4 87 sterling exchange short 4 89½. U S bonds, 4's 128 bid 4½'s 109 bid. Silver 1 10 nominal. Closing quotations:

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24—Sterling exchange, sixty days 4 85½. Sterling exchange documentary 4 85¾. Transfers 15 premium.

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCK REPORT.

Ophir	$ 4	Exchequer	70
Mexican	2	Belcher	1 85
Gould & Curry	2 00	Justice	1 20
Best & Belcher	1	Union	1 20
Con. California	7 15	Challenge	1
Savages	1 75	Hale	35
Sandhill	1 45	Nevada Queen	1 30
Potosi	1 85	Belle	1 20
Hale & Norcross	1 05	Ferrel	35
Crown Point	2 10	Peerless	45
Yellow Jacket	90	Overman	65
Belcher	2 85	Alpha	1 10
Sierra Nevada	2 40	Imperial	1
Utah	90	Commonwealth	1 45
Bullion	60		

SAN FRANCISCO MINING MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 4. Produce receipts for the past twenty four hours: Flour 14,500 ctls, flour 4,400 qr sks, oats 420 ctls, potatoes 840 sks, barley 4100 ctls.

Freights—Quiet but firm.

Wheat—The spot market is very firm with a strong upward tendency. No 1 shipping is quoted $1 05@1 07½. Options higher; sales of No 1 white, buyer year, 1100 ton at $1 02½, 800 tons at $1 04½, 600 tons at $1 04¾, buyer season $1 04¾, seller year (cash) $1 03¾. Afternoon session buyer year, regular call $1 04¾, after some apparent trading closed at $1 04½, buyer season $1 05¾, seller year (cash) $1 03¾.

Barley—The market is quiet but trading is of a light character owing to price. Feed ranges from 90c to 92½c. Choice feed quoted at 97½@97½c. Options are very quiet buyer season 93¾c.

Oats—The feeling is still a shade weak with prices tending lower. Choice feed $1 10@1 12½, No 1 $1 07½@1 10.

Millstuff—Trading quiet. Bran Oregon $ @14. Middlings $14@14 50 per ton.

Potatoes—Apparent advance has taken place in the market, trading is reported to be slow but prices show no variation. Quote Burbanks 80@90c, $1 50 for Reises and Garnet Chile 60@90c.

Wool—Movement fairly active at full prices, holders firm.

Bags—Trading slow transactions irregular.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, July 24—Wheat rather firmer. Opened 87½c August, 86 September, 86 December. Noon—87c August, 86 September, 86 December. Closed—86 August, 78½@80 September, 80¾c December.

Provisions—Pork $11 05 September, lard $6 [illegible] August, ribs $5 30 August.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, July 24—Cattle—Receipts 14,000, strong for good common dull, heavy $4 60@5 00, cows bulls and mixed $1 40@3 80, stockers $2 @3 40.

Hogs—Receipts 11,000, 5@10c higher, mixed $4 85@4 60, heavy $4 05@4 55, light $4 40@4 [illegible].

Sheep—Receipts 6,000, steady, natives $4 00@4 80, Westerns $3 60@4 50, Texans $3 80@4 50.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 24—Grain freights to Liverpool by steamer 1½ per bushel.

Wheat—Opening quotations were: August and September 85¾c, December 86¾c, July 86¾, August and September 85¾c, December 89¾c. Closing—July 86¾c, August 86¾c, September 87½c, October 88¾c.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW YORK, July 4—Hops—Quiet.

Coffee—Options opened at 15@20 points down and closed at 15@20 points down; quiet sales 60 000 bags. July $14 20, August, $14 25@14 40, September $14 30@14 40, October $14 40@14 45, November $14 50, December $14 25@14 30, spot Rio quiet, fair cargoes 17¾.

Sugar—Raw inactive, refined quiet, firm.

Copper—Neglected.

Lead—Domestic $4 3 [illegible].

Tin—Dull, nominally Straits $19 80.

Bar silver 92½c.

There was an increase in the trading in petroleum to day it open ng steady at 99½ for spot and 100 for the August option. A decline of 1 cent occurred in the first hour. An advance in refined then started a general buying movement, and the prices advanced to 102½. Realizing sales caused a sharp reaction. Stock Exchange—Opening 99¾, highest 102, lowest 99¾, closing 100½. Consolidated Exchange—Opening, 100, highest 102½, lowest 99, closing 101¼. Total sales 3,071 000 barrels.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

EVERGREEN GRAIN REPORT.

LONDON, July 24.—Floating wheat cargoes are stronger.

Wheat cargoes on passage opened with an upward tendency.

Mark Lane English and foreign wheat firm, English and American flour a turn dearer.

California wheat cargoes, off coast, 32s 9d just shipped or promptly to be shipped 3os 6d nearly due 46s 3d.

English country markets are very firm.

LIVERPOOL, July 24.—Spot wheat a turn dearer, not much demand. Futures higher. No 1 California, per cental 7s 4½d July 7s 4½d August 7s 4½d September, October and November, 7s 4½d December 7s 5½d January.

PARIS, July 24.—French country markets are firmer.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, July 24—Wheat firm, demand poor, holders offer spar ngly. California 7s@7s 4d, Walla Walla 7s 3½@7s 4d.

Corn—Firm, demand good, new mixed Western 5s 3½d.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

SHIPPING NOTES.

The steamer George W. Elder sailed for Alaska and way ports last night with a cargo of general merchandise.

The steamer Idaho came up to the dock at the foot of D street and finished charging some time yesterday and then went over to a dock in Albina and discharged some lumber and shingles.

The three masted schooner Joseph Russ is lying near the foot of C street loaded with redwood lumber.

The schooner Maid of Orleans is lying at the foot of D street loaded with redwood lumber.

The Harbor steamer N. Cooke brought the British bark Highmoor over from the O. & C. R. R. dock in East Portland to the Albina works dock at the foot of E street. The Highmoor was across the river taking in flour as ballasting and is now finishing unloading her cargo of coal on this side of the river. As soon as she finishes unloading her cargo of coal she will again cross the river to the same dock mentioned above and finish loading with flour.

The steamer Oaklabama was lying at the foot of A street as part of yesterday.

The steamer R. R. Thompson brought up a few bbls of oysters and a large amount of canned salmon.

There were three ocean steamers in port yesterday, namely State of California, George W. Elder and Idaho.

The State of California arrived from San Francisco last Tuesday night with a cargo of general merchandise, and is now at the foot of F street. She will sail for San Francisco next Friday night. The George W. Elder sailed last night. The Idaho is at a wharf in Albina.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—Arrived—Str Arcata, Coos bay; bk Berlin, Alaska; schr Free Trade, Coquille river; str San Pedro, Tacoma; str Alpha, Coos bay. Sailed—Sch Puritan, coastwise; bk Ceylon, Port Blakeley; sch Eliza Miller, coast wise; Italian p F o Crumpi, Genoa. Brship Wind Fred Melanguse str Farallon, Mexico; ship Portland, Liverpool; bk Lewis, Hong Kong; New York str Umatilla, Port Townsend.

PORT TOWNSEND, July 24.—Arrived—Ship Palestine; schr E K Wood, San Francisco.

ASTORIA, July 24.—Ar bk Edinburgh not yet passed out.

11 30 A. M.—Str General Miles passed out.

7 50 P. M.—A bark name unknown, is reported ashore nine miles north of the Columbia river.

PORT GAMBLE, July 4.—5 P. M.—Weather cloudy, wind west. Bar smooth.

Death to the Parasites,

Which hide between the gums and teeth, and eat into them to their destruction. SOZODONT is master of the situation. Whoever uses it regularly after every meal, and cleanses his teeth and mouth, will soon be rid of the parasites.

Paris Exposition.

For rates and steamer reservations call at Northern Pacific ticket office, No. 121 First street, corner of Washington.

Through Pullman sleepers and dining cars, also second-class sleepers through to the East via Northern Pacific Railroad. Office, No. 121 First St., corner Washington.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, July 24.—The stock market to-day showed no signs of getting out of the rule of dullness into which it has fallen, and the transactions were on the same limited scale as of late. The whole tone of the market was strong at first, but it became weaker later in the day and the

"Hard Enough"

Is dangerous as well as ironic sense. It renders the patient liable to the ruptures of cable vessels or other serious injury of those delicate organs. Hay bronchial irritation at light or immediate relief the best medicine is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

I was greatly troubled with a hacking cough which kept me in constant irritation. I could not sleep for more than an hour or two at a time. My physician prescribed for me, but nothing seemed to afford relief. I finally concluded to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. After taking this remedy a short time, I found relief. I continued its use for a few weeks, when I was entirely cured. I am confident that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life. I cheerfully recommend it to all suffering from throat and lung troubles.—W. H. Gault, Druggist, Carson, Iowa.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1 six bottles, $5.

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX

Dr. J. H. SCHENCK has published A NEW AND ELABORATE BOOK on the Treatment and Cure of CONSUMPTION, LIVER COMPLAINT AND DYSPEPSIA which will be mailed FREE to all who want it. If you are, or know of any one who is, afflicted with, or liable to any of these diseases, send name and address (plainly written) to Dr. J. H. SCHENCK & SON, (Name this paper.) Philadelphia, Pa.

USE FAIRBANK'S GOLD DUST FOR EASY WASHING

Ask your grocer for free sample

Dr. Powell Reeves & Co.,

The Old Reliable Specialist of many years experience treats with unparalleled success all LUNG THROAT CANCER, PILES, FISTULA RUPTURE cured without pain or hindrance from business.

PRIVATE DISEASES Blood Poison, Sexual Debility, Nervousness, Loss of Manhood, Impotency, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Seminal Emissions, Loss of Sexual Power, Weakness of the Sexual Organs, Want of Desire in Male or Female, whether from imprudent habits of young or sexual habits in mature years or any cause that debilitates the sexual organs, or any cause that debilitates the sexual habit in mature years speedily and permanently cured.

Consultation free and strictly confidential. Medicine sent free from observation to all parts of the United States. Correspondence receives prompt attention. No letters answered unless accompanied by 4 cents in stamps. Send 10c in stamps for pamphlet and list of questions upon Private Special and Nervous Diseases, Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet and Varicocele. Terms strictly cash. Call on or address DR. POWELL REEVES & CO., 1 Third and Alder, Portland, Oregon.

A MATTER OF CHOICE.

Dana, of the New York *Sun*, was asked whether port wine did not bring on the gout. He replied that he thought it did but that the man who would not prefer to suffer a few twinges of the gout rather than give up his port wine wasn't a man after his heart.

Many things like this are a matter of choice, and we really believe that we are justified in saying that those who will not, in the face of the testamony which we can offer, try ATHLOPHOROS when they have Neuralgia or Rheumatism, rather than alter their opinion.

Ath-lo-pho-ros $1 00 per Bottle at all Drug Stores.

Cures in 10 TO 5 DAYS Guaranteed not to cause Stricture. Sold only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati Ohio. Trade Mark.

Big G has given universal satisfaction in the cure of Gonorrhœa and Gleet. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers. A. J. STONER, M. D. Decatur, Ill. PRICE $1 00. Sold by Druggists.

C. O. MADANTZ,

Dealer in Stoves and Hardware, PORTLAND, OREGON,

Carries a Full Line of the CHARTER OAK COOK STOVES AND HEATERS.

Dealers can save time and get the benefit of Car Load rates of freight by ordering from him.

EXCELSIOR MFG. CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

Beecham's Pills

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders.

"Worth a Guinea a Box"—but sold for 25 cents, BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

VIM FOR MEN lost through errors or bad practices may be perfectly restored by the new DESLON-DUPRE Method. Send for our new illustrated "Guide to Health." Absolute secrecy. Varicocele cure without pain or operation. Address Deslon-Dupre Clinique, 105 Tremont St. Boston.

MARKETS.

SPAULDING, FAIRWORTH & CO., Wholesale Butchers and Packers.

Supplying Ships a Specialty. Highest cash price paid for all kinds of fat stock. Intersection of Third, A and Ash Streets.

A. H. JOHNSON,

Central Market, 33 First Street. Wholesale Butcher and Packer.

Special attention paid to supplying ships. Highest cash price paid for all kinds of fat stock.

W. W. SPAULDING,

(Successor to J. S. Keller & Co.)

Corner First and Madison Streets, Portland. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Fresh and Cured Meats.

T. J. UHLMAN,

Rainier Market, Butcher and Packer. Dealer in all kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats. 7 and 9 North West Park street, corner D, Portland, Or.

BANKS.

Portland Trust Company OF OREGON

No. 60 Third Street, Ainsworth Block.

The Savings Bank Department

Open on and on Nights.

Pays interest on time deposits. Buys and sells Bonds, Stocks and Gold. Receives deposits subject to check. Makes loans on approved collaterals. Buys and sells foreign exchange. Issues certificates of deposit. Collects coupons and dividends. Is now open for business.

Commercial National Bank, OF PORTLAND

General Banking Business Transacted.

President, D. P. THOMPSON; Vice-President, R. M. WADE; Cashier, R. J. DURHAM; Assistant Cashier, H. C. WORTMAN.

Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfer sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, San Francisco and the principal points in the Northwest.

Letters of Credit issued, available in Europe and the Eastern States.

Collections made on favorable terms.

DRAFTS drawn on China, Japan and Europe.

MAKES COLLECTIONS on favorable terms.

The Portland Savings Bank, OF PORTLAND, OREGON.

S. W. COR. SECOND and WASHINGTON.

Pays Interest on Time Deposits.

Loans made on real or personal security.

Acts as trustee for individuals, corporations or estates; real estate, litigation or settlement.

Money to loan on favorable terms. THE GERMAN SAVINGS & LOAN SOCIETY.

B. GOLDSMITH, Agent, Rooms 8 and 9, second floor, Abingt n building.

B. & S. GOLDSMITH, money brokers, Rooms 3 and 9, Abington Building. Negotiate loans on securities, bonds, county warrants and negotiable notes.

JARVIS-CONKLIN Mortgage Trust Company.

Paid-Up Capital $1,500,000.00.

KANSAS CITY and NEW YORK.

Loans money on Improved Farms in Oregon, Washington and Idaho, and on Improved City Property.

Highest market price paid for State, County, Township, City, School and Water Bonds.

314 Morrison Street - - Portland, Or.

The Oregon & Washington Mortgage Savings Bank.

51 First Street, Portland, Or.

Rates of Interest on Deposits

THREE MONTHS	4 per cent.
SIX MONTHS	5 per cent.
NINE MONTHS	6 per cent.
ONE YEAR	6 per cent.

LOANED ON MORTGAGES $7,597 70 IN 11 YEARS.

Correspondence solicited and every information and facility for examination will be furnished by applying to WILLIAM REID, President.

City, County and School Bonds Wanted.

First National Bank, OF PORTLAND

Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

President, HENRY FAILING; Vice-President, C. E. COFFIN; Cashier, G. E. WITHINGTON; Assistant Cashier, H. J. CORBETT.

Letters of Credit Issued, available in Europe and the Eastern States.

Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfer sold on New York, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, San Francisco and the principal points in the Northwest.

Sight and Time Bills drawn in sums to suit on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort on the Main, Hong Kong.

Collections made on favorable terms at all accessible points.

Ladd & Tilton, Bankers,

Transact a General Banking Business.

INTEREST allowed on time deposits.

COLLECTIONS made at all points on favorable terms.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in Europe and the Eastern States.

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on New York, Washington, Chicago, St. Louis, Denver, Omaha, San Francisco and various points in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and first Columbia.

EXCHANGE sold on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort and Hong Kong.

BANK OF CENTRALIA

A. J. MILLER, Banker.

CENTRALIA - - - WASH. TER.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

Special attention given to Collections.

EXCHANGE

Issued on every part of the United States.

Merchants National Bank, PORTLAND - OREGON

Transacts a General Banking Business.

President, JAMES STEEL; Vice-President, J. LOEWENBERG; Cashier, J. M. MARLOW; Assistant Cashier, RALPH W. HOYT.

SELLS SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS AND ISSUES LETTERS OF CREDIT available through out the United States.

DRAWS BILLS OF EXCHANGE on London, Liverpool, Dublin, Paris, Berlin and on the Main and all the principal cities of Europe also on Hong Kong.

COLLECTIONS MADE on all accessible points.

Savings Bank.

THE NORTHWEST LOAN & TRUST CO.

No. 50 First St., Portland, Or.

Capital $150,000

(Open Wednesday & Saturday Evenings.)

Interest Paid on Savings Deposits.

Loans made on Real Estate.

P. B. MAGUIRE, President.

London and San Francisco Bank, Limited.

Capital and Reserve, $2 375 000

Head Office 73 Lombard street, London.

This Bank transacts a General Banking and Exchange Business; makes loans, discounts bills, and issues commercial and travelers credits, available in any city in the world.

Portland Branch 43 First street.

W. MACKINTOSH, Manager.

The Oregon National Bank, OF PORTLAND.

CAPITAL PAID IN - - $200 000

Transacts a General Banking Business.

EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on San Francisco, New York, Chicago and principal points in the Northwest.

DRAFTS drawn on China, Japan and Europe.

MAKES COLLECTIONS on favorable terms.

VAN B. DELASHMUTT, President; GEO. B. MARKLE, JR., Vice-President; D. F. SHERMAN, Cashier.

The Portland National Bank

Transacts a General Banking Business.

Accounts kept, subject to check.

Sells Exchange on San Francisco and New York.

Makes Collections on favorable terms.

Letters of Credit issued, available in Europe and the Eastern States.

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS sold on New York, Washington, Chicago St. Louis, Denver, Omaha, San Francisco and various points in Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and first Columbia.

EXCHANGE sold on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort and Hong Kong.

COLLECTIONS MADE on all accessible points.

Bank of British Columbia.

Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.

Paid Up Capital . . . $2,425,000

Reserve . . . 583,500

Head Office, 28 Cornhill, London.

Branches—Portland, San Francisco, Victoria, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Kamloops, Vancouver, B. C.

A General Banking and Exchange business transacted. Loans made; Bills discounted; Commercial Credits granted; Deposits received on current account subject to check. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

GEO. GOOD, Manager.

BANKS—Continued.

Ainsworth National Bank, OF PORTLAND—Cor. Third and Oak.

L. B. HAWKINS, W. M. SMITH, P. F. MARSHALL, President, Vice-President, Cashier.

U. S. Depositary and Financial Agent. Transacts a General Banking Business. Exchange bought and sold on all the principal cities in Europe. Also facilities for Telegraphic Transfer. Collections made on favorable terms. Accounts solicited. Highest rate allowed on Time Deposits. Right to draw bills on Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation connected with the bank. Safe deposit boxes rented for $10 per year.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

The Oregon Mortgage Company (Limited)

LOANS MONEY on Improved Farm and City Property. Office in Abington Building.

9[illegible]m R. LIVINGSTONE, Manager.

The Dundee Mortgage and Trust Investment Company, Ltd, MORTGAGE LOANS

On CITY and FARM property, repayable by installments if desired. Building Loans made. MACMASTER & BIRRELL, Agents, 40 Second St., cor. Ash.

CHEAP EASTERN MONEY.

LOMBARD BROS., 29 Stark Street, Portland, Or.

Money to Loan on Improved Farms and City Property, at SIX PER CENT.

LOMBARD INVESTMENT CO.

Boston, Mass. and Kansas City, Mo.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $1 750,000

Loan Money on Improved Farm and City Property in Oregon, Washington and Idaho on long time in sums to suit.

S. S. KING, General Manager for Pacific Coast Territories, Washington.

J. A. FMENT, Manager for Oregon, Room 34 Portland Savings Bank Building, Portland, Or.

TRANSPORTATION LINES.

Portland and Vancouver Railway Co.

LEAVE EAST SIDE		LEAVE VANCOUVER	
6 10 A. M.	4 15 P. M.	8 15 A. M.	4 15 P. M.
9 A. M.	4 00 P. M.	8 45 A. M.	10 P. M.
8 50 A. M.	5 40 P. M.	10 15 A. M.	6 40 P. M.
10 00 A. M.	6 15 P. M.	11 45 A. M.	8 05 P. M.
11 30 A. M.	6 45 P. M.	1 P. M.	9 40 P. M.
1 00 P. M.	7 30 P. M.	2 00 P. M.	11 00 P. M.
3 15 P. M.	10 35 P. M.	4 45 P. M.	
4 30 P. M.		4 30 P. M.	

Train leaving at 6 10 A. M. will not run on Sundays and goes as far as Woodland only.

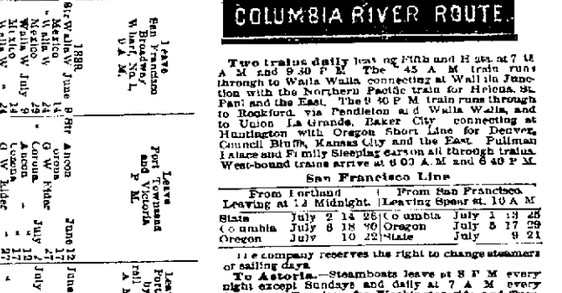
Train to connect both ways with steamer Traveller for Latourelle and way points.

TICKETS good and return for sale on Vancouver ferry and general ticket office, 251 and Water sts. East Portland. Monthly commutation tickets for sale at general ticket office only.

C. A. GRIMES, Supt.

E. DEE, M. Preston, Secretary.

PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP CO. ALASKA ROUTE.


Str. Walla Walla, June 8
Str. Walla Walla, May 9
Str. Walla Walla, April 11
Str. Walla Walla, March 14
Str. Walla Walla, Feb. 14
Str. Walla Walla, Jan. 17
Str. Walla Walla, Dec. 20
Str. Walla Walla, Nov. 22
Str. Walla Walla, Oct. 25
Str. Walla Walla, Sept. 27
Str. Walla Walla, Aug. 30
Str. Walla Walla, July 30
Str. Walla Walla, June 30
Str. Walla Walla, May 30
Str. Walla Walla, April 30
Str. Walla Walla, March 30
Str. Walla Walla, Feb. 28
Str. Walla Walla, Jan. 30
Str. Walla Walla, Dec. 30
Str. Walla Walla, Nov. 30
Str. Walla Walla, Oct. 30
Str. Walla Walla, Sept. 30

DAVID E. MARTIN CAPTURED

Charles C. Grant's Murderer Run to Earth Yesterday Morning.

Conductor George H. Granger Does What a Sheriff's Posse and Several Detectives Were Unable to Accomplish.

David E. Martin, alias Lattin, alias Coleman, who killed Charles C. Grant, his friend and roommate, in a Tacoma lodging house at 3 o'clock last Friday morning, was arrested at 4 o'clock yesterday morning by Conductor George H. Granger, of train No. 3, bound for this city, at Kalama. Aside from the fact that large rewards were offered for the capture of the murderer, it is quite an honor to the one who performed the neat little piece of work.

THE MURDERER'S MOVEMENTS.

After committing the murder Martin managed in some way to hide himself until that evening when he came back into the city under cover of darkness, in the very clothes he left the scene of his crime. He procured lodgings in the Railroad lodging house, on Railroad street. He arrived there, as near as can be determined, about 9 o'clock Friday night, with no coat, no shirt, a big slouch white hat as a head covering, saying to the proprietor, a Teutonian, that he was just in from Seattle, and very sick. With the natural instincts to do good to his fellowman, and in consequence of the stranger having money to pay his way, he was given a room. He declined to see a doctor, alleging that he knew what ailed him and that all he needed was rest and a little care, and he would soon be all right. Thus, under the very nose of the detectives and a murderous and county force of officers, he calmly lay in bed.

As near as can be learned, when he first came to the lodging-house, he was absolutely devoid of any disguise other than his hat, which he had crimped down to the brim, presumably with a penknife, making it look smaller. That he showed wonderful presence of mind and a perfect knowledge of his whereabouts, is shown by his choosing the very lodging-house of all others in the city where he could lay unmolested and easily mislead his host into believing him sick. The entire affair, even to his escape from the lodging-house, shows his cool determination and steel-like nerve.

THE WAY HE ESCAPED.

Tuesday afternoon about 4 o'clock he sent for the landlord, and asked him to kindly go out into the city and purchase some clothing for him, giving him a bill of large denomination. The German did as he had been directed, and purchased for him a hat, a common serge coat and vest and a pair of low-cut shoes. When he returned with them Martin told him that as soon as he was able to get out he would do so, as he was more than anxious to be in the open air and at work again. He was then taken up his usual supper of food suitable for an invalid, and saying he was sleepy and needed rest, locked his door, presumably to fold himself in Morpheus's arms.

THE "SICK MAN" DISAPPEARED.

About 8:30 o'clock the proprietor of the house was informed by a bed-maker that "the sick man" had gone. A bystander asked who the person referred to was. Explanations followed, and in less time than it takes to write it the kind-hearted landlord was convinced that he had been administering to the wants of a murderer, instead of a sick man. The startling news was immediately carried to police headquarters. It created quite a stir, as can well be imagined. Officers scattered in all directions, and looked into every nook or corner where Martin could have secreted himself, but they hunted in vain. In the meantime dispatches, giving the murderer's description, were sent to every station on the Northern Pacific. The following reached Conductor Granger at Winlock:

TACOMA, July 24.

"Search your train for a young man 22 or 23 years old. His face is smooth and he wears a linen coat and vest of like material. His pants are brown and he has on slippers. If he is on the train arrest him and wire me.

A. M. CHESNEY, Chief of Police."

THE MURDERER APPEARS.

How Martin was arrested is better told in the words of Conductor Granger. The latter said to a reporter last evening, on being asked how the arrest was effected:

"At 10:25 o'clock last night we stopped at Medix, a small station a short distance this side of Tacoma, and took on several passengers. Shortly after pulling out, in going through the cars I noticed a young man sitting in a seat at one end of the car, directly next to the door. I turned the back of his seat over and told him to move up one seat and then he could lie down and go to sleep. The man moved as directed, but rather reluctantly. He did not go to sleep and seemed to be all ears. His nervous and restless manner of dress attracted the attention of Brakeman George Hollowell, J. F. Higgins and myself. We, of course, had descriptions of the murderer of Grant, and by comparing them with the stranger, we felt very positive that the man so much sought after was in our train. We kept our own counsel, however, and were very careful not to excite the murderer's attention."

HE BETRAYS HIMSELF.

"Even if we had not been provided with the description of Martin, we would have discovered in him the murderer of Grant. Shortly after observing that a murderer was on the train Brakeman Hollowell took a seat beside him to await developments. After a few casual remarks on the part of Martin, the latter commenced to talk about the Tacoma murders.

"It is a very bad piece of business, but I can't help thinking there is some excuse for Martin killing Grant, common sense says that a man is not to be arrested for the crime about which he was talking."

"Mr. Holloway answered that it was, when Martin again spoke up and said:

"Did Martin get any money by his crime?" to which Hollowell answered:

"I don't know, but the Tacoma papers state that Grant had about $4000 in his room immediately prior to his murder; but only $61 was found on his person after his death." To this Martin said:

"Well, then, if they don't find anything on him when he is caught, they can't prove that he killed Grant. Martin can very easily hide the money."

The conversation continued between the two men until Hollowell had to leave the murderer's side to call out a station that had arrived. As no one got on at the station Martin seemed to lose his uneasiness and dropped off to sleep. We were glad to see him, as we were afraid that he would attempt to jump off the train. At Winlock I got off the train for the purpose of telegraphing the sheriff at Kalama to meet my train, as I had Martin on board. Hereafter I received a different answer to what Chesney received me to search my train, but instead of doing so I awakened, stating that I had the man he was after.

MARTIN PLAYED UNDER ARREST.

"I proceeded on my way, and Martin did not wake up until I handed him over to Sheriff Holmes at Kalama."

"Did Martin make any resistance on being arrested?" the reporter asked.

"Well, hardly. He was too much surprised. When he woke up it was to find his wrists encircled with handcuffs, and his eyes looked into the cold muzzle of a revolver. So, he made no resistance and was rushed off to the lock-up where he was kept closely guarded. I think that he runs a good chance of being lynched when he arrives in Tacoma, but will be closely guarded, as the people are very much excited, and if they get a chance, will show him no mercy."

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

Mr. T. Morris, of the Northern Pacific Express Company, at Kalama, furnishes THE OREGONIAN with the following relative to the arrest of Martin:

"On the arrival of passenger No. 3 here, Sheriff Holmes boarded the train and looked carefully into the smoking car, at sight. Holmes awoke him, and said:

"You are wanted for murder in Tacoma. Come along."

"Martin turned deathly pale, but made no effort to escape, as there was little chance for him to get away. Holmes then led his man away and lodged him in jail here.

"Martin acknowledged that he killed Grant, but says it was in self defense; that they quarreled over some bills they were keeping. He claims that Grant has a wife in California and that he also married again in Spokane Falls.

"The officers turned over about $100 in $50 bills, and some small money, a small memorandum wallet and some other articles to Sheriff Holmes. He will be taken to day to Tacoma and turned over to the authorities there. He claims to be sick, and is also very much alarmed of mob violence at Tacoma."

There is no doubt now that the right man has been captured at last, and if he does not meet his fate at the hands of a mob he will take his course. Mr. Granger certainly deserves much credit for his neat capture of a man who had eluded detectives and police for several days.

LATTIN IN JAIL AT TACOMA.

He is Cool and Collected, and Talks Freely About His Crime.

TACOMA, W. T., July 24.—David Lattin, who murdered Charles C. Grant in a saloon on this morning last, and who was arrested at 4 yesterday morning, arrived in Tacoma at 8 and is now in the county jail.

Lattin claims to be 25 years old, but is [illegible] and looks to be no more than 18. He is of fair build, light complexioned and pimply in the face. He claims to be an invalid. He is [illegible] in Spokane Falls.

He says that he and Grant were acquainted with each other in Spokane Falls. See [illegible] Pasco on their way to Tacoma. Both they were room-mates and had been so for [illegible] ings together on the night of the murder. [illegible] returning to their room in the Fraser [illegible] house, Grant suggested that they visit the houses of ill-fame. Lattin objected, but was seized by Grant, who said he must go, when a scuffle ensued, in which Grant had the best of it, when Lattin drew a slungshot and struck Grant on the head, bursting the weapon. Grant pushed the "scrap" further, when Lattin drew a revolver and shot Grant several times. After he had fallen, Lattin then took what money Grant had and made his escape.

"Why did you take his money if you killed him in 'self-defense,' as you claim?" was asked of Lattin.

"Because I thought it would assist me in getting away, or in being defended, should I be caught," he replied.

"Where were you from the time the murder was committed until you boarded the train for Portland?"

"I was at my room in the railroad house, because I was sick. I went down to the washroom frequently to wash. I was not out of the city during that time. I read the daily papers, and what they said about me. They told a big lot of lies on me. I had no accomplice at all, and never went by the name of Coleman or Martin."

He resumed, "I went down to the depot last night before the train left and purchased a ticket of the agent. I was not disguised and had on no false beard. The police were there and saw me, as did many others. I was born in Iroquois county, Ills., and have a sister in Indiana, with whom I lived for several months about six years ago. When I left there I stole $250 from my brother-in-law. I afterwards corresponded with a girl who was a neighbor to my sister to find out what was said about me for stealing the money. I signed the name Townsend so that they would not know me. These are my letters found in the valise."

He continued: "I worked in a drug store in Spokane Falls for five years, and I belonged to the Y. M. C. A. My father hung himself in 1875. My mother is dead. I am sorry that this thing happened, but when a man is sick he has a right to defend himself. They may lynch me, but I can't help it."

The sum of $2.35 was found on Lattin's person. He declares that he only took $1240, and after paying for his ticket had the above amount left. He leaves for Tacoma this afternoon, in company with Sheriff Holmes.

THE MURDERED MAN'S SISTER.

She Doubts His Marriage to the Woman Claiming To Be His First Wife.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—Mrs. Ann Holbach, a dressmaker at 307½ O'Farrell street, in this city, sister of Charles C. Grant, who was murdered in Tacoma on Friday, in speaking of his past life and his relations with the woman claiming to be his wife, said that in 1877 her brother, the murdered man, came to see her at Redwood City.

"He spoke of 'Mollie,'" she said, "as the woman with whom he was living. He did not call her his wife, but I naturally supposed that that was the relation she bore to him. She visited me at San Francisco, where I had removed, and spoke of her marriage certificate. I did not see the paper then, nor have I since. In 1877 she came to this city and took charge of the Revere lodging house. Her husband, not liking the reputation of the house made her give it up. He then shortly after left the city, going to Albany, Or., and to Pueblo, Colo. He wanted her to go, but she refused, and in four years he returned. He told Mollie that they must separate, and that he was going away again. He went to Spokane Falls and afterward to Tacoma. He wrote to her and sent her money frequently, and things ran along in this way until Mr. McCash appeared on the scene a few months ago. She wrote asking his consent to a divorce, and he replied, telling her to secure one by default. Instead, however, of securing the decree, she wrote to a lawyer in Tacoma to find out if her husband had accumulated any property. He replied that in addition to $10,000 in the bank he had valuable real estate and the best paying bakery in the place. She came to me, threatening to go to Tacoma and have a receiver appointed for the business, saying: 'I'll see him in jail wearing stripes, and I will pay for the suit and glory over his misery.'

"On Saturday night I received the first intelligence of my brother's death, and went to see her with regard to the arrangements for the funeral. When I reached the house I found that she was going to Tacoma on the evening train and had already gone to the ferry. I followed her and asked whether she had her marriage certificate with her. She said she had, and yet I find that she now says that she forgot it. I know from experience that I cannot here recount that Mollie is a bold, bad woman, whose sole object in going to Tacoma is to secure my brother's hard-earned property."

SHE GOT EVEN ON GEN. GIBBON.

Disastrous Ending of a Quiet Day's Fishing on the Tualatin.

A Portland man tells a good story on General Gibbon, the gallant commander of the department of the Columbia. The story runs that General Gibbon and a party of friends were fishing in in the Tualatin, about eight miles from Gaston, a few days ago. The general was standing upon a rock in the stream, when a farmer appeared on the scene, rifle in hand, and addressing him, said:

"Mister, you know that we don't allow trespassing here." As he spoke, the farmer pointed to a placard read ng that trespassing was prohibited.

"Very sorry, but I did not know it," responded General Gibbon, trying to maintain his equilibrium.

"Well, you can't go on the farm." "Can't you make an exception in my case?" he retorted.

"No, sir, not in the case of any man." Upon which the general went back to the bank, where he met a [illegible] and asked him for a brief account of the farmer.

"Oh, he's a crank," was the reply. I had an idea that they went to show that the farm was for sale."

Gibbon knocked the farmer's speculations and he and his friends fished. Before they came to a close they also rested on the bank of Gettys Burg. She began by giving him a scowl that came near frightening him to the rock upon which he was [illegible]. Soon she broke out:

"You and your party go to sea or out and learn to swim."

"What do," replied the general, very politely, "I am quite too old to learn to swim."

General Gibbon never finished his sentence. If he did the remainder was drowned in the roaring of the waters. Dropping her rifle and [illegible] she waded into the stream, and [illegible] forehand into the embankment. When he came to the surface the [illegible] the water was a common breaking her [illegible] for joy, in the following emphatic words:

"That's good for you," she exclaimed, emphatically. "The next time you will learn to mind farmers."

Then she went her way rejoicing and left General Gibbon's friends to fish him out of the river.

CONGRESSMEN IN THE CITY.

To-day They Will Take a Ride on the Potter to the Mouth of the River.

General Goff Confident That the Courts Will Give Him the Governorship of West Virginia—He Was Elected.

A party of men of national repute arrived on the Oregon Short Line train last night and are at the Esmond. They are: Congressman G. W. E. Dorsey, of Nebraska, Congressman J. G. Ingrows, of Michigan, ex-Governor Stewart, of Vermont, General Nathan Goff, of West Virginia, ex-Congressman Hayden, of Massachusetts, and Captain John S. S. Herr, of West Virginia. Mr. Perry S. Heath, a representative of the Uniter Press Association, is also among the visitors. Congressman McKinley, of Ohio, did not come as was expected. His wife is an invalid, and at the last moment he telegraphed to Congressman Dorsey, saying that he thought it would not be advisable to leave her.

Upon the arrival of the party in this city they were met by ex-Congressman M. C. George, General Wm. Kapps, Prc sident Donald Dickey and Secretary Arnold, of the Board of Trade, and Congressman Binger Hermann, who escorted them to the Esmond. Here they were met by Senator John H. Mitchell and several friends of theirs, and there was a general handshaking all round.

The visitors are the guests of Congressman Dorsey, who is one of the greatest friends the West has in the national house. He is a member of the committee on territories, of which he will probably become chairman at the next session. He has been a strong advocate of many important measures for the advancement of the West, and his idea in bringing the distinguished gentlemen to the West was to give them an opportunity to see the country he has been talking for.

WHERE THEY HAVE BEEN.

An OREGONIAN reporter met Congressman Dorsey as he stepped into the lobby of the Esmond, and asked him for a brief account of the trip.

"Whew, I am awfully tired and warm," said the congressman, good-naturedly. "Come, I will introduce you to Mr. Heath, who is a newspaper man. He will tell you all you want to know."

Mr. Heath said the excursionists left Fairmont, Neb., July 15. En route they made stops at Denver, Pueblo, Salt Lake city and Boise City. They left the latter p ace at 10 o'clock Wednesday night. They had arranged to go right to Seattle on the Sound, but when they reached here they found that they were to be taken to the mouth of the Columbia river Friday. They will leave on the T. J. Potter at 8 A. M., accompanied by Congressman Hermann and the Board of Trade committee, who met them at the train last night. After taking in Portland they will take the steamer for Astoria and Vancouver. Returning to the Sound they will go East from Tacoma. They will halt for a day at Lake Pend d'Oreille, whence they will proceed to Helena, M. T., and drop in upon the constitution makers. Then they will continue their journey to Minneapolis.

HE'S A GUVERNOR, EVERY INCH OF HIM.

General Goff is one of the most jovial of the public men who have visited Portland. He will be 46 on October 9, but he does not look much over 35. He served with distinction in the national army in the rebellion, and he has twice held the office of United States district attorney for West Virginia. He was also secretary of the navy during the last few months of President Hayes's term. He was elected to congress as a republican in 1884 and again in 1886. Last year he was the republican nominee for governor. General Goff is highly elated over his jaunt to the West.

"We have had a glorious trip through a wonderful land," said he to a reporter. "Before coming, I thought I knew something about this country, but I find that I know nothing at all."

"The people of Oregon feel proud to have you visit the state," remarked a bystander.

"They don't want to see us half so bad as we want to see them," said the governor with a smile.

"What is the present status of the gubernatorial contest in West Virginia?" asked the reporter.

"The case is in session, and they are trying the case now, while I am on a leave of absence," said the governor laughingly.

"West Virginia had three governors at one time not long ago, did it not?"

"There were three claimants for the office. I am the one who was elected."

"Are you confident of winning the case in court?"

"I have no doubt in the world but I will come out ahead. I will fight it out on that line if it takes every day of my term, or every day of my life. I went into the fight to win, and I will not be driven or cheated out of the office. The people are in accord with me and want to see me seated, but the ringsters are against me. Personally, I don't care a snap about the governorship, but it is the principle of the matter that I am fighting for the principles of the good old republican party."

THERE IS NO SOLID SOUTH.

"How much longer is the South going to be solid?"

"Why, there is no solid South. I took it West Virginia broke it." General Goff supplemented his remarks with a good hearty laugh, and gave the reporter a good natured slap on the shoulder that made his teeth rattle.

"We are the prospects for a Republican South?"

"Yes, I hope we will carry West Virginia, Virginia and Tennessee."

"What is the cause of all this political change in the South?"

"It is the protective policy of the republican party that is causing it. The South is making rapid progress, and its iron and growing industries must feel it. There are now thousands of people where two years ago there was not one, and cities and towns in where two years ago there was nothing but a wilderness."

Congressman Dorsey is among the candidates for the speakership of the next house. He has a strong following, and many look upon him as the next speaker. When I saw the reporter coming after him with pencil book and pencil, he threw up his hands and said:

"Please, sir, please spare me to-night. I am actually too tired to talk. If you will only come with us on the excursion to-morrow, I will tell you lots of things."

Congressman Burrows did not care to talk about the speakership or the prospective extra session of congress.

Congressman Dorsey was taken suddenly ill shortly after going to his room. Dr. D. H. Rand, who was summoned, found that his illness was not serious, and that his suffering was caused by sick headache and an irritable stomach brought about by fatigue. At midnight Congressman Dorsey was resting easy and Dr. Rand was confident he would be able to accompany the party to the mouth of the river to-day.

THE BICYCLE CLUBS.

Wheels, bicycles, safeties, etc. sold through the [illegible] agency of $1 a week or $4 a month. We can [illegible] you a wheel that will absolutely [illegible] from 1 to 2 weeks per cent cheaper than we can on the [illegible] plan for this reason: By forming purchasers into clubs of sixty members each, we are [illegible] a wholesale cash sale of sixty machines, [illegible] to price from $10 to $200; purchasers making their payments weekly or monthly [illegible] $1 to $3 weekly, and at the same ratio monthly, in proport on to price of machine ordered, not one half down and interest on balance, but all paid. There is no machine delivered [illegible] on [illegible] before each week, the [illegible] which [illegible] is determined [illegible] Every member [illegible] in the club system at the [illegible] thirty days. Any member [illegible] $1 per week. No difference [illegible] what [illegible] you [illegible] The [illegible] [illegible] and the price of the machine is [illegible] Our cycle club now and get an article with which to retain repairs or again handle, [illegible] and [illegible] looks by the most pleasant exercise in creation. For further information [illegible] call or write to [illegible] Cycle [illegible] Co., Portland.

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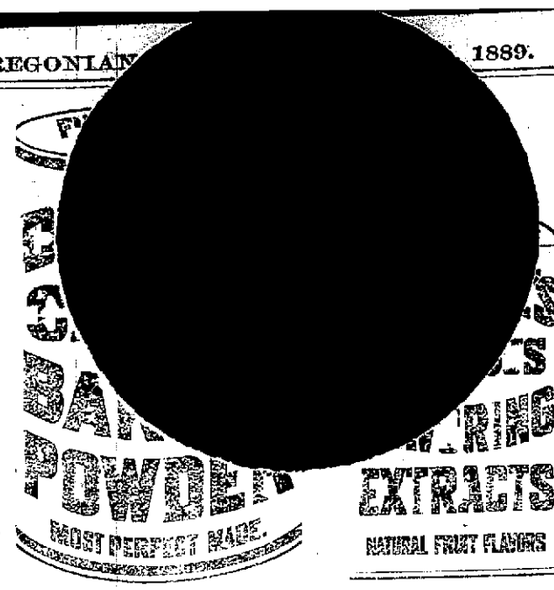
Fremont's Annex is closing out its clothing business. All of the leading merchants now dine there. Corner First and Oak.

Take the Northern Pacific railroad the dining car route for all points East. Office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.



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Every Suit, every Summer Article in the house has been re-marked down to cost, and lots of them, odds and ends, at less than cost, to make our closing out summer sale the greatest on record.

750 Men's Summer Suits at $6.50.
150 Men's Summer Suits at $8.
200 Men's Fine Summer Suits at $11.
320 of our $18 Suits reduced to $13.50.
150 fine $20 Suits now at $15.
Youth's Suits at $4.50 to $6.50, almost half of former prices.
Children's Suits down to $1.50.
Children's Suits at $2, $3, $4.
200 pairs Children's Knee Pants at 25c.
300 pairs Childs' Knee Pants at 50c.
Fine Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, 35c each.
Straw Hats at half former prices.

Don't miss attending our Great Closing out sale.
There's money in it for you.
Bargains in every department.

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Cor. 2d & Morrison Str

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ALL YEAR ROUND RESORT

SITUATED on the shores of Harrison Lake. Entirely free from malaria. Only 65 miles from Yale, over the Canadian Pacific Railway. Reached by the Dominion Government Fleet of steamers. Hot and cold mineral baths. Large hotel. Large swimming bath supplied with water from the springs. Fishing, shooting, boating, etc. Splendid climate. Delightful summer resort. Waters excellent for the complete [illegible] Sphinx Geyser [illegible] Weakness, General Debility, Blood and Nervous Affections, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Kidney and Liver Complaints, etc. A glorious field for the sportsman. Rod and gun with ammunition, bedding [illegible] guides. [illegible] and [illegible] all [illegible]

Portland to Agassiz Station, C. P. Ry., and return, good for 30 days $20.00
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BUNCH OF KEYS
Laugh! Don't Scream!!
The Funniest Show on Earth!
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We are here for [illegible] and we want to make [illegible] while we are here. [illegible] the 30th and 31st. [illegible] At Hoyt & Cook's in 1889.

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The Romantic Irish Drama entitled
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The Great
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Under the Direction of Mr. Tittell.
Cast to Change in the Course.
DEN OF LIVING ALLIGATORS.
THE ALLIGATOR KNIGHT, Prof. [illegible]
THE DEATH DEFYING BANDITTI.
THE HAPPY FAMILY.
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday at 2:30 P. M.
Admission—25 Cents. Reserved Seats, 10c. extra. Children, 20c and 10c. Reserved seats for sale at Cordray's Box Office. Doors open at 1:30 and 7:30 P. M. Performance commences at 2 and 8. Carter Pratt, Manager.

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Conceded to be the most wonderful exhibition of the kind ever produced.
Third street, between Ash and Pine.
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The only Variety Theater open in the city.
Most Elegantly Appointed.
WILL H. BRAY, WILSON & CAMPION,
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Coolest and most ventilated theater in the city.

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Kodak Pictures developed and finished.
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Buys and Corrals at Fourth and Oak Streets.
[illegible] Highest [illegible] which will [illegible] and [illegible] Horses and Cattle [illegible] Horses.
[illegible] large lot of fine stock is now offered for sale at our yards.
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Office: 54 Washington Street.
Between the corner of Third and Oak streets.

A. B. RICHARDSON, AUCTIONEER.

WILL [illegible] W. P. BRIDENSTEIN, Auctioneer, at Sheriff's Sale, on Sheriff's Office, No. 132 Court street, Portland, Oregon, on Saturday, August 3, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, all the right, title, interest and claim which the above named defendants had on the 20th day of July, 1889, or at any time thereafter, in and to the following described property, to-wit: [illegible] Terms of Sale: Cash in U. S. Gold Coin. Dated at Portland, Oregon, this 20th day of July, 1889. W. P. BRIDENSTEIN, Sheriff. Bridenstein & O'Connor, Attorneys.

ADMINISTRATOR'S AUCTION SALE
—OF—
Milch Cows, Bull, Wagons, Horses, Etc.
We will sell at the late residence of G. W. Guild, deceased, on Sherlock avenue, near the N. Pacific sawmill, on
Thursday, Aug. 1, at 10 O'clock A. M.
20 Cows, [illegible] Cows.
[illegible] Bull.
1 Rather [illegible] Mollie, age 8 years.
4 [illegible] Mares and Horses.
4 [illegible]
1 [illegible]
1 Carriage, 1 Road Cart.
1 [illegible] 1 Double Harness.
2 Sets [illegible]
[illegible] Implements and [illegible] for Milk Ranch [illegible]
Terms [illegible] and approved notes for [illegible] per cent interest.
H. P. INNMAN,
Executor of Estate of G. W. Guild, Deceased.

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132 Front St., Portland, Or.
Regular Auction Sale Every Tuesday and Friday at 10 A. M.
BRIDENSTEIN & O'CONNOR, AUCTIONEERS
Friday, July 26, 1889. Regular Sale.
Stock of Summer Millinery Goods, consisting of—
[illegible] Ladies' Untrimmed Hats.
[illegible] pieces assorted Sash and Trimming Ribbon.
[illegible] boxes Silk Jugg Ruching.
[illegible] dozen Puff Boxes.
[illegible] Gold Plated Vest Chains.
[illegible] Cuff Buttons.
[illegible] pounds [illegible]
[illegible] Sets Single Harness.
[illegible] Wrist Watches.
20,000 Cigars, 10 Caddies Fine Tobacco and a general assortment of Crockery. Also a lot of Notions and a general assortment of Groceries.
BRIDENSTEIN & O'CONNOR, Auctioneers.

BUTTER BUTTER
We are receiving large lots of fancy Butter and can fill your order.
TERDING & FARRELL, Portland, Or.

PILING.
We are prepared to furnish on short notice every [illegible] and [illegible] long lengths a specialty. Address ARLAND, WELLS & GRAY, Vancouver W. T.

44c - - - Per Yard - - - 59c
107th
Friday Sunrise Sale
107th
Great Sale of Silks
To-morrow.
We offer a second invoice of Solid Colors
SURAH SILKS
at the nominal price of
44c per yard.
—AND—
24-INCH INDIA SILKS
Solid Colors and Figured. Both Lines at
59c per yard.
All grades are warranted pure silk; over 65 shades offered, all latest colorings.
TO-MORROW ONLY.
For equal distribution we will limit the quantity to each purchaser.
SEE OUR FINE DISPLAY.
Come early for best selections.

We have purchased from an [illegible] manufacturer
5[illegible] SALES
At 35 per cent below cost of [illegible] We have no room for them [illegible] will offer same at [illegible]
READ CAREFULLY.
100 Men's Scotch Cheviot [illegible] price, $15 per suit. Our price, [illegible]
100 Men's Scotch Cheviot [illegible] cent patterns; regular price, $[illegible] Our price, $11 per suit.
180 Men's Fine Worsted [illegible] neat and nobby patterns, regular [illegible] $22.50 and $25 per suit. Our price, [illegible] per suit.
120 Men's Cassimere Suits, very [illegible] ble and stylish; regular price, $[illegible] price, $12.50 per suit.
We also have in this lot 200 Boys' [illegible] Suits, which we offer at $3.00 and $[illegible] suit. Ages, 10 to 17 years.
Remember These Goods Must Be Sold
If you want a fine suit for [illegible] regular price, now is your time.
SEE DISPLAY IN OUR CLOTHING [illegible]
N. B.—Our Great Odd and [illegible] under full headway in all [illegible] great display of Remnants, at [illegible] half regular prices.
MEIER & FRANK

The Opera
Importers & Fine Millinery
67 MORRISON ST
PORTLAND
OREGON.
CERE[illegible]
SALE
ALL GOODS
AT
CLOSE

SAVE MONEY
By calling on THE BOSTON TAILOR. Genuine English Worsted Suits for $20.00. I guarantee you cannot duplicate same under $35. Genuine Scotch and French Suitings and Trouserings sold at Boston prices. Workmanship and fit beyond competition. Examine and be convinced that this statement is true.
O. C. McLEOD,
128½ First St., Upstairs.

CAUTION
W. L. DOUGLAS' name and the price are stamped on the bottom of all his advertised shoes before they leave the factory. If your dealer does not keep them, write to W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalogue, directions how to order by mail, and [illegible] will be sent you. Take no substitute that is recommended to be just as good. Those who have tried them will wear no other make. Sold by [illegible] dealers everywhere. Beware of dealers who have no shoes with my name and price stamped on them, and who say they are just as good as those I advertise. They only take them because they can make more profit on them. Be sure to get full value for your money. Shoes sent by mail or express to any part of the country. Postage free. Catalogue free. For sale by the wearers of W. L. Douglas $3 Shoes everywhere. [illegible] Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy. [illegible] Warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded. [illegible] Take no other. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN
Is a fine seamless calf shoe, with [illegible] Calf Uppers, Leather Bottoms. They [illegible] Calf, Leather Bottoms. They [illegible] equal to Custom Shoes, Button and [illegible] London Cap C. & N. grade, [illegible] Price $3. Too Lasts, [illegible] Lasts, [illegible] half sizes and in all widths, [illegible] you have been paying from $4 to $6 for shoes of this quality, do not do so any longer, but [illegible] one pair of these $3 shoes, and [illegible] that they are the best fitting, most [illegible] you have ever worn at any price. [illegible] Our claims for this shoe, over all other $3 shoes advertised, are:
1st. Same [illegible]
2d. It is more stylish, better fitting and more durable.
3d. It gives better general satisfaction.
4th. It costs more to make, and is worth more money than any other $3 shoe in the market.
5th. It saves more money for the wearer.
6th. It is sold by more dealers than any other $3 shoe.
7th. Its great success is due to its merit.
8th. It must be worn to be appreciated.
9th. It is the best in the world for the money.
10th. It cannot be duplicated by any other $3 shoe.
Ask your dealer for it. If he will not get it for you, send to the factory.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.
WHOLESALE. EUGENE
W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE
GENTLEMEN
$2 SHOE FOR LADIES
$5.00 SHOE [illegible]
$4.00 SHOE [illegible]
$3.50 SHOE [illegible]
$2.50 SHOE IS UNEXCELLED FOR HEAVY WEAR. Best calf shoe for the price.
$2.25 SHOE WORK SCHOOL SHOES. Is the best in the world for rough wear.
$2.00 SHOE [illegible] BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES is the best School Shoe in the world.
$1.75 SHOE YOUTH'S SCHOOL SHOE gives the small Boys a chance to wear the W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe.
As made in Congress, Button and Lace.
W. L. DOUGLAS' $3 AND $2 SHOES
Both Ladies' Shoes are made in all the [illegible] from 1 to 7, including half sizes, and C, D, E, [illegible] STYLE OF LADIES' SHOES.
The [illegible] Opera, [illegible] Arch Opera, "The American Lady," [illegible] All made in Button or the [illegible] Lace. Opera in Lace [illegible] only.
Consumers should [illegible] W. L. DOUGLAS' [illegible] largest and only Shoe Manufacturer in the world supplying shoes direct to the wearer, thereby [illegible] W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.
For Sale by WIBERG & HOLLABAUGH.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.
D. W. CROWLEY & CO., Agents, Portland.

HAYWARDS, Cal., May 23d, 1889.
The Parke & Lacy Machinery Company:
Gentlemen—In answering your request for a statement as to the [illegible] of the Westinghouse "Compound" Engine, as compared with our other engines, we would state that our plant consisted of an Atlas "Automatic" Engine, "11x16," and a Knowlton Dynamo, running 22 2000-C. P. Arc Lights, and 50 16-C. P. Incandescent Lamps. The coal consumed during a run of six hours averaged 1850 pounds of "Seattle Nut." We replaced said engine with a Westinghouse "Compound" Automatic, size "10 and 18x18," and consumed, on an average, 1000 pounds of the same kind of coal in the same time, doing the same work. We are now running a Westinghouse Alternating Dynamo, carrying 275 16-C. P. Incandescent Lamps, and a Brush Dynamo, carrying 22 2000-C. P. Arc Lights. Our average coal consumption per run of six hours is 1270 pounds "Seattle Nut."
Yours Truly,
(Signed) HAYWARDS ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.

It may be well to state here that the Parke & Lacy Machinery Company, whose headquarters for the Pacific Northwest are located at Portland, will take pleasure in answering all inquiries, regarding the "Westinghouse" that may be sent to them here. Their address is
33 and 35 North Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

A SPANISH MASTERPIECE
An interesting short story by the author of the "M[illegible]" tery of John Deems," will appear in the next issue of the Sunday Oregonian.
VOL. XXIX.—NO.
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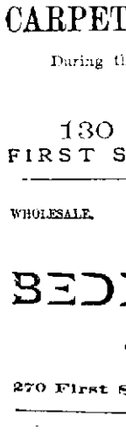
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THE RT. REV. B. WI[illegible]
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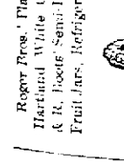
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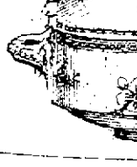
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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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DAVID E. MARTIN CAPTURED

Charles C. Grant's Murderer Run to Earth Yesterday Morning.

Conductor George H. Granger Does What a Sheriff's Posse and Several Detectives Were Unable to Accomplish.

David E. Martin, alias Lattin, alias Coleman, who killed Charles C. Grant, his friend and roommate, in a Tacoma lodging house at 8 o'clock last Friday morning, was arrested at 4 o'clock yesterday morning by Conductor George H. Granger, of train No. 8, bound for this city, at Kalama. Aside from the fact that large rewards were offered for the capture of the murderer, it is quite an honor to the one who performed the neat little piece of work.

THE MURDERER'S MOVEMENTS.

After committing the murder Martin managed in some way to hide himself until that evening when he came back into the city under cover of darkness, in the very clothes he left the scene of his crime. He procured lodgings in the Railroad lodging house, on Railroad street. He arrived there, as near as can be determined, about 9 o'clock Friday night, with no coat, no shirt, a big slouch white hat as a head covering, saying to the proprietor, a Teutonian, that he was just in from Seattle, and very sick. With the natural instincts to do good to his fellowman, and in consequence of the stranger having money to pay his way, he was given a room. He declined to see a doctor, alleging that he knew what ailed him and that all he needed was rest and a little care, and he would soon be all right. Thus, under the very nose of the detectives and a municipal and county force of officers, he calmly lay in bed.

As near as can be learned, when he first came to the lodging-house, he was absolutely devoid of any disguise other than his hat, which he had trimmed down to the brim, presumably with a penknife, making it look smaller. That he showed wonderful presence of mind and a perfect knowledge of his whereabouts, is shown by his choosing the very lodging-house of all others in the city where he could lay unmolested and easily mislead his host into believing him sick. The entire affair, even to his escape from the lodging-house, shows his cool determination and steel-like nerve.

THE WAY HE ESCAPED.

Tuesday afternoon about 4 o'clock he sent for the landlord, and asked him to kindly go out into the city and purchase some clothing for him, giving him a bill of large denomination. The German did as he had been directed, and purchased for him a hat, a common serge coat and vest and a pair of low-cut shoes. When he returned with them Martin told him that as soon as he was able to get out he would do so, as he was more than anxious to be in the open air and at work again. He was then taken up his usual supper of food suitable for an invalid, and saying he was sleepy and needed rest, locked his door, presumably to fold himself in Morpheus's arms.

THE "SICK MAN" DISAPPEARED.

About 9:30 o'clock the proprietor of the house was informed by a bed-maker that "the sick man" had gone. A bystander asked who the person referred to was. Explanations followed, and in less time than it takes to write it the kind-hearted landlord was convinced that he had been administering to the wants of a murderer, instead of a sick man. The startling news was immediately carried to police headquarters. It created quite a stir, as can well be imagined. Officers scattered in all directions, and looked into every nook or corner where Martin could have secreted himself; but they hunted in vain. In the meantime dispatches, giving the murderer's description, were sent to every station on the Northern Pacific. The following reached Conductor Granger at Winlock:

TACOMA, July 24.

"Search your train for a young man 22 or 23 years old. His face is smooth and he wears a linen coat and vest of blue material. His pants are brown and he has on slippers. If he is on the train arrest him and wire me.

A. M. CHESNEY, Chief of Police."

THE MURDERER APPEARS.

How Martin was arrested is better told in the words of Conductor Granger. The latter said to a reporter last evening, on being asked how the arrest was effected:

"At 12:55 o'clock last night we stopped at Medis, a small station a short distance this side of Tacoma, and took on several passengers. Shortly after pulling out, in going through the cars I noticed a young man sitting in a seat at one end of the car, directly next to the door. I turned the back of his seat over and told him to move up one seat and then he could lie down and go to sleep. He then moved as directed, but rather reluctantly. He did not go to sleep and seemed to be ill at ease. His actions and manner of dress attracted the attentions of Brakesmen George Hallowell, J. F. Higgins and myself. We, of course, had descriptions of the murderer of Grant, and by comparing them with the stranger, we felt very positive that the man so much sought after was in our train. We kept our own counsel, however, and were very careful not to excite the murderer's attention."

HE BETRAYS HIMSELF.

"Even if we had not been provided with the description of Martin, we would have discovered in him the murderer of Grant. Shortly after discovering that a murderer was on the train Brakesman Hollowell took a seat beside him to await developments. After a few casual remarks on the part of Martin, the latter commenced to talk about the Tacoma murder.

"It is a very bad piece of business, but I can't help thinking there is some excuse for Martin killing Grant, commenced the man that was soon to be arrested for the crime about which he was talking.

"Mr. Holloway answered that it was, when Martin again spoke up and said:

"'Did Martin get any money by his crime?' to which Hollowell answered:

"'I don't know, but the Tacoma papers state that Grant had about $4000 in his room immediately after the murder; but only $41 was found on his person after his death.' To this Martin said:

"'Well, then, if they don't find anything on him when he is caught, they can't prove that he killed Grant. Martin can very easily hide the money.'

"The conversation continued between the two men until Hollowell had to leave the murderer's side to call out a station that we had reached. As no one got on at the station, Martin seemed to lose his uneasiness and dropped off to sleep. We were glad to see this, as we were afraid that he would attempt to jump off the train. At Winlock I got off the train for the purpose of telegraphing the sheriff at Kelama to meet my train, as I had Martin on board. Here also I received a dispatch from Chief Chesney, telling me to search my train, but instead of doing so I answered, stating that I had the man so was safer.

MARTIN PLACED UNDER ARREST.

"I proceeded on my way, and Martin did not wake up until I handed him over to Sheriff Holmes at Kalama."

"Did Martin make any resistance on being arrested?" the reporter asked.

"Well, hardly. He was too much surprised. When he woke up it was to find his wrists ornamented with handcuffs, and his eyes looked into the cold muzzle of a revolver. He made no resistance and was marched off to the lock-up where he was kept closely guarded. I think that he runs a good chance of being lynched when he arrives in Tacoma, unless closely guarded, as the people are very much excited, and if they get a chance, will show him no mercy."

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

Mr. T. Morgan, of the Northern Pacific Express Company, at Kalama, furnishes THE OREGONIAN with the following relative to the arrest of Martin:

"On the arrival of passenger No. 8 here, Sheriff Holmes boarded the train and found Martin in the smoking-car, asleep. Holmes awoke him, and said:

"'You are wanted for murder in Tacoma. Come along.'

"Martin turned deathly pale, but made no effort to escape, as there was little chance for him to get away. Holmes then led his man away and lodged him in jail here.

"Martin acknowledged that he killed Grant, but says it was in self-defense; that they quarreled over some girls they were keeping. He claims that Grant has a wife in California and that he also married again in Spokane Falls.

"The prisoner turned over about $1200 in $100 bills, and some small money, a small wallet and some other articles to Sheriff Holmes. He will be taken to-day to Tacoma and turned over to the authorities there. He claims to be sick, and is also very much alarmed of mob violence at Tacoma."

There is no doubt now that the right man has been captured at last, and if he does not meet his fate at the hands of a mob the law will take its course. Mr. Granger certainly deserves much credit for his neat capture of a man who had eluded detectives and police for several days.

LATTIN IN JAIL AT TACOMA.

He Is Cool and Collected, and Talks Freely About His Crime.

TACOMA, W. T., July 24.—David Lattin, who murdered Charles C. Grant in Grady on the morning last, and who was arrested at Kalama yesterday morning, arrived in Tacoma to-night and is now in the county jail.

Lattin claims to be 25 years old, but is 30 years and looks to be no more than 28. He is of medium hight, light complexioned and pony looking. He claims to be an invalid. He is cool and cautious.

He says that he and Grant were well acquainted with each other in Spokane; that they met at Pasco on their way to Tacoma; that they were room-mates, and had been in the Theater Comique together on the night of the murder. On returning to their room in the Frankin house, Grant suggested that they visit the houses of ill-fame. Lattin objected, but was seized by Grant, who said he must go, when a scuffle ensued, in which Grant had the best of it, when Lattin drew a slungshot and struck Grant on the head, bursting the weapon. Grant pushed the "scrap" further, when Lattin drew a revolver and shot Grant several times. After he had fallen, Lattin then took what money Grant had and made his escape.

"Why did you take his money if you killed him in 'self-defense,' as you claim?" was asked of Lattin.

"Because I thought it would assist me in getting away, or in being defended, should I be caught," he replied.

"Where were you from the time the murder was committed until you boarded the train for Portland?"

"I was at my room in the railroad house, because I was sick. I went down to the washroom frequently to wash. I was not out of the city during that time. I read the daily papers, and what they said about me. They told a big lot of lies on me. I had no accomplice at all, and never went by the name of Coleman or Martin."

He resumed, "I went down to the depot last night before the train left and purchased a ticket of the agent. I was not disguised and had on no false beard. The police were there and saw me, as did many others. I was born in Iroquois county, Ills., and have a sister in Indiana, with whom I lived for several months about six years ago. When I left there I stole $250 from my brother-in-law. I afterwards corresponded with a girl who was a neighbor to my sister to find out what was said about me for stealing the money. I signed the name Townsend so that they would not know me. These are my letters found in the valise."

He continued: "I worked in a drug store in Spokane Falls for five years, and I belonged to the Y. M. C. A. My father hung himself in 1875. My mother is dead. I am sorry that this thing happened, but when a man is sick he has a right to defend himself. They may lynch me, but I can't help it."

The sum of $1231 was found on Lattin's person. He declares that he only took $1240, and after paying for his ticket had the above amount left. He leaves for Tacoma this afternoon, in company with Sheriff Holmes.

THE MURDERED MAN'S SISTER.

She Doubts His Marriage to the Woman Claiming To Be His First Wife.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 24.—Mrs. Ami Heibach, a dressmaker at 3674 O'Farrell street, in this city, sister of Charles C. Grant, who was murdered in Tacoma on Friday, in speaking of his past life and his relations with the woman claiming to be his wife, said that in 1877 her brother, the murdered man, came to see her at Redwood City.

"He spoke of 'Mollie,'" she said, "as the woman with whom he was living. He did not call her his wife, but I naturally supposed that that was the relation she bore to him. She visited me at San Francisco, where I had removed, and spoke of her marriage certificate. I did not see the paper then, nor have I since. In 1877 she came to this city and took charge of the Revere lodging house. Her husband, not liking the reputation of the house made her give it up. He then shortly after left the city, going to Albany, Or., and to Pueblo, Colo. He wanted her to go, but she refused, and in four years he returned. He told Mollie that they must separate, and that he was going away again. He went to Spokane Falls and afterward to Tacoma. He wrote to her and sent her money frequently, and things ran along in this way until Dr. McCash appeared on the scene a few months ago. She wrote asking his consent to a divorce, and he replied, telling her to secure one by default. Instead, however, of securing the decree, she wrote to a lawyer in Tacoma to find out if her husband had accumulated any property. He replied that in addition to $10,000 in the bank he had valuable real estate and the best paying bakery in the place. She came to me, threatening to go to Tacoma and have a receiver appointed for the business, saying: 'I'll see him in jail wearing stripes, and I will pay for the suit and gloat over his misery.'

"On Saturday night I received the first intelligence of my brother's death, and went to see her with regard to the arrangements for the funeral. When I reached the house I found that she was going to Tacoma on the evening train and had already gone to the ferry. I followed her and asked whether she had her marriage certificate with her. She said she had, and yet I find that she now says that she forgot it. I know from experiences that I cannot here recount that Mollie is a bold, bad woman, whose sole object in going to Tacoma is to secure my brother's hard-earned property."

SHE GOT EVEN ON GEN. GIBBON.

Disastrous Ending of a Quiet Day's Fishing on the Tualatin.

A Portland man tells a good story on General Gibbon, the gallant commander of the department of the Columbia. The story runs that General Gibbon and a party of friends were fishing in in the Tualatin, about eight miles from Gaston, a few days ago. The general was standing upon a rock in mid stream, when a farmer appeared on the scene, rake in hand, and addressing him, said:

"Mister, you know that we don't allow trespassing here." As he spoke, the farmer pointed to a placard reading that trespassing was prohibited.

"Very sorry, but I did not know it," responded General Gibbon, trying to maintain his equilibrium.

The cool answer fired the farmer. "Can't you read; don't you see those signs?" he roared.

"I can see the signs, and I can read. I had an idea that they were to show that the farm was for sale."

This retort knocked the farmer speechless and he retired from the field. His wife then came to see what she could do with "the Hero of Gettysburg." She began by stirring him a regular hot time, transferring him to the rock upon which he stood. Then she buried out:

"You had better go to school and learn to read," "Madam," replied the general, very politely, "I can most too well to learn to read. [illegible]"

General Gibbon never finished his sentence. If he did the remainder was drowned in the roaring waters of the Tualatin. He unceremoniously lost his balance and jumped head foremost into the cold stream. Seen he came to the surface the first thing he saw was a woman brandishing her hoe for joy and chanting a commercial war dance.

"That's good for you," she exclaimed, exultingly. "Next time you will learn to read. Hurrah!"

Then she went her way rejoicing and left General Gibbon's friends to fish him out of the river.

AN EDITOR FROM ST. PAUL.

E. T. Cowles, of the "Pioneer Press," and Wife on a Visit in Oregon.

Among the passengers on board the T. J. Potter on the excursion of the Nebraska press association to Hyaco, was E. T. Cowles, the managing editor of the St. Paul *Pioneer Press*, and his wife. Mr. Cowles is here on his first visit to "Oregon," he said to a reporter yesterday, "is certainly a wonderful country. This is an interesting country of vast resources and an unknown future. I was really surprised to find it what it is, and it is fairly teeming with people who have never visited the coast have not a very vague conception of this Western country or of its resources."

Both Mr. and Mrs. Cowles were delighted with the drive on the Scott cline, and they, under expressed themselves regarding the beautiful and picturesque scenery.

Mr. Cowles very much regretted that he could not remain longer, but the imperative demands of business call him to his field of labor on the Mississippi yesterday evening for Tacoma. From there he returns via the Northern Pacific, making five more stops before reaching St. Paul.

THE RUSH TO THE NORTHWEST.

The Passenger Business Is Larger Than It Has Ever Been.

"This has been a great year for traveling," said A. D. Charlton, the assistant general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific, to a reporter yesterday. "It is the best year we have ever had for all kinds of travel, eastward, westward and local. So great has become the local travel on the main line that it has been found necessary to put on a local sleeper between Tacoma and Spokane Falls. The Alaska Coast steamer leaves every Thursday. Every trip it comes to the road and every one is filled to overflowing every trip. Great crowds will visit portions of the Pacific Coast this season. We will make reduced rates during that season."

Inquiry at the Southern and Union Pacific offices brought forth a similar story. The rush for the Northwest is unprecedented; all crowded trains are the rule, not the exception.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW PARK THEATER.—Mirthfulness and laughter reign supreme at this house of amusement this week, inspired by that aggregation of absurdities, "A Bunch of Keys." Large audiences nightly roar over the humorous situations and applaud the clever work of Marietta Nash and George Leland.

CORDRAY'S MUSEE AND THEATER.—"Pinchon the Cricket" seems to grow in favor with each performance, and there is no diminution in the size of the audiences which nightly gather to witness this most charming play. Miss Tittell is winning golden opinions for her honest, conscientious work in the title role.

SOMETHING NEW.

Messrs. Hoyt & Co., music dealers, have just placed in their warerooms a new and wonderful instrument called a Voculion organ, which is exciting general interest among musicians. It is adapted for use in churches, lodges, halls, etc., and in quality of tone, volume and sustaining power rivals the best two-manual pipe organs. A case of solid antique oak and decorated pipes gives it a handsome appearance. They invite the public to inspect this wonderful instrument.

"EL BRILLANT."

The grand opening of the above named resort will take place at No. 9 Alder street, between Front and First, this morning at 10 o'clock. A general invitation is extended to my former friends and acquaintances, as well as to the general public, to call and see one of the nicest places in the city where they may be assured of the politest attention and the finest liquors and cigars. Respectfully yours, BOB. SHAFFNER.

LEAVE IT TO ME.

For a nice banquet, lunching or picnic party, etc., just leave it all to Freimann, corner First and Oak.

CONGRESSMEN IN THE CITY.

To-day They Will Take a Ride on the Potter to the Mouth of the River.

General Goff Confident That the Courts Will Give Him the Governorship of West Virginia—He Was Elected.

A party of men of national repute arrived on the Oregon Short Line train last night and are at the Esmond. They are: Congressman G. W. E. Dorsey, of Nebraska, Congressman J. C. Burrows, of Michigan, ex-Governor Stewart, of Vermont, General Nathan Goff, of West Virginia, ex-Congressman Hayden, of Massachusetts, and Captain John S. S. Herr, of West Virginia. Mr. Perry S. Heath, a representative of the United Press Association, is also among the visitors. Congressman McKinley, of Ohio, did not come as was expected. His wife is an invalid, and at the last moment he telegraphed to Congressman Dorsey, saying that he thought it would not be advisable to leave her.

Upon the arrival of the party in this city they were met by ex-Congressman M. C. George, General Wm. Kapus, Vice-President Donald Mackay and Secretary Arnold, of the Board of Trade, and Congressman Binger Hermann, who escorted them to the Esmond. Here they were met by Senator John H. Mitchell and several prominent men, and there was a general handshaking all around.

The visitors are the guests of Congressman Dorsey, who is one of the greatest friends the West has in the national house. He is a member of the committee on territories, of which he will probably be chairman next session. He has been a strong advocate of many important measures for the advancement of the West, and his ideas in behalf of the disenfranchised gentlemen to the West was to give them an opportunity to see the country he has been talking for.

WHERE THEY HAVE BEEN.

An OREGONIAN reporter met Congressman Dorsey as he stepped into the lobby of the Esmond, and asked him for a brief account of the trip.

"Whew, I am awfully tired and warm," said the congressman, good-naturedly. "Come, I will introduce you to Mr. Heath, who is a newspaper man. He will tell you all you want to know."

Mr. Heath said the excursionists left Fremont, Neb., July 13. En route they made stops at Denver, Cheyenne, Salt Lake city and Boise City. They left the latter place at 10 o'clock Wednesday night. They had arranged to go right through to the Sound, but when they reached here they found that they are to be taken to the mouth of the Columbia river by-day. They will leave on the T. J. Potter at 5 A. M., accompanied by Congressman Hermann and the Board of Trade committee, who met them at the train last night. After taking in Portland they will visit Puget sound, Victoria and Vancouver. Returning to the Sound, they will go East from Tacoma. They will fish for a day at Lake Pend d'Oreille, whence they will proceed to Helena, M. T., and drop in upon the constitution makers. Then they will continue their journey to Minneapolis.

HE'S A GOVERNOR, EVERY INCH OF HIM.

General Goff is one of the most jovial of the public men who have visited Portland. He will be 45 on October 9, but he does not look much over 25. He served with distinction in the national army in the rebellion, and he has twice held the post of United States district attorney for West Virginia. He was also secretary of the navy during the last few months of President Hayes's term. He was elected to congress as a republican in 1884 and again in 1886. Last year he was the republican nominee for governor. General Goff is highly elated over his jaunt to the West.

"We have had a glorious trip through a wonderful land," said he to a reporter. "Before coming, I thought I knew something about this country, but I find that I know nothing at all."

"The people of Oregon feel proud to have you visit the state," remarked a bystander.

"They don't want to see us half so bad as we want to see them," said the governor with a smile.

"What is the present status of the gubernatorial contest in West Virginia?" asked the reporter.

"The court is in session, and they are trying the case now, while I am on a leave of absence," said the governor laughingly.

"West Virginia had three governors at one time not long ago, did it not?"

"There were three claimants for the office. I am the one who was elected."

"Are you confident of winning the case in court?"

"I have no doubt in the world but I will come out ahead. I will fight it out on that line if it takes every day of my term, or every day of my life. I will into the fight to win, and I am not going to be cheated out of the office. The people are in accord with me and want to see me seated, but the ringsters are against me personally. I don't care a snap about the governorship, but it is the principle of the matter that I am fighting for—the principles of the good old republican party."

THERE IS NO SOLID SOUTH.

"How much longer is the south going to be solid?"

"Why, there is no solid south. I broke it; West Virginia broke it." General Goff supplemented his remarks with a good hearty laugh, and gave the reporter a good-natured slap on the shoulder that made his teeth chatter.

"What are the prospects for 1892 in the South?"

"Next time we will carry West Virginia, Virginia and Tennessee."

"How do you account for all this political change in the south?"

"It is the protective policy of the republican party that is making votes for it. The South is making rapid progress, and the great and growing interests of the west [illegible] are now [illegible] enough where two years ago there was not one person, and cities and towns where two years ago there was nothing but a wilderness."

Congressman Burrows is among the candidates for the speakership of the next house. He is a shrewd politician, and many look upon him as the next speaker. When he saw the reporter coming after him with note book and pencil, he threw up his hands and said:

"Young man, please spare me to-night. I am actually too tired to talk. If you will only come with us on the excursion to-morrow, I will tell you lots of things."

Congressman Burrows did not care to talk about the speakership or the prospective extra session of congress.

Congressman Dorsey was taken suddenly ill shortly after going to his room. Dr. D. H. Rand, who was summoned, found that his illness was not serious, and that his suffering was caused by sick headache and an irritable stomach brought about by fatigue. At midnight Congressman Dorsey was resting easy and Dr. Rand was confident that he would be able to accompany the party to the mouth of the river to-day.

THE MERRILL CYCLE CLUBS.

Bicycles, tricycles, safeties, etc., sold through the club system at $3 a week or $12 a month. We can sell you a machine on club member from ten to twelve per cent cheaper than we can on the installment plan for cash reason. By forming purchasers into clubs of sixty members each, we are guaranteed a wholesale price sale of sixty machines, ranging in price from $10 to $200; purchasers making their payments as they or monthly from $1 to $4 weekly, and a the same ratio monthly, in proportion to price of machine ordered, not one half down and interest on balance until paid. There is one machine delivered to some of these clubs each week; the [illegible] who will get this machine is determined by the club. Any one desiring to [illegible] at the club rooms, Sunday excepted, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 9 P. M. Any member can get his machine by paying the difference between what he has paid in to the club and the price of the machine ordered. In our cycle club now and get an article with which a young man or girl rejoices, and which looks by the most pleasant exercise on earth. For further information in regard to the above, see our other advertisements or call or write us at the Cycle Castle, 49 Morrison.

GREAT BUGGIES.

Freimann's Annex is doing a rushing business. All of the leading merchants now dine there. Corner First and Oak.

Take the Northern Pacific Railroad the dining car route for all points East. Office, No. 121 First street, corner Washington.

FULL WEIGHT PURE

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

DR. PRICE'S DELICIOUS FLAVORING EXTRACTS

NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS

Used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Purest and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, Lemon, Vanilla, Almond, Rose, etc., do not contain Poisonous Oils or Chemicals.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., New York, Chicago, San Francisco

KOHN, KOHLER AND GATER

COR. 2d & MORRISON ST

THE INK HAS Done Its Work.

Don't miss attending our Great Closing out sale.

There's money in it for you.

Bargains in every department.

KOHN, KOHLER AND GATER

Cor. 2d & Morrison Sts

HARRISON HOT SPRINGS, BRITISH COLUMBIA

ALL YEAR ROUND RESORT

SITUATED on the shores of Harrison Lake. Entirely free from malaria. Only 64 miles from Vancouver, B. C. Reached from Agassiz Station, C. P. Ry. The Province Government Experimental Farm adjoins the town. Two Hotels, cottages, etc. Terms $1.50 to $2 per day. Large and well appointed Bath House with Springs, whose medicinal properties are unsurpassed. Lake teems with fish. Excellent opportunities for sportsmen. Waters excellent for the campers. Splendid [illegible] on the shores of the lake. Undisturbed Wilderness. Unequaled Mountain Scenery, Majestic Forests, Rapids, Waterfalls, Canyons, Snow Peaks, Mountain Meadows, Beautiful Parklets, Game, Pheasants, Grouse, Quail, Deer, Bear, Elk, Mountain Goats, etc. A glorious field for the hunter and sportsman, with plenty of trout and rowboats. Lumbering lodges and guides. Indirect rates on the Canadian Pacific at usual ticket offices.

Portland to Agassiz Station, C. P. Ry., and return, good for 30 days $20.00
Tacoma or Seattle to Agassiz and return, good for 30 days 11.00

SEND FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS.

AMUSEMENTS.

10 + 20 + 30 + 40

New Park Theater. One Solid Week!

—TONIGHT—

BUNCH OF KEYS

Laugh! Roar!! Scream!!!

The Funniest Show on Earth!

"Business, my boy."
"Oh! I laugh to split."
"$20,000!" You don't get it."

We're here for fun, we want you to come for fun, so if you don't get it, you can't help it. Reserved seats 75c, 50c and 25c. Seats can be secured in advance at Hoyt & Co's on the corner.

CORDRAY'S MUSEE AND THEATER

Corner Third and Yamhill.

THE AMUSEMENT RESORT OF THE CITY

Fanchon Matinee To-Day at 2:30.

WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, JULY 22, 1889.

The remarkable success of the past week has induced

FANCHON

MISS ESSIE TITTELL DRAMATIC CO.

Lent to Charge of the Museo.

DEN OF LIONS AND LOCATORS.
THE ARABIAN ENTERTAINERS.
THE CELEBRATED BANDITTI.
THE HAPPY FAMILY.

Matinee Wednesday and Saturday, first performance at 2:30 P. M.

Admission—To Matinee 10c; seats in the first row, 20c and 30c, according to location. Box seats, 35c. Matinee, 25c, evening, 10c.

Seats reserved without extra charge at box office.

Doors open daily at 1 P. M. Matinee performance commences at 2:30. Evening performance at 7:30.

Don't Fail to Visit the

GETTYSBURG CYCLORAMA.

Conceded to be the most wonderful exhibition of the kind ever produced.

Third street, between Ash and Pine.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

CLINTON'S THEATER ROYAL!

Cor. Third and Alder Sts.

The only Variety-Style Theater open in the city.

3—STANLEY SISTERS—3

Dancing, Singing and Dialect.

WILL H. GRAY, WILSON & CAMPION,

LULU TEMPLE

AND 20 STAR PERFORMERS.

Coolest and best ventilated theater in the city.

Towne

Leading Photographer of the Northwest

S. W. Cor. First and Morrison Sts., Portland, Or.

Best collection of Landscape Views of Alaska and Northwest Scenery.

Likenesses, Bubbles to TOWNES.

Kodak Fiends developed and finished.

Lantern Slides made.

Portland Live Stock Exchange

Barnes and Corrals at Fourth and Ash Streets.

One big lean hog [illegible] which 3000 pounds; four of [illegible] and some good single drivers; also one good [illegible].

The above lot of fine stock is now offered for sale at our yards.

Fine pasture for horses.

FOR THE FINEST GLASS OF BEER IN THE city, go to Frank Keller, First and Pine sts.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

S. L. N. GILMAN (GILMAN & CO.)

Auctioneers

42 First Street, Next Corner of Ash.

Regular Auction Sales of Real Estate, Household Furniture and General Merchandise.

TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 10 A. M.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

Auctioneer

Office 125 Washington Street.

Residence at the corner of 11th and College streets.

ADMINISTRATOR'S AUCTION SALE

—OF—

Milch Cows, Bull, Wagons, Horses, Etc.

We will sell at the late residence of G. W. Guild, deceased, on Sherlock avenue, near the N. Pacific Sawmill, on

Thursday, Aug. 1, at 10 O'clock A. M.

20 Thoroughbred Milch Cows.
3 Yearling Bulls.
1 Registered Jersey Stallion and 3 Colts.
1 Registered Shorthorn Bull.
4 Work Horses.
1 Saddle Horse.
1 Set Heavy Spring Carts.
2 Sets Heavy Double Harness.
2 Milk Wagons.
1 Set Single Harness.
Also 1000 Chairs, Bedsteads and all appurtenances for Milk Ranch complete.

R. D. INNMAN,

Executor of Estate of G. W. Guild, Deceased.

A. B. RICHARDSON, AUCTIONEER.

T. LOCKNER, W. F. D. HEIDENSTEIN,

Jobbers' Auction and Commission House,

No. 132 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

Conditions of Sales: For amounts of $200, Net Spot Cash; for amounts of over $200, 3 approximate Notes 90 days at Super cent. Regular Auction sale every Tuesday at 10 A. M. Heidenstein & O'Connor, Auct.

JOBBERS'

AUCTION AND COMMISSION HOUSE

132 Front St., Portland, Or.

Regular Auction Sale Every Tuesday and Friday at 10 A. M.

HEIDENSTEIN & O'CONNOR, AUCTIONEERS

Friday, July 26, 1889. Regular Sale.

Stock of Summer Millinery Goods, consisting of—
100 Dozen Ladies' Untrimmed Hats.
100 pieces Assorted Satin and Trimming Ribbon.
12 boxes Silk Edge Ruching.
20 dozen Puff Boas.
12 dozen Gold Plated Vest Chains.
12 [illegible] Cuff Buttons.
6 pounds of Silk.
Set of Single Harness.
5 Linen Wilps.
20,000 Cigars, 10 caddies Plug Tobacco and a general assortment of Crockery. Also a lot of Notions and a general assortment of Groceries.

HEIDENSTEIN & O'CONNOR, Auctioneers.

BUTTER ⊙ ⊙ BUTTER

We are receiving large lots of fancy Butter and can fill your order.

EVERDING & FARRELL, Portland, Or.

PILING.

We are prepared to furnish on short notice every length of fir piling, long lengths a specialty.

McFARLANE, WELLS & GRAY,

Vancouver W. T.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. SOLD ONLY IN CANS.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

44c - - - Per Yard - - - 59c

O7th

Friday Surprise Sale

O7th

Great Sale of Silks

To-morrow.

We offer a second invoice of Solid Colors

SURAH SILKS

at the nominal price of

44c per yard.

—AND—

24-INCH INDIA SILKS

Solid Colors and Figured. Both Lines at

59c per yard.

All grades are warranted pure silk; over 65 shades offered, all latest colorings.

TO-MORROW ONLY.

For equal distribution we will limit the quantity to each purchaser.

SEE OUR FINE DISPLAY.

Come early for best selections.

We have purchased from [illegible] Manufacturer

5[illegible] S[illegible]

At 35 per cent below cost. We have no room for them and will offer same at [illegible]

READ CAREFULLY.

100 Men's Scotch Cheviot [illegible] price, $15 per suit. Our price, $7.50 per suit.

100 Men's Scotch Cheviot [illegible] cent patterns; regular price, $10 per suit. Our price, $11 per suit.

189 Men's Fine Worsted [illegible] ment and nobby patterns; regular price, $22.50 and $25 per suit. Our price, $15 per suit.

120 Men's Cassimere Suits, very [illegible] ble and stylish; regular price, $12.50 per suit. Our price, $8.50 per suit.

We also have in this lot [illegible] Suits, which we offer at $5 per suit. Ages, 10 to 17 years.

Remember These Goods Must Be [illegible]

If you want a fine suit for [illegible] regular price, now is your time.

SEE DISPLAY IN OUR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

N. B.—Our Great Odd and Sundry Sale under full headway in all departments. Our great display of Remnants at less than half regular prices.

MEIER & FRANK

The Opera

Importers & Millinery

67 MORRISON ST

PORTLAND

OREGON.

CLEARING SALE

ALL GOODS

AT

COST

SAVE MONEY

By calling on THE BOSTON TAILOR. Genuine English Worsted Suits for $40.00. I guarantee you cannot duplicate same under $45. Also the Scotch and French Suitings and Trouserings sold at Boston prices. Workmanship and fit beyond competition. Examine and be convinced that this statement is true.

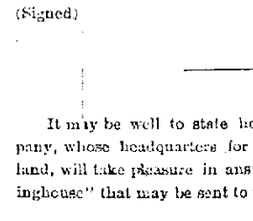
O. C. McLEOD,

128½ First St., Upstairs.

CAUTION

W. L. DOUGLAS' name and the price of $3 are stamped on the bottom of all shoes advertised by him before leaving the factory. If your dealer does not keep them in stock he can obtain them for you. Beware of dealers who attempt to sell you shoes said to be just as good as W. L. Douglas' shoes, which have no reputation. They only [illegible] the larger profit usually realized on the sale of [illegible] shoes. If any dealer offers you shoes stamped with his own name or other than W. L. Douglas' name and price, do not buy them, as you are sure to get full value for your money by buying the shoes advertised by me. I can furnish any kind of shoes I advertise, in any style toe, and any width, from A to E, by mail. Send for catalogue, containing full directions how to order shoes by mail. Fast colors eyelets used; will not wear brassy. I can fit any one that buys shoes of me by mail. Postage free. Catalogues free. I am [illegible] to give better value for the money than any other manufacturer. Ladies, if you want the best fitting, stylish and serviceable shoe for the price, buy the W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe. If you want a fine dress shoe, buy the W. L. Douglas $4 Shoe. If you want the best $2 shoe in the world, buy the W. L. Douglas $2 Shoe. If you want a good School Shoe that will wear well, buy the W. L. Douglas $2 School Shoe. If you want the best Workingman's Shoe made, buy the W. L. Douglas $3 Workingman's Shoe. If you want the best Calf Shoe for the money, buy the W. L. Douglas $3 Calf Shoe. If you want the best Kangaroo Calf Shoe, buy the W. L. Douglas $4 Kangaroo Calf Shoe. If you want the best Patent Leather Shoe, buy the W. L. Douglas $3 Patent Leather Shoe. If you want the best Dongola Shoe for the money, buy the W. L. Douglas $3 Dongola Shoe. If you want the best Police Shoe made, buy the W. L. Douglas $3 Police Shoe. If you want the best Shoe for Boys, buy the W. L. Douglas $2 Boys' Shoe. If you want the best Shoe for Youths, buy the W. L. Douglas $2 Youths' School Shoe. If you want the best Shoe for Misses, buy the W. L. Douglas $2 Misses' Shoe. If you want the best Shoe for Children, buy the W. L. Douglas $1.75 Children's Shoe. If you want the best Shoe for Infants, buy the W. L. Douglas $1.50 Infants' Shoe. If you want the best Shoe for Ladies, buy the W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe for Ladies. If you want the best Shoe for Misses, buy the W. L. Douglas $2 Shoe for Misses. If you want the best Shoe for Children, buy the W. L. Douglas $1.75 Shoe for Children. If you want the best Shoe for Infants, buy the W. L. Douglas $1.50 Shoe for Infants.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN

$3 SHOE FOR LADIES

$5,000 will be paid to any person who will prove the above statements to be false. Following Lines will be found to be of the Same Quality of Workmanship and Material, and Same Prices as Goods sold by me, but cost from 10 to 25 cents more:

$5.00 SHOE GENUINE HAND-SEWED, which cannot be equaled at any price.
$4.00 SHOE THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY HAND-SEWED WELT, costing from $6 to $8.
$3.50 SHOE FOR FARMERS, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers, all leather, no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet.
$2.50 SHOE IS UNEXCELLED FOR HEAVY WEAR. Best calf shoe ever sold at the price.
$2.25 SHOE WORKINGMAN'S, is the best in the world for rough wear.
$2.00 SHOE SOLID, TO SHOES THAT COST FROM $3 TO $5 with one pair of either than any shoe ever sold at the price.
$2.00 SHOE FOR BOYS is the best School Shoe in the world.
$1.75 SHOE YOUTH'S SCHOOL, gives the small Boys a chance to wear the W. L. Douglas shoe.

All made in Congress, Button and Lace.

W. L. DOUGLAS' $3 AND $2 SHOES

Both Ladies' Shoes are made in widths from 1 to 7, including half sizes, and B C D E widths.

STYLE OF LADIES' SHOES.

"The French Opera" "The Arch Opera." "The American Lady." "The Medium Common Sense." All made on Button in the [illegible] Opera [illegible] Opera [illegible] Common Sense [illegible].

Consumers should remember that W. L. DOUGLAS is the largest and only Shoe manufacturer in the world, supplying shoes direct from factory, thus saving all the middlemen's profits to the wearer.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

For Sale by WIBERG & HOLLABAUGH.

HAYWARDS, Cal., May 24, 1889.

The Parke & Lacy Machinery Company:

Gentlemen—In answering your request for a statement as to the [illegible] of the Westinghouse "Compound" Engine, as compared with our other engines, we would state that our plant consisted of an Atlas "Automatic" Engine, 11x16," and a Brush Dynamo, running 22 2000-C. P. Arc Lights and 90 16-C. P. Incandescent Lamps. The coal consumed during a run of six hours averaged 1830 pounds of "Seattle Nut." We replaced said engine with a Westinghouse "Compound" Automatic, size "10 and 16," and consumed, on an average, 1000 pounds of the same kind of coal in the same time